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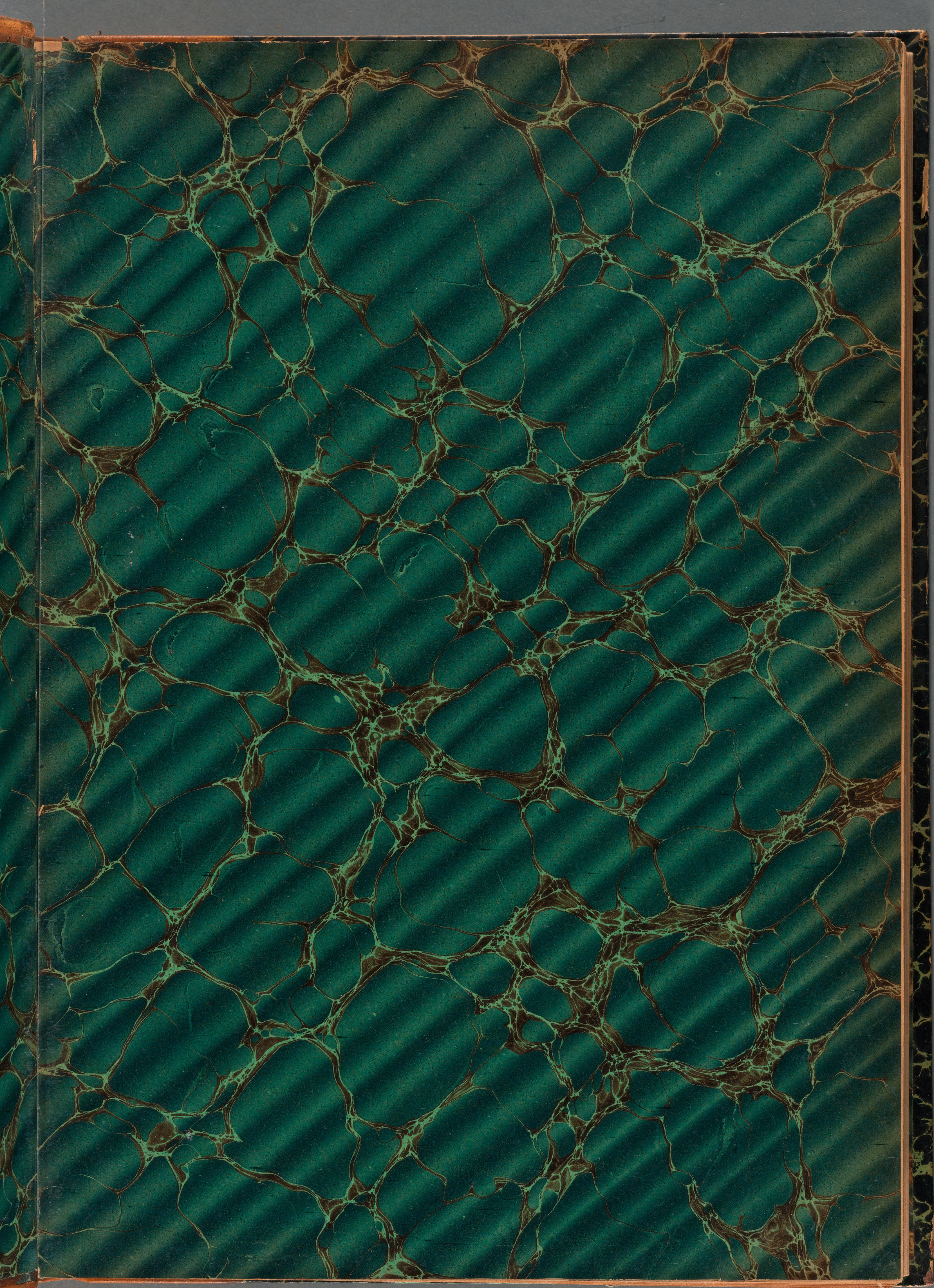
FRANCIS SKINNER
OF DEDHAM

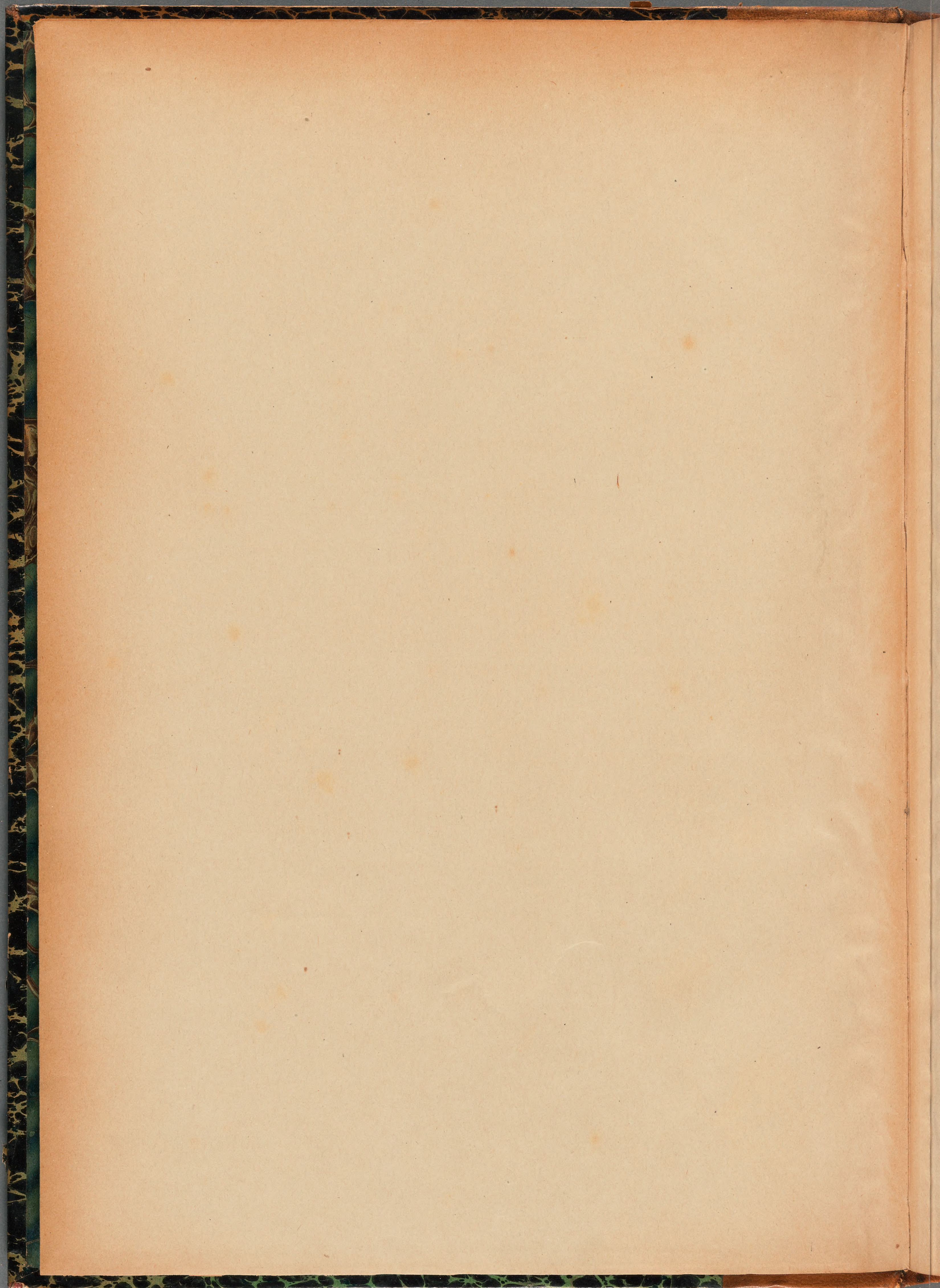
IN MEMORY OF

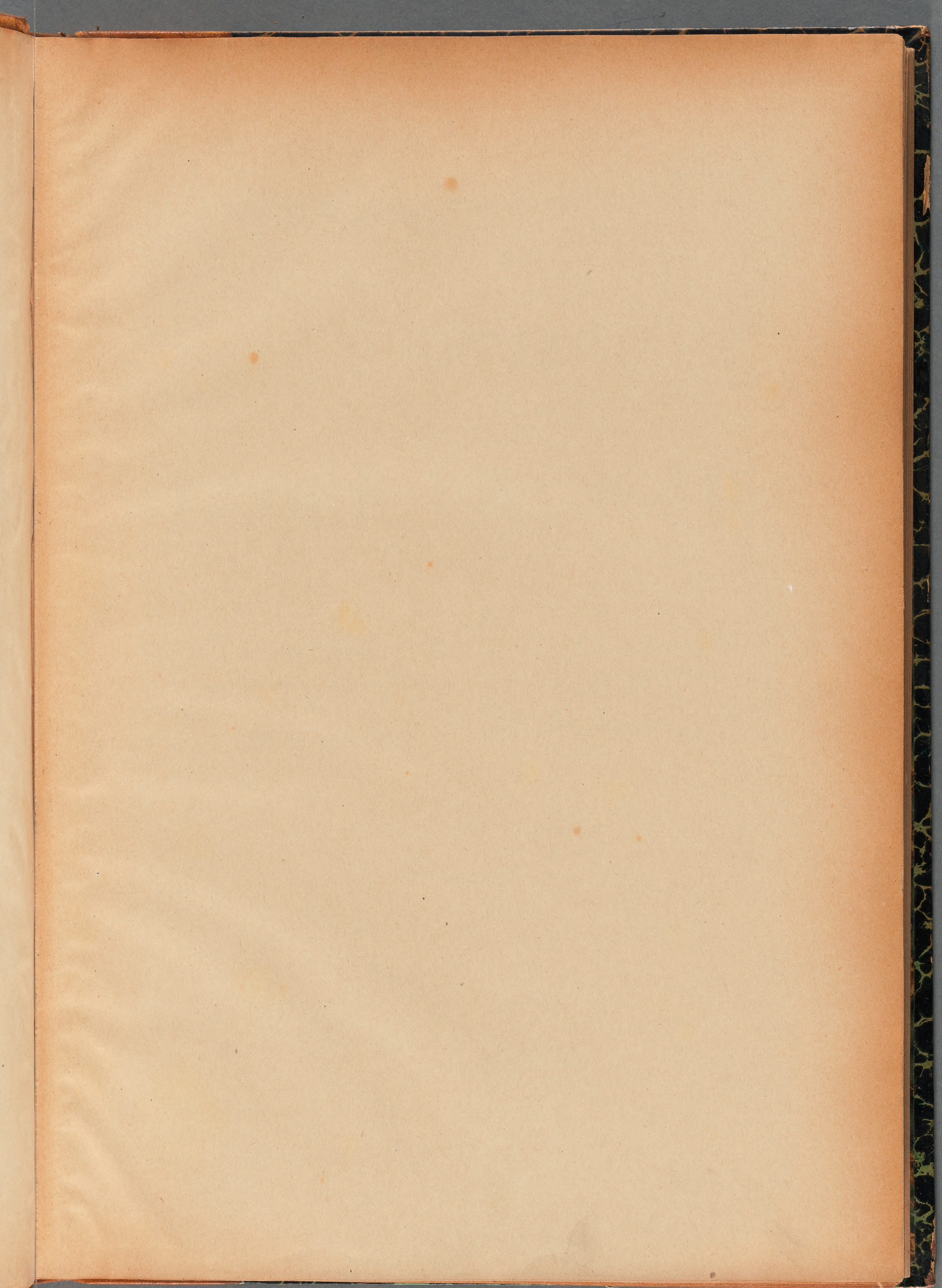
FRANCIS SKINNER

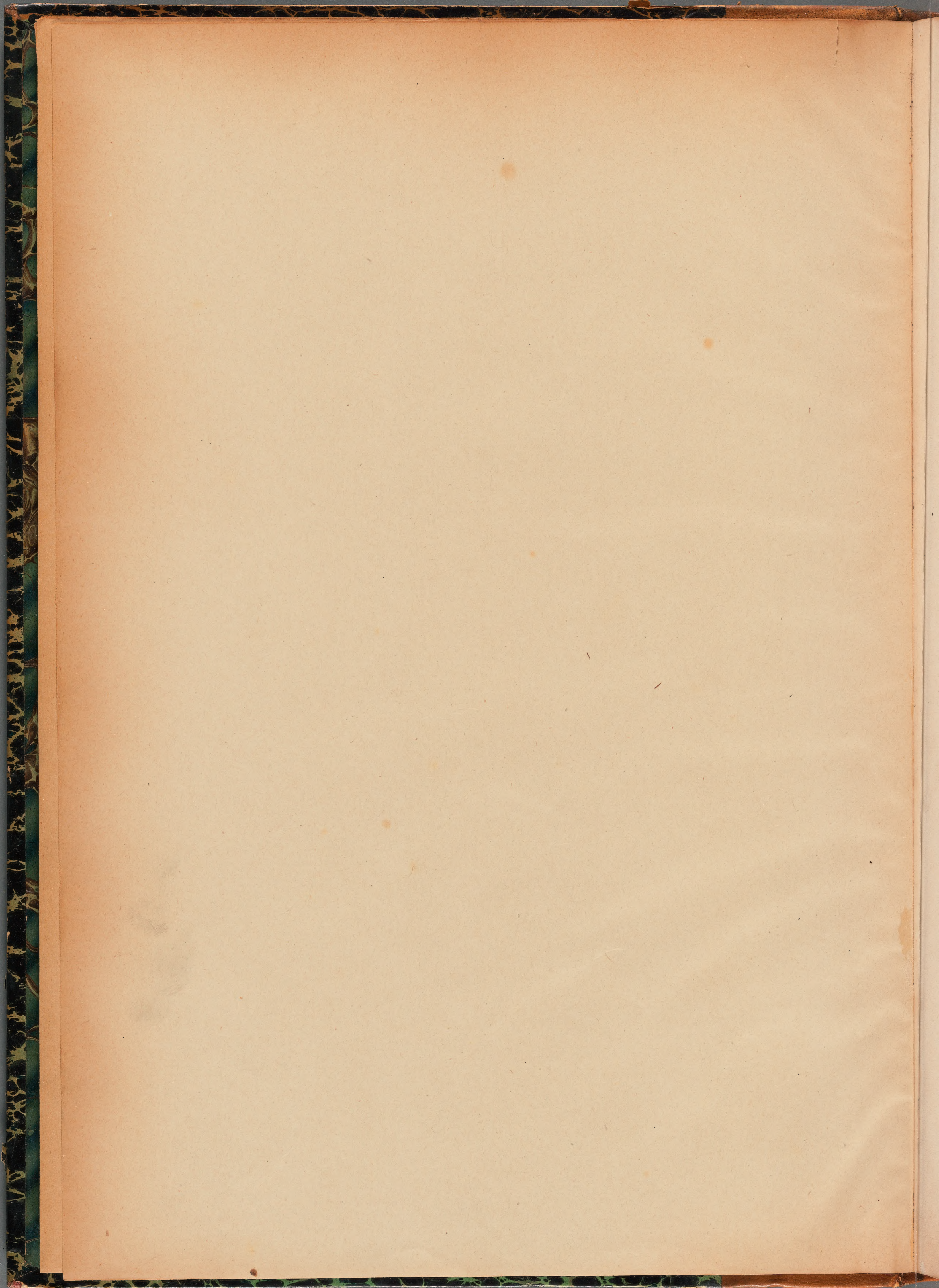
(H. C. 1862)

Received Jan. 1910.









3
PROCÉDÉ DE REPRODUCTION DIT PHYTOXYGRAPHIQUE.

HERBIER
DE LA
FLORE FRANÇAISE

PAR

M. L. CUSIN,

AIDE-NATURALISTE AU JARDIN BOTANIQUE DE LYON.

M. E. ANSBERQUE,

VÉTÉRINAIRE MILITAIRE.

Publié sous le patronage du Service du Parc et des Jardins de la ville de Lyon.

LYON

1869.

HARVARD UNIVERSITY
ARNOLD ARBORETUM

Famille 7^e — CAPPARIDÉES.

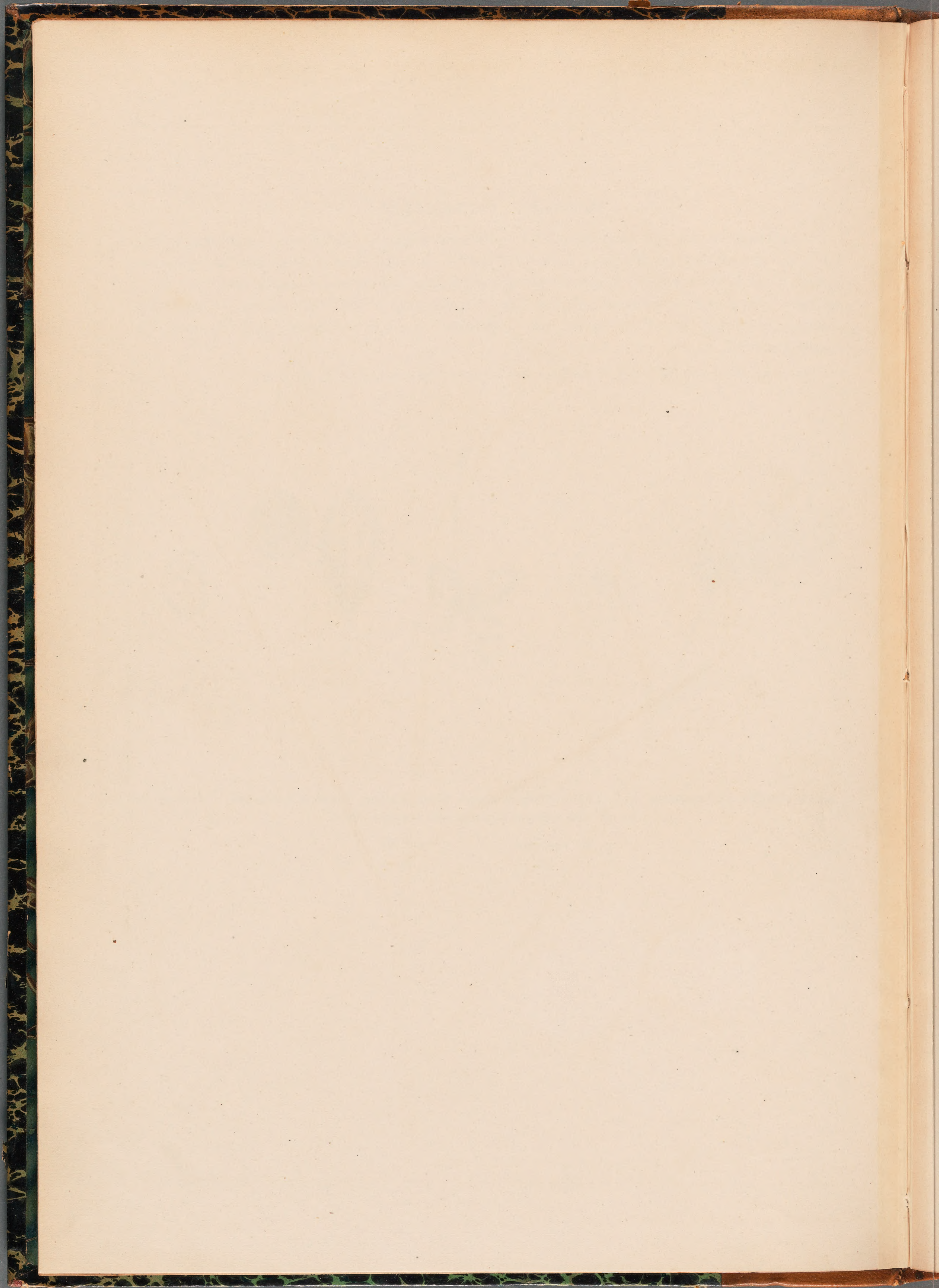
Fleurs régulières ou peu irrégulières. Calice, ordinairement à 4 sépales libres ou presque libres, les extérieurs enveloppant les deux intérieurs. Corolle, ordinairement à 4 pétales libres, hypogynes, à préfloraison tordue. Etamines presque périgynes, ordinairement multisériées par 4; à anthères biloculaires et introrses. Capitel libre, longuement stipité, uniloculaire, à placentas pariétaux, déhiscent par deux valves ou indéhiscent. Graines réniformes, sans albumen, à embryon courbé.

Plantes herbacées ou ligneuses; à feuilles ordinairement alternes, souvent stipulées.



GENRE UNIQUE. — **Capparis**. L. — 4 sépales libres ou presque libres. 4 pétales. Etamines nombreuses, insérées sur un thalame hémisphérique. Capitel en baie, à stigmate sessile.

C. spinosa. L. pl. 427.





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Famille 8^e. — CISTINÉES.

Fleurs régulières. Calice, à 3 sépales libres, souvent accompagnés de 2 bractéoles. Corolle à 5 pétales hypogynes, libres, caducs, à préfloraison contournée en sens inverse des sépales. Etamines nombreuses, à anthères biloculaires. Capitell libre, uniloculaire, à placentas pariétaux, sans cloisons ou à demi-cloisons, s'ouvrant par des valves qui portent leur placenta sur le milieu. Graines à long funicule, albuminées, à embryon courbé ou roulé en spirale.

Plantes herbacées ou ligneuses, à feuilles alternes ou opposées, stipulées ou sans stipules.



1^{er} GENRE. — **Cistus**. Tourn. — Calice nu ou avec 2 bractéoles. Etamines toutes fertiles. Capitell à 5-10, rarement 3-6 loges incomplètes; à style droit, dressé. Graines sans raphé, à embryon roulé en spirale. Pédicelle toujours dressé. Feuilles sans stipules,

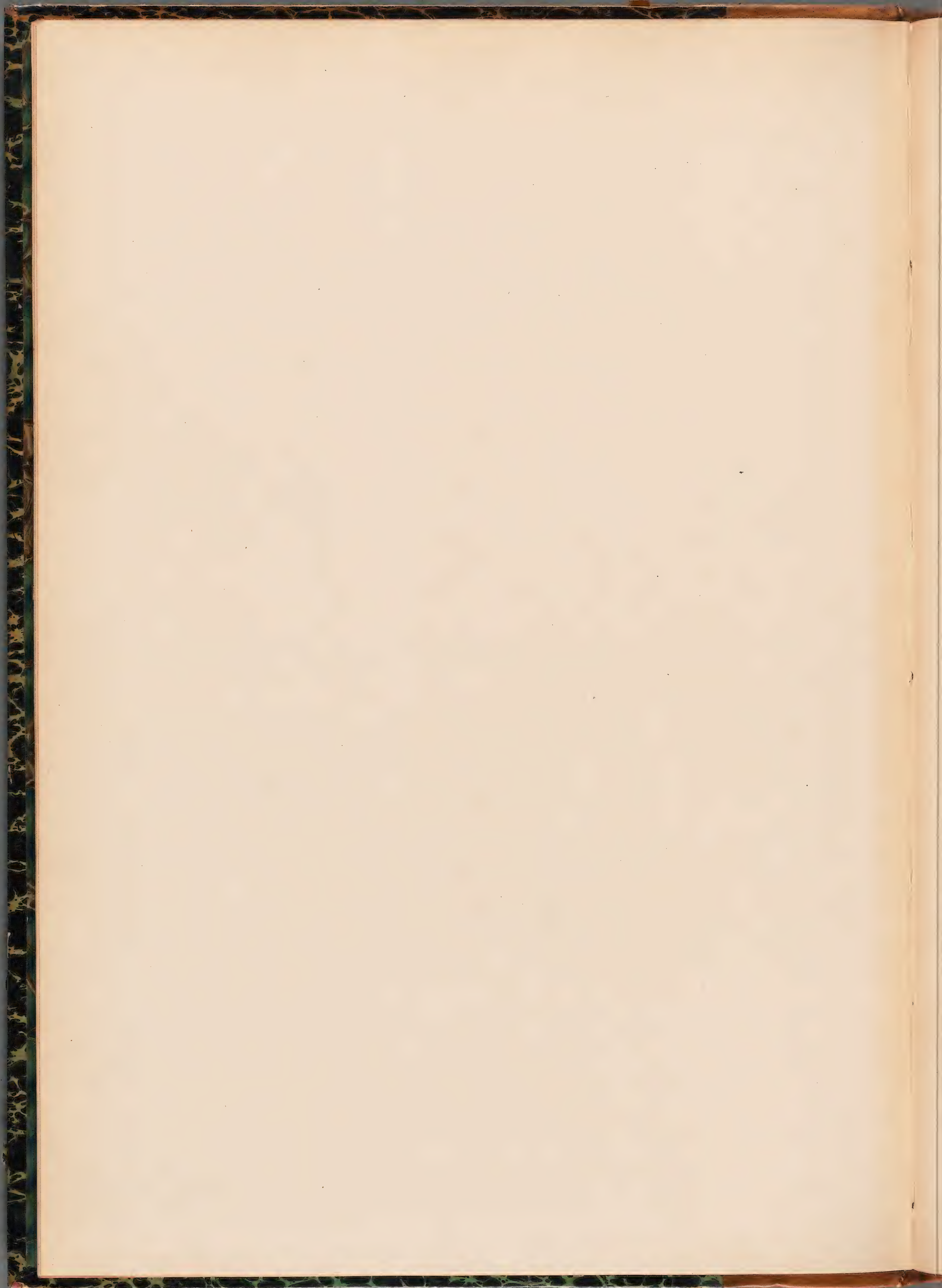
C. umbellatus . L. pl. 428	C. albidus . L. pl. 436	C. populifolius . L. pl. 442
C. alyssoides . Lamk. 429	C. alb^o-crispus . Delil. 437	C. hirsutus . Lamk. 443
C. halimifolius . L. 430	C. crispus . L. 438	C. longifolius . Lamk. 444
C. laurifolius . L. 431	C. Pouzolzii . Delil. 439	C. Ledon . Lamk. 445
C. incanus . L. 433-434	C. salviæfolius . L. 440	C. monspellensis . L. 446
C. incano-albidus . Nob. ... 435	C. corbariensis . Pourr. ... 441	C. salviæfolie-monspel . Req. 447

2^e GENRE. — **Helianthemum**. Tourn. — Calice avec 2 bractéoles. Etamines toutes fertiles. Capitell à 1 ou à 3 loges incomplètes; à 3 valves; à style grêle, ascendant, infléchi au sommet. Graines sans raphé, à embryon non enroulé. Pédicelle ordinairement courbé après la floraison. Feuilles ordinairement stipulées.

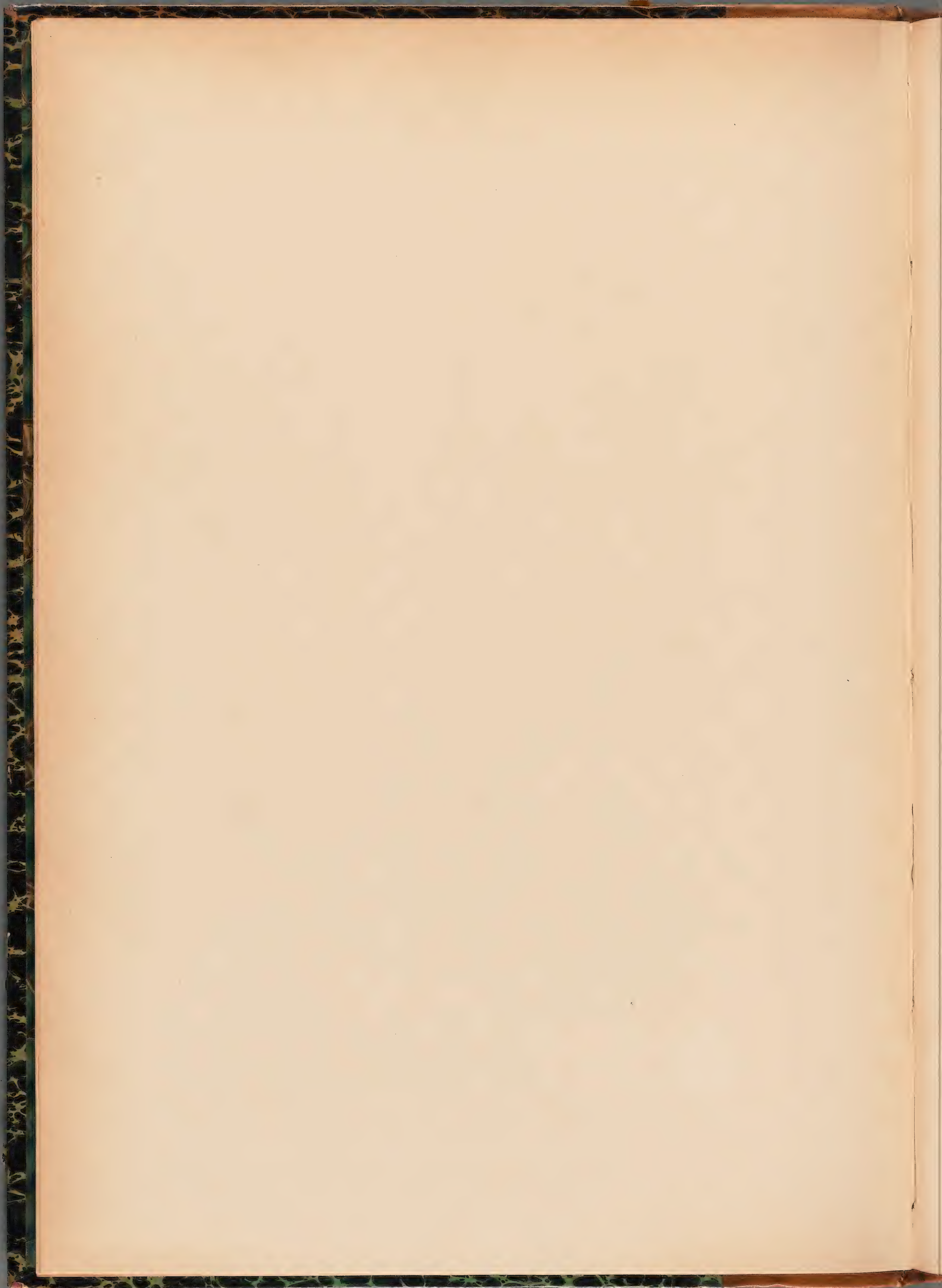
H. niloticum . Pers. pl. 448	H. vulgare . Gertn. pl. 453-458	H. canum . Dun. pl. 467-468
H. salicifolium . Pers. 449	H. polifolium . D. C. ... 459-461	H. marifolium . L. 469-470
H. intermedium . Thib. 450	H. pilosum . Pers. 462	H. guttatum . Mill. 471-472
H. lavandulæfolium . D. C. 451	H. italicum . Pers. 463-465	H. Tuberaria . Mill. ... 473
H. hirtum . Pers. 452	H. penicillatum . Thib. ... 466	

3^e GENRE. — **Fumana**. Spach. — Calice avec bractéoles. Etamines extérieures stériles, à filets grêles, en chapelet. Capitell à 3 loges incomplètes et 3 valves. Graines à raphé, à embryon non enroulé. Feuilles sans stipules.

F. procumbens . G. G. . pl. 473-476	F. laevipes . Spach. pl. 477	F. viscida . Spach. pl. 478-479
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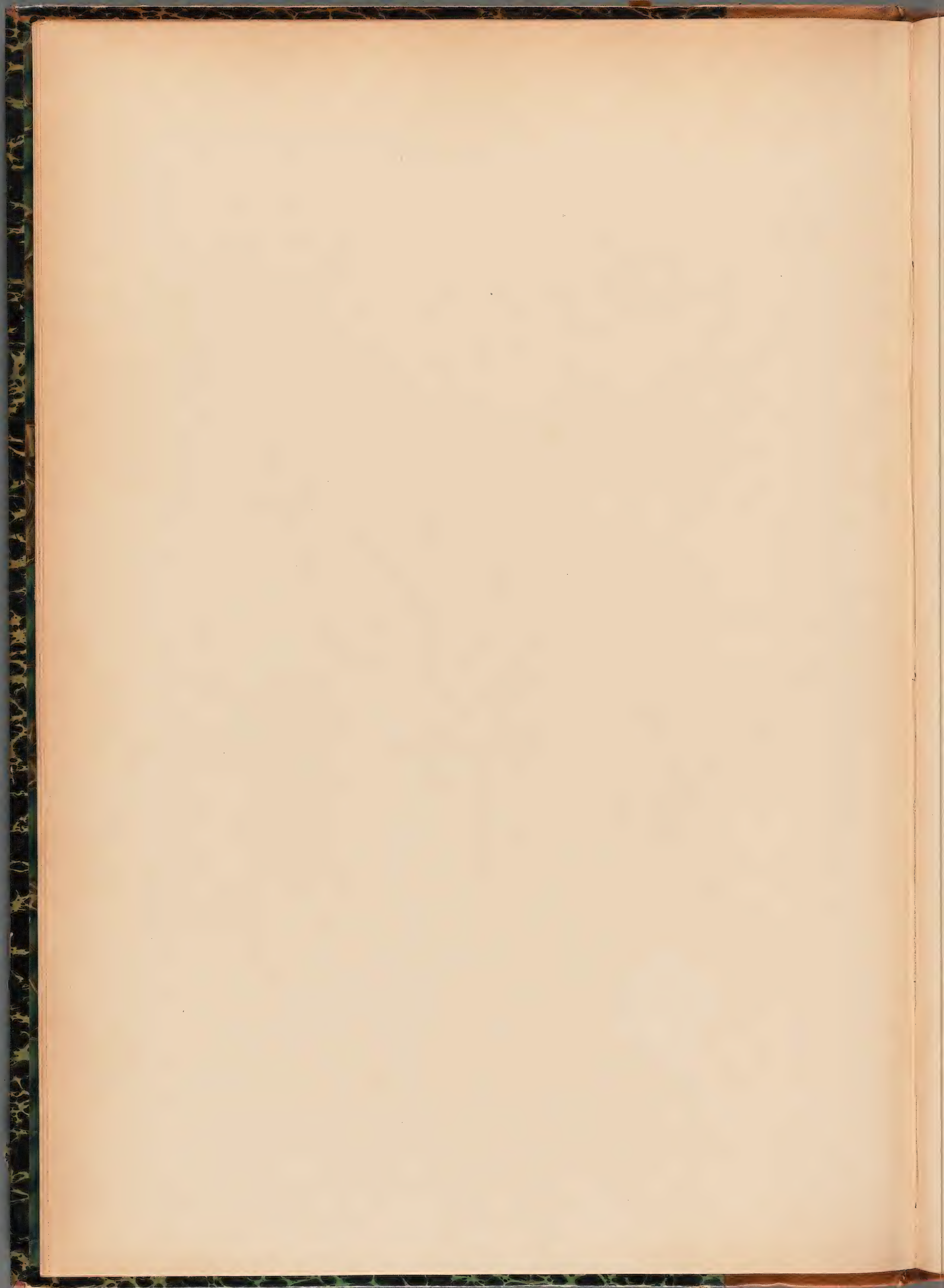






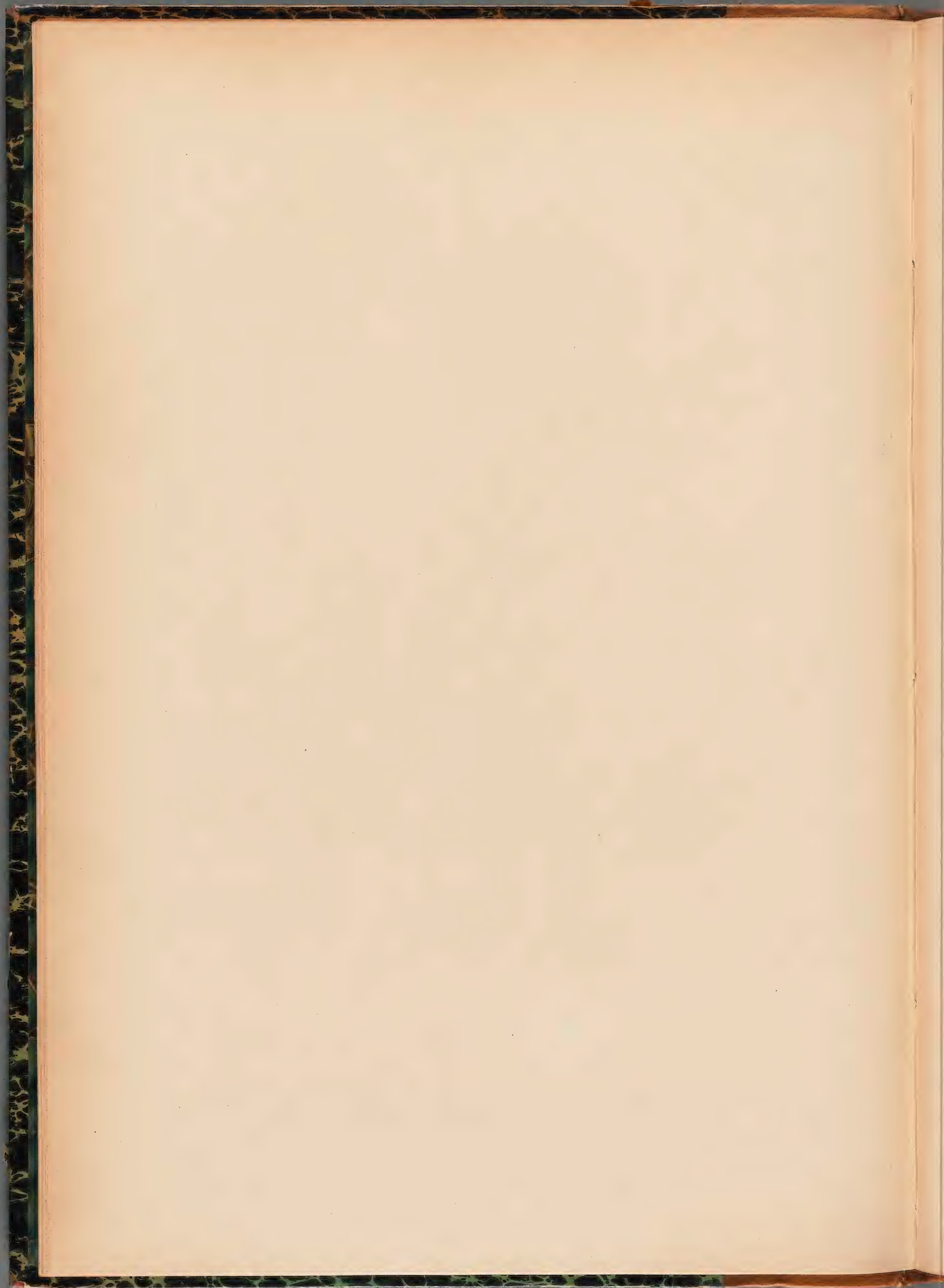


CISTUS ALYSSOIDES. LAMK. ♂

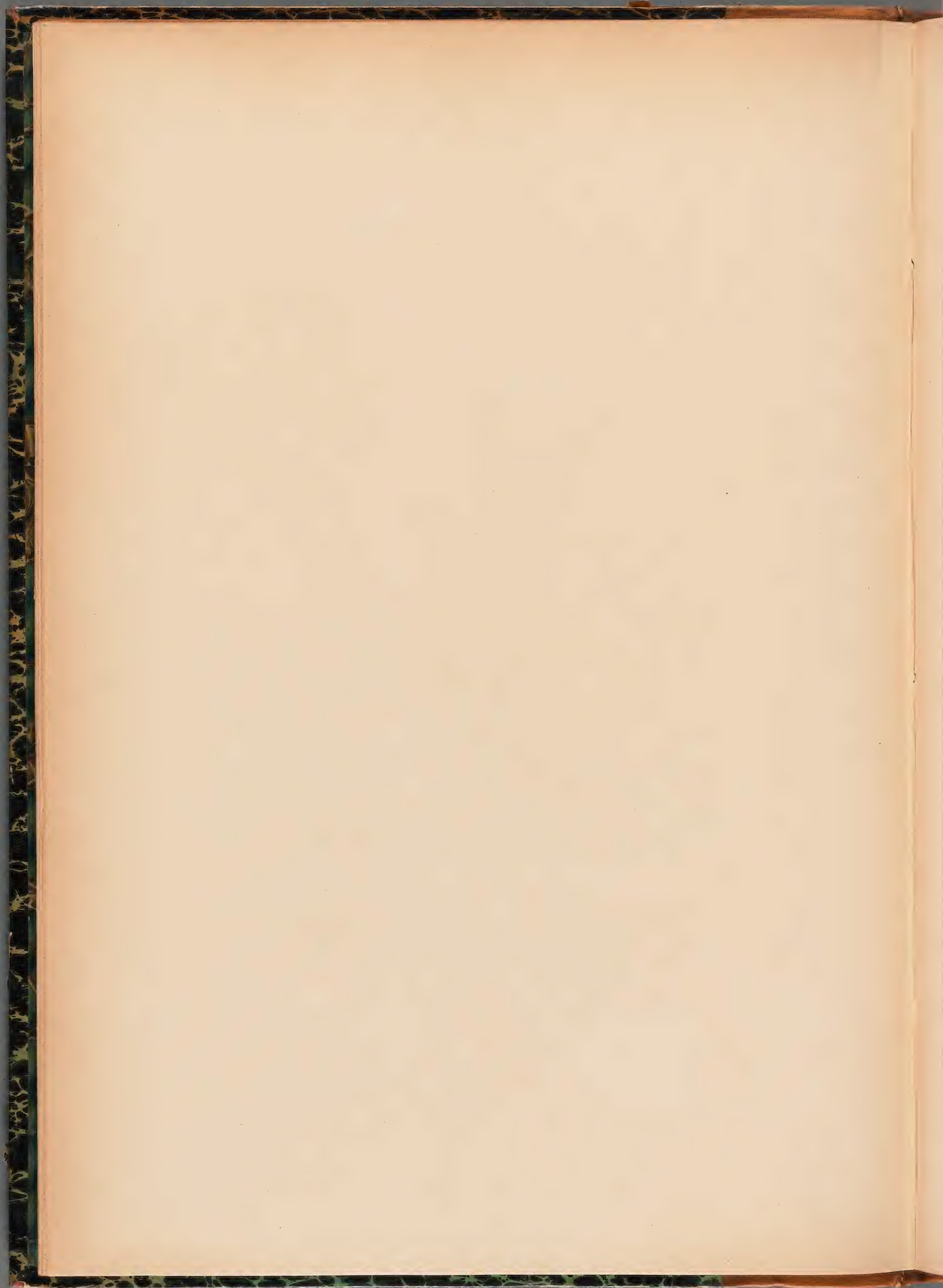




CISTUS HALIMIFOLIUS. L. 5

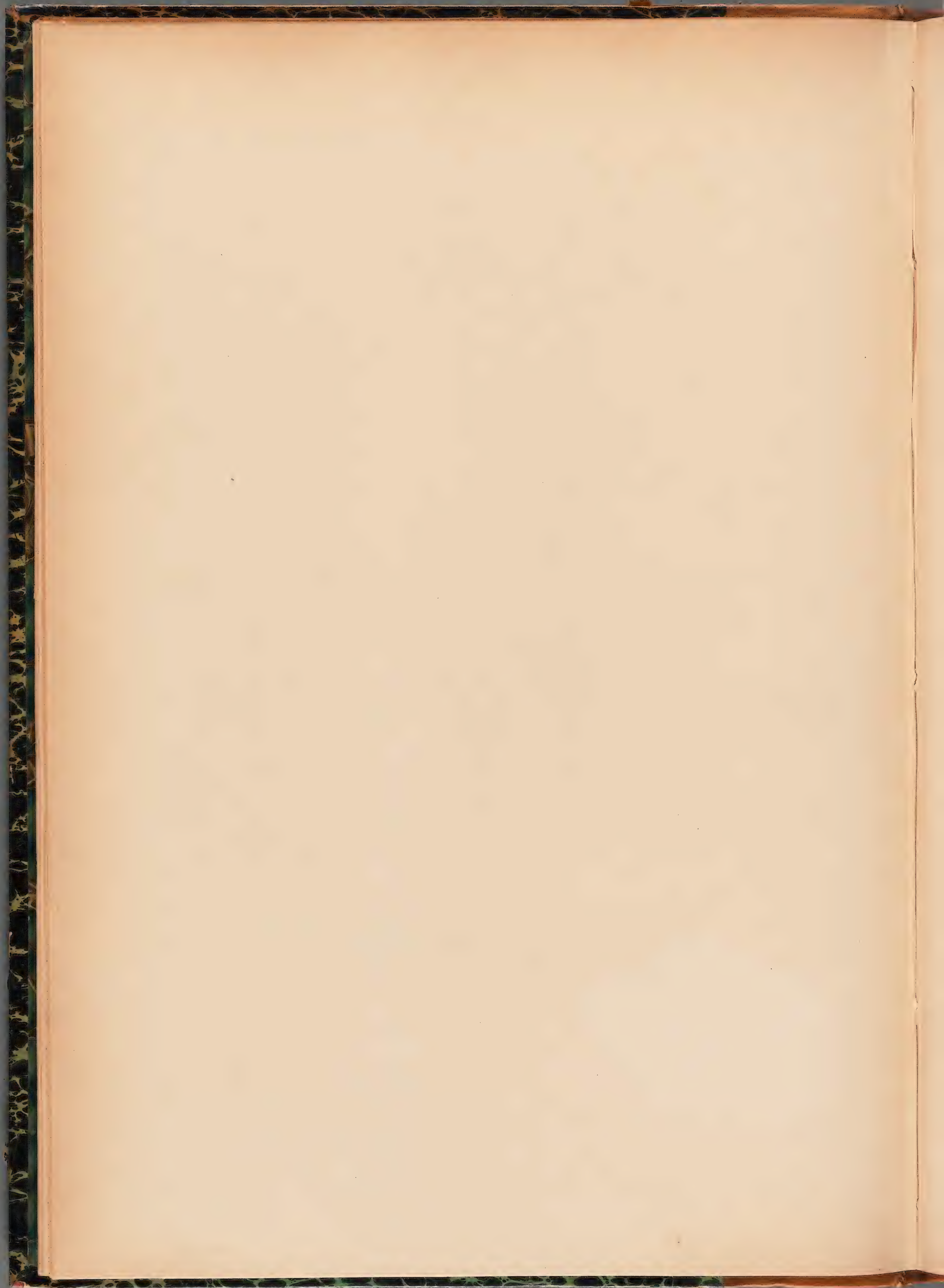






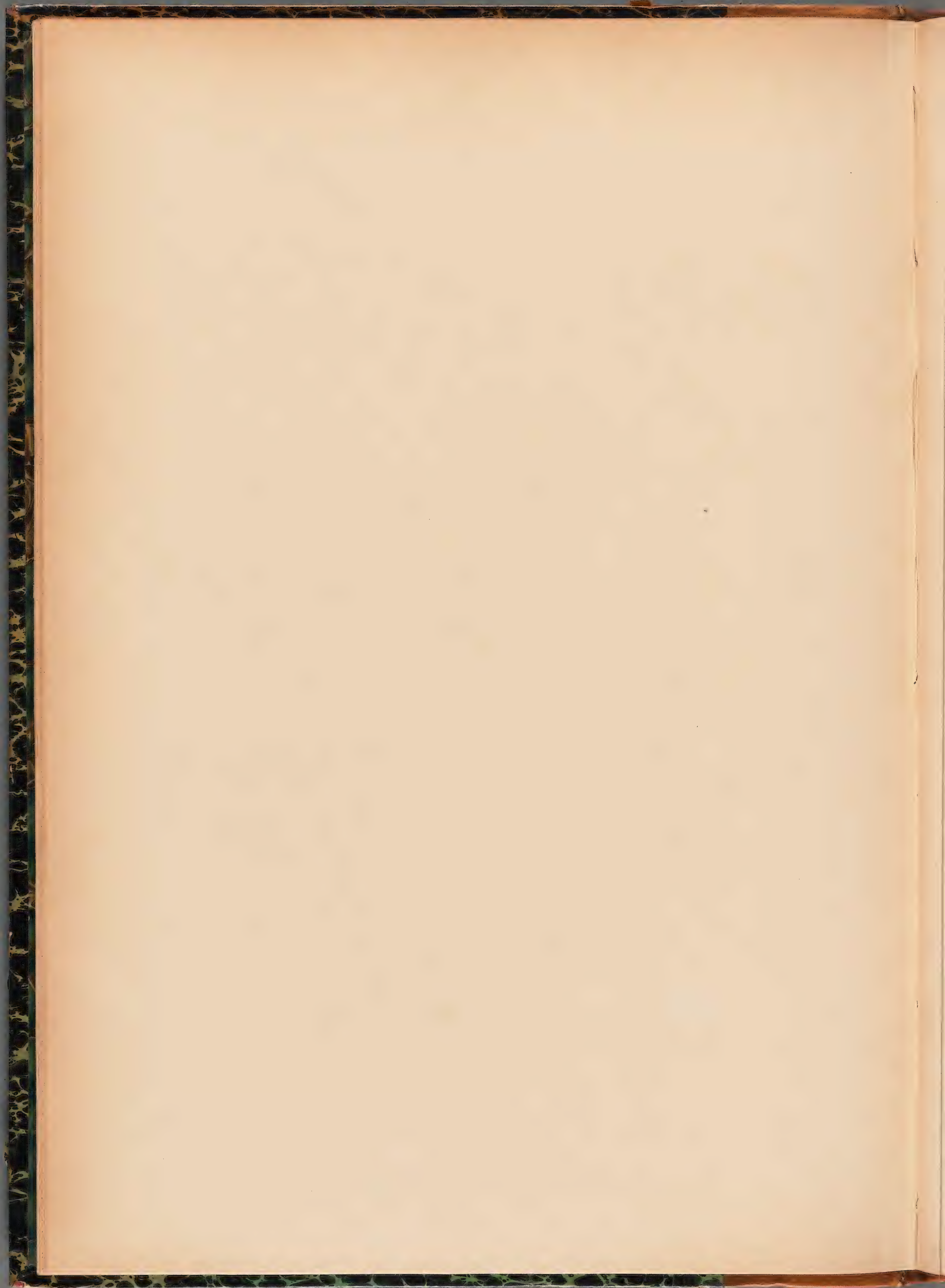


CISTUS LADANIFERUS. L. 5



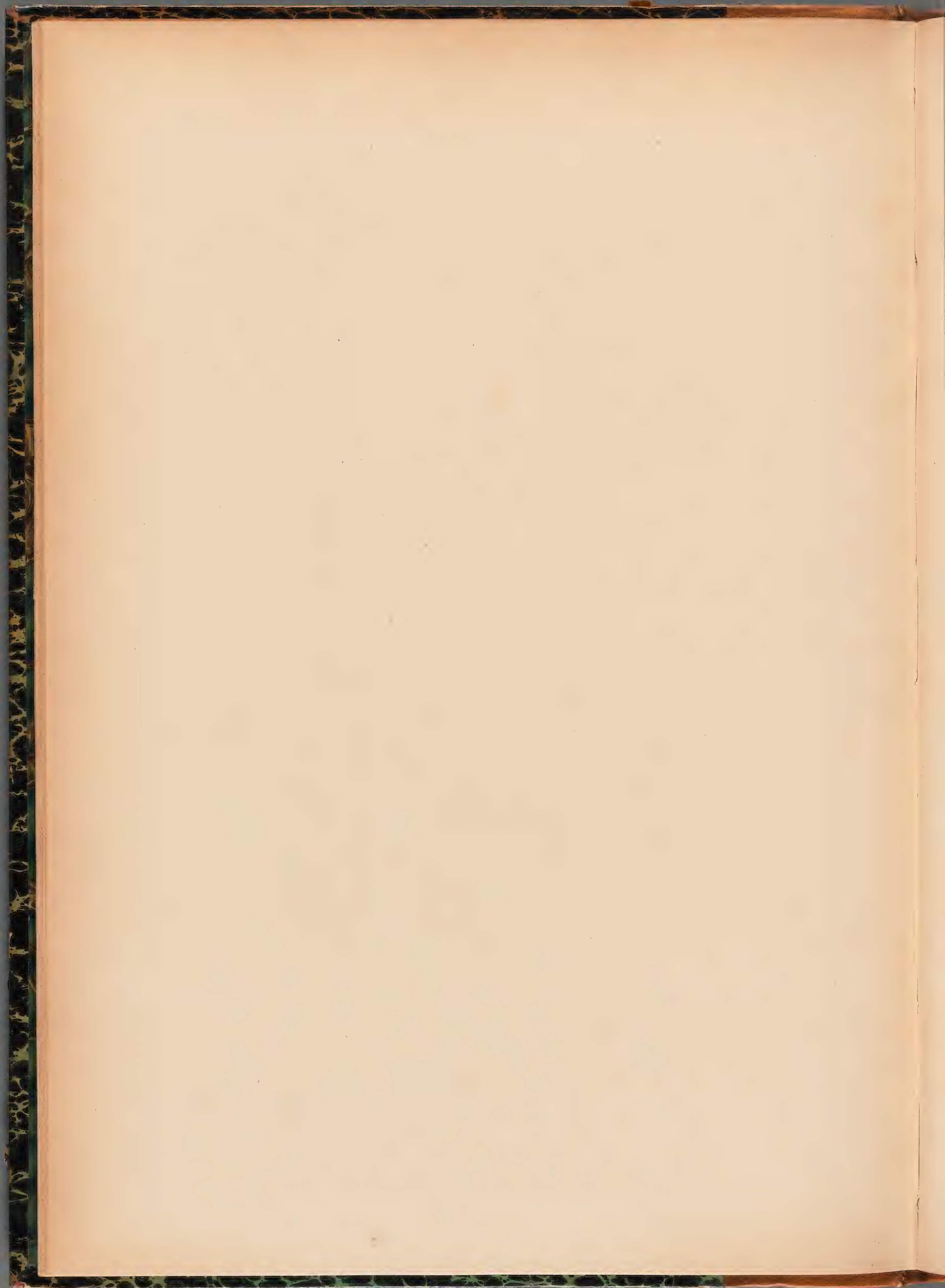


CISTUS INCANUS. L 5



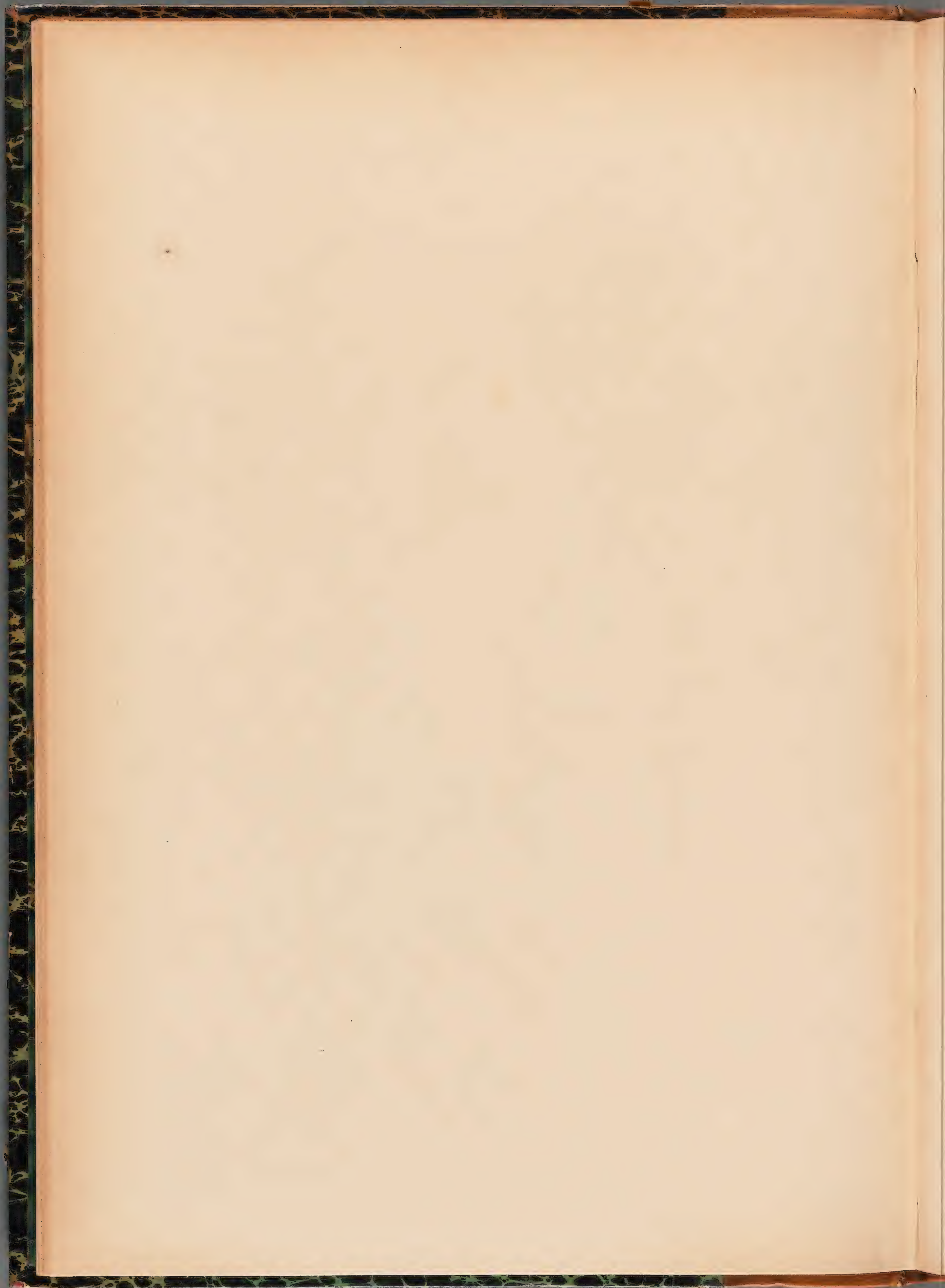


CISTUS INCANUS. L. ♂ Var. corsicus.



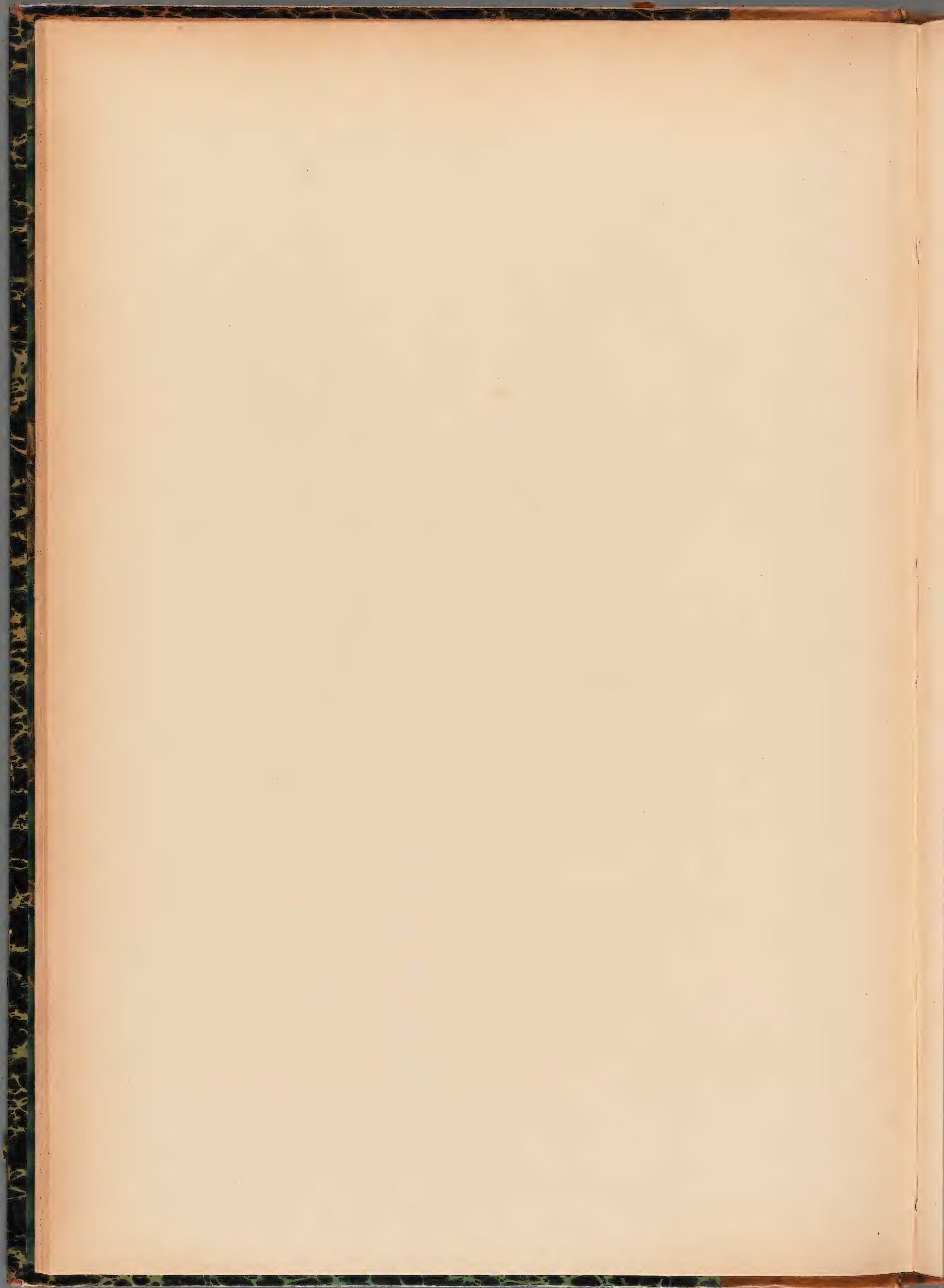


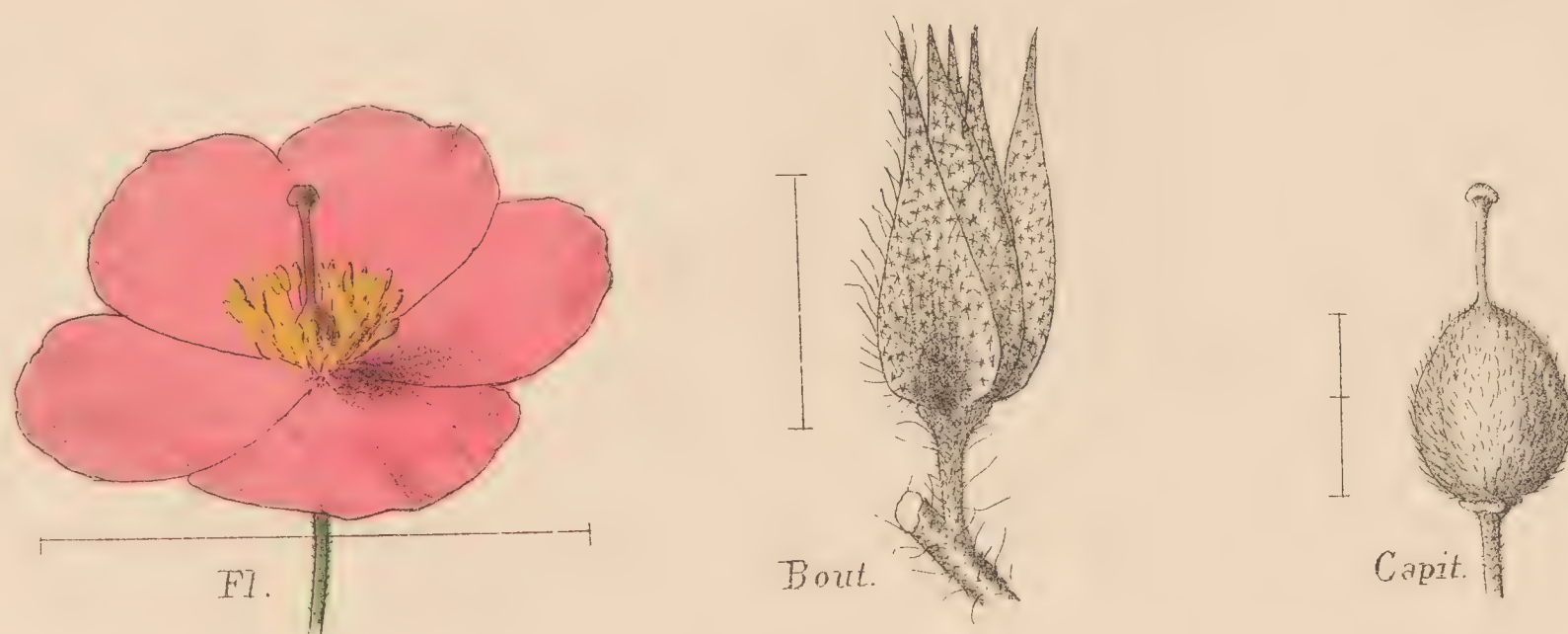
CISTUS INCANO-ALBIDUS. NOB. 5



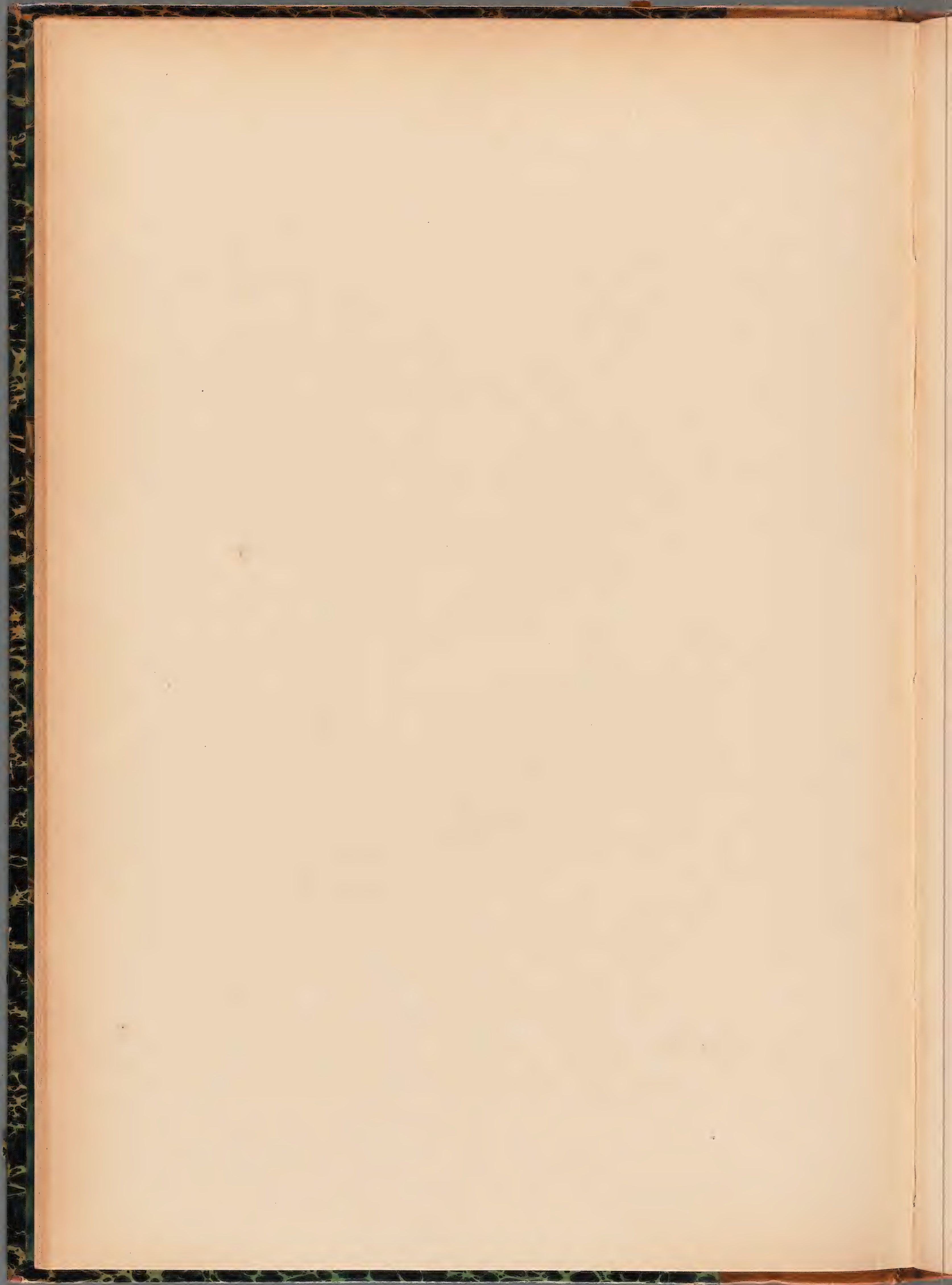


CISTUS ALBIDUS. L. 5



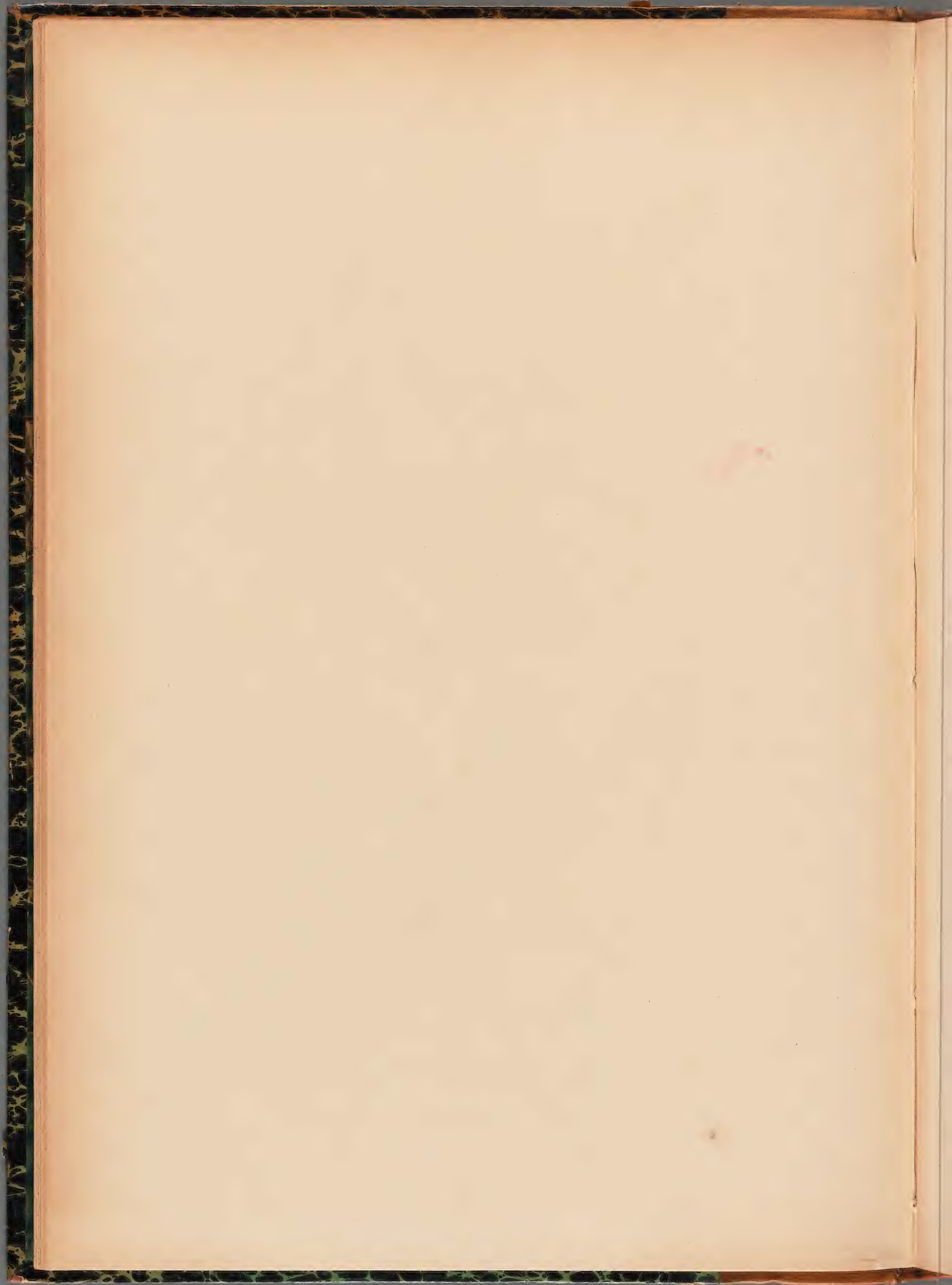


CISTUS ALBIDO-CRISPUS. DELIL. 5



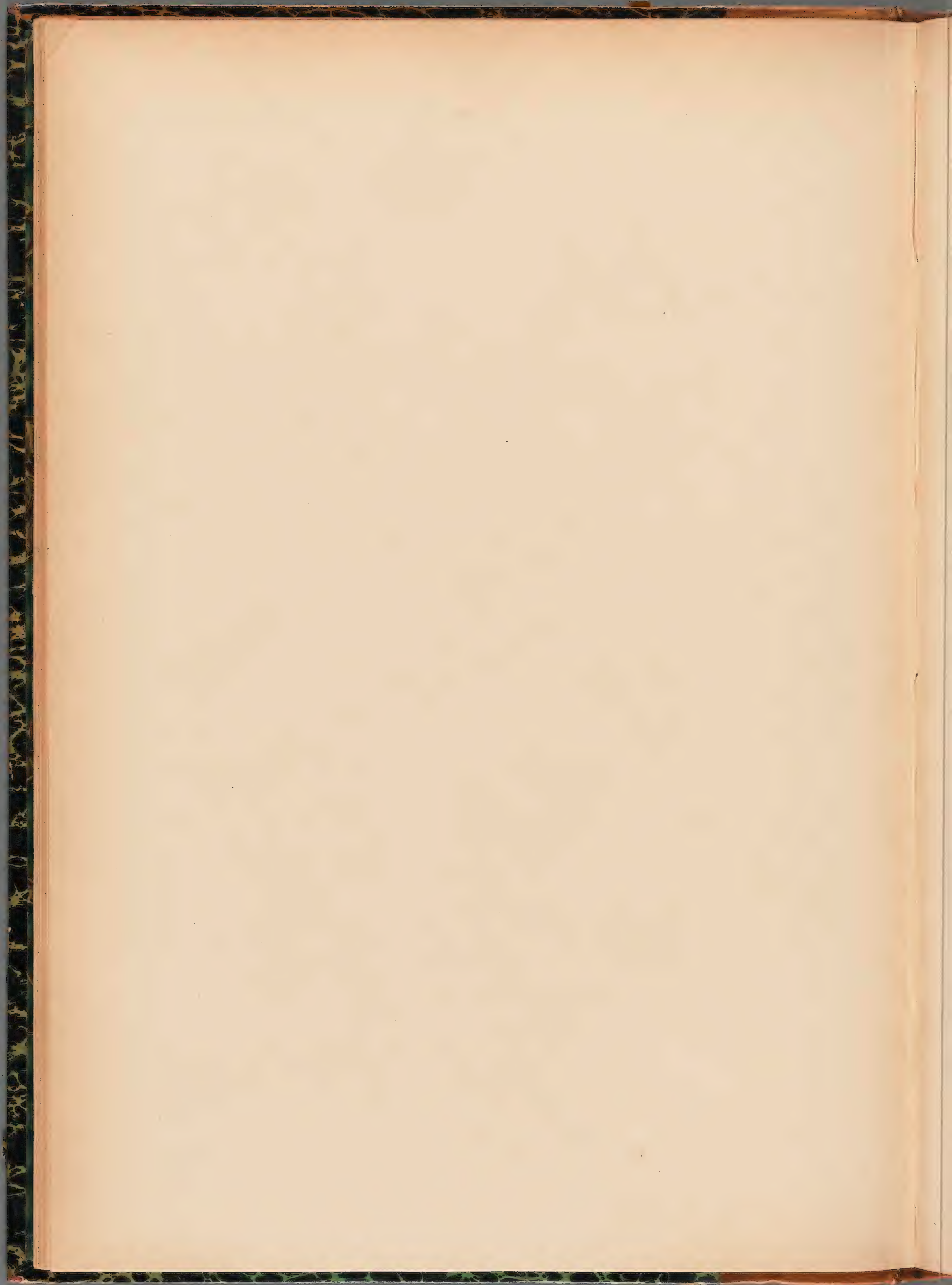


CISTUS CRISPUS. L. 5

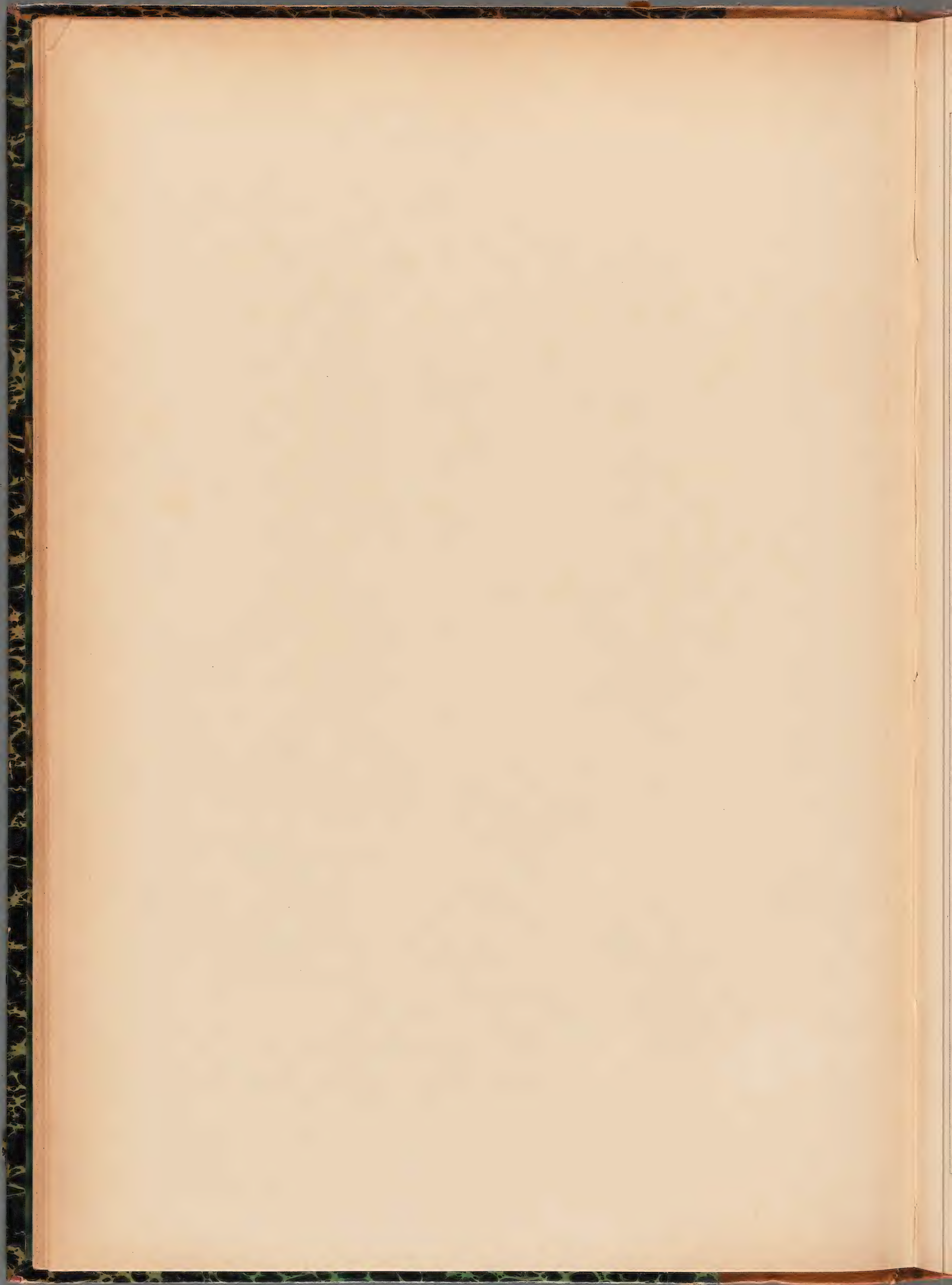


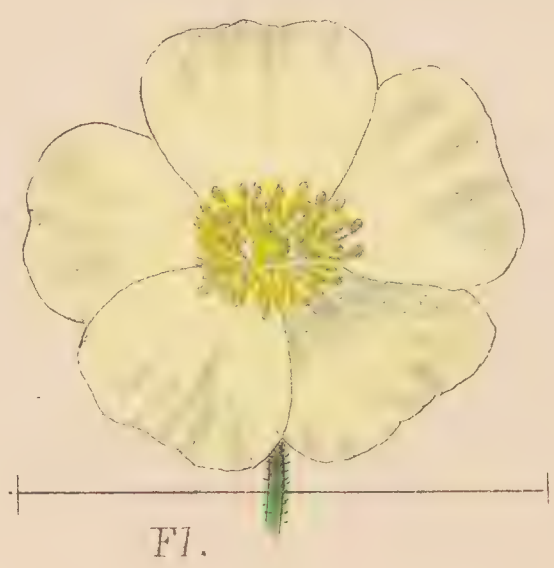


CISTUS POUZOLZII. DELIL. 3

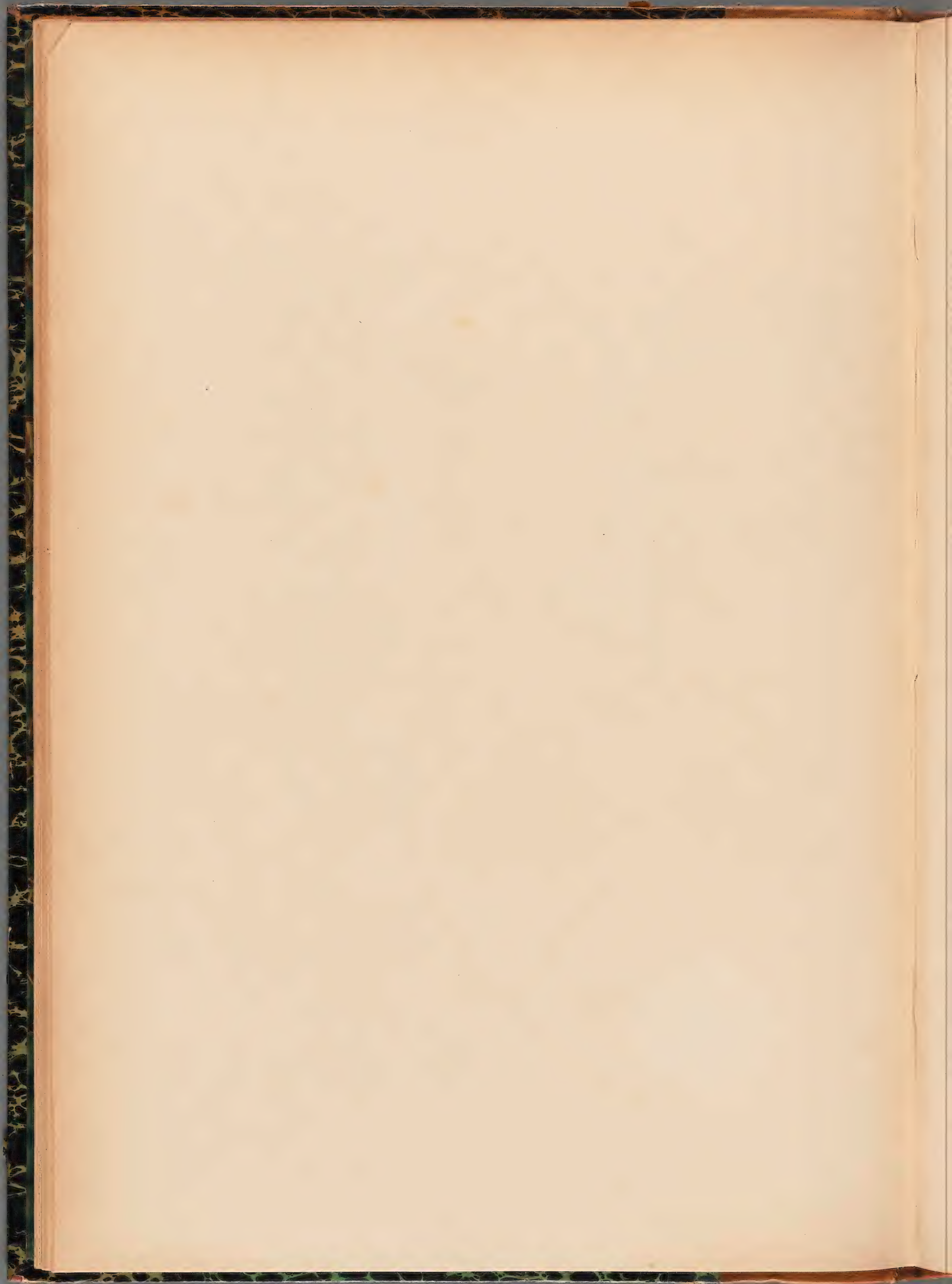




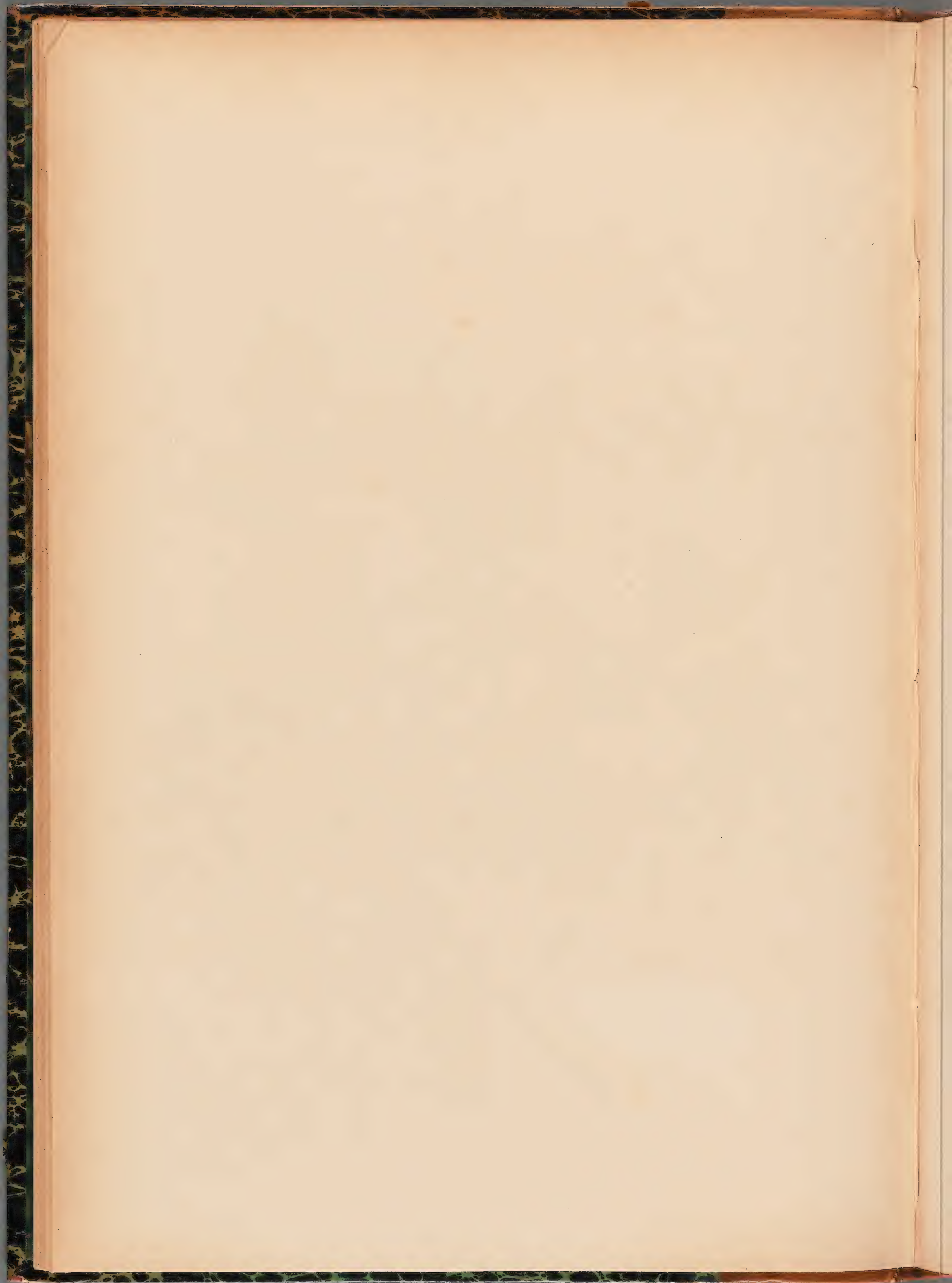




CISTUS CORBARIENSIS. POURR. 5

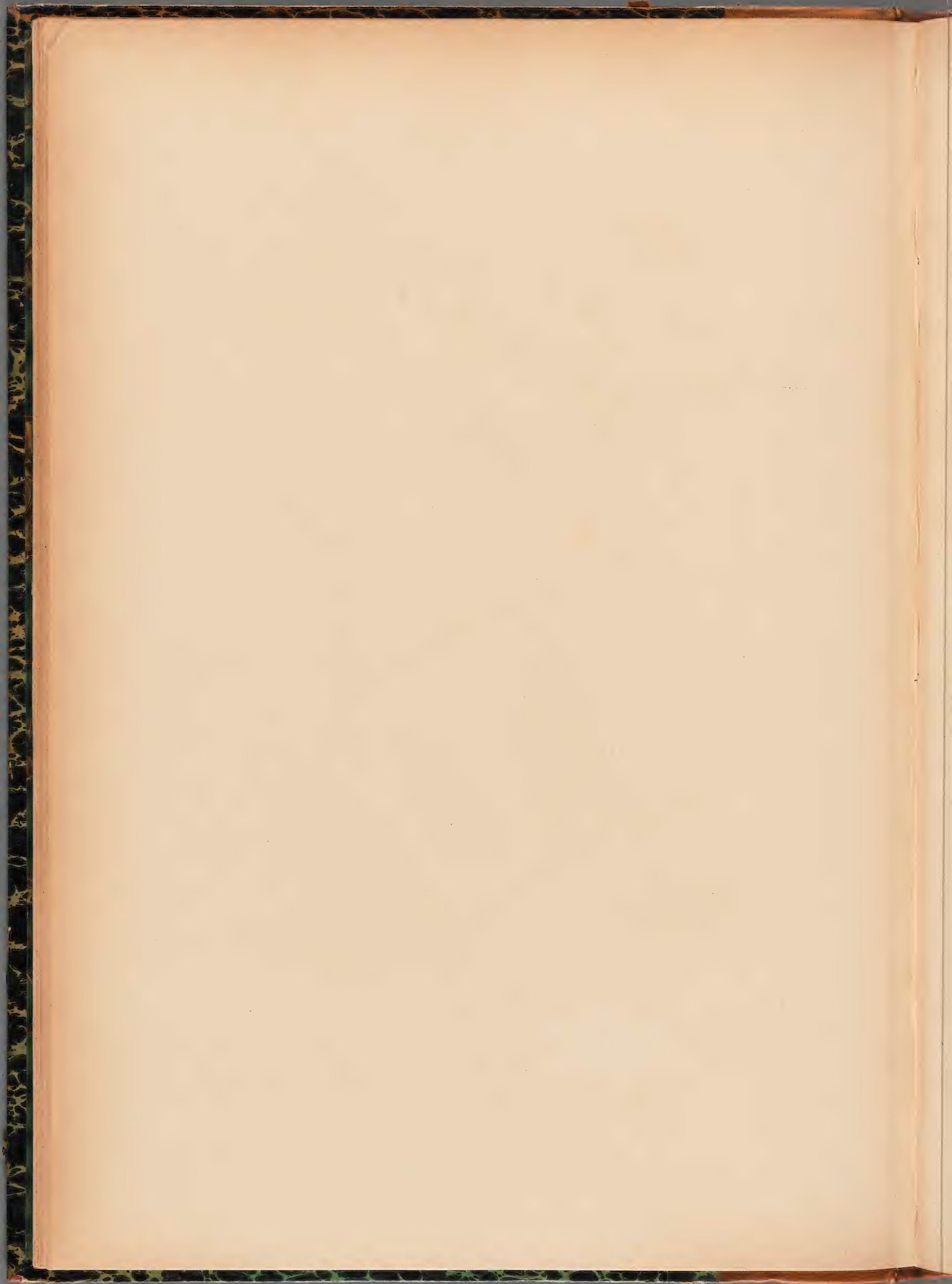






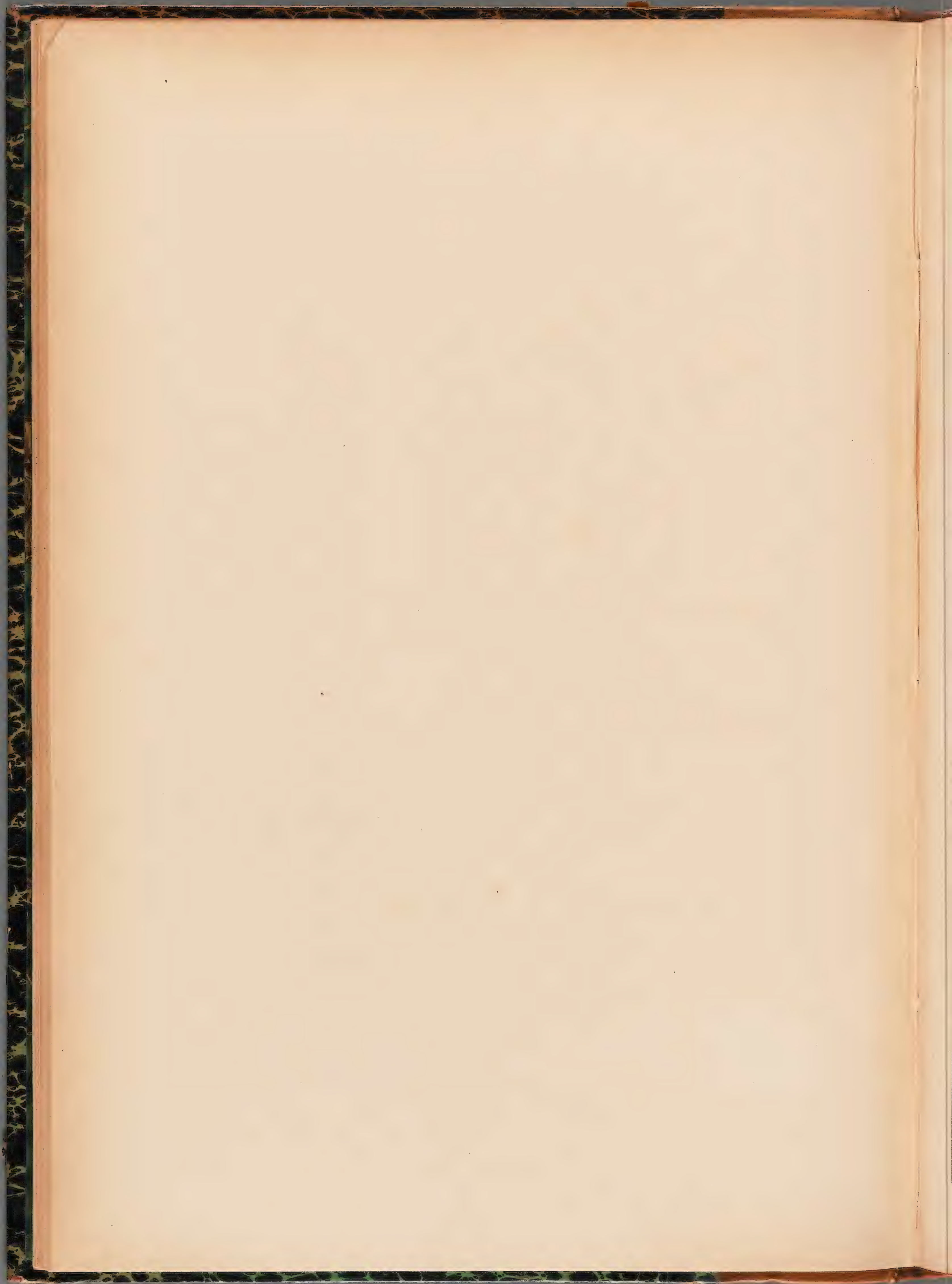


CISTUS HIRSUTUS. LAMK. ♂



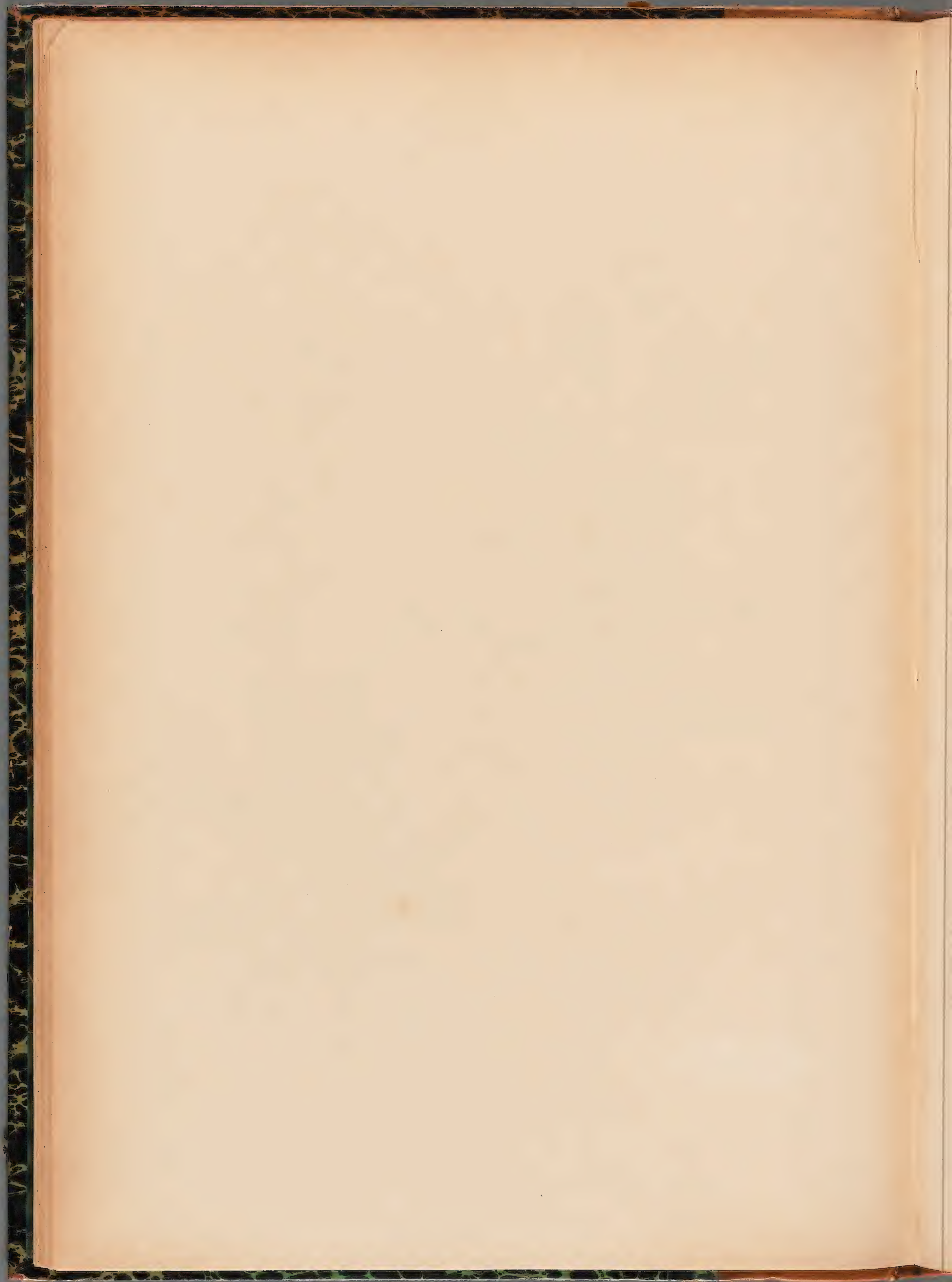


CISTUS LONGIFOLIUS. LAMK. 5



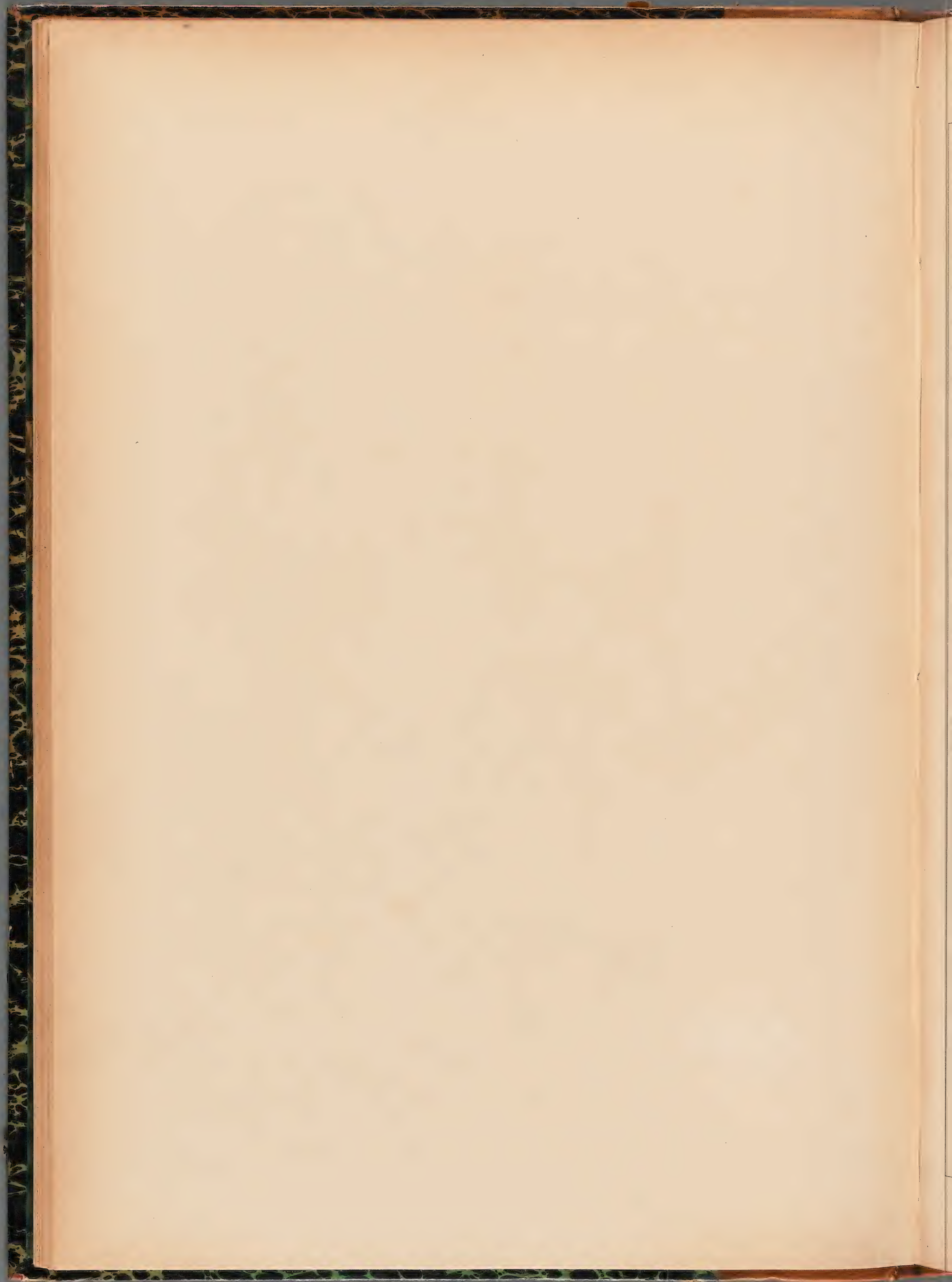


CISTUS LEDON. LAMK. ♂





CISTUS MONSPELIENSIS. L. 5

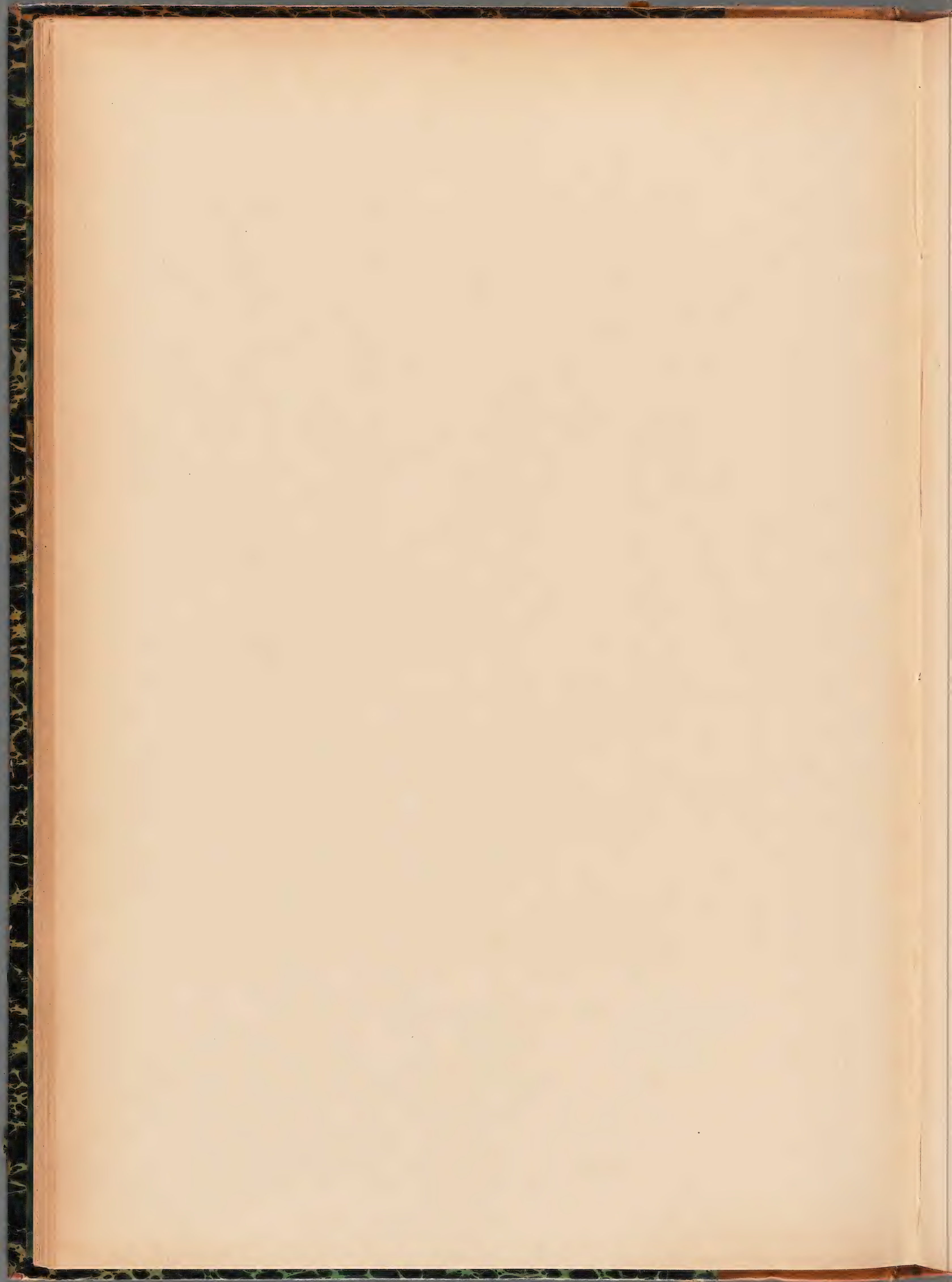




CISTUS SALVIFOLIO - MONSPELIENSIS. REQ. 5

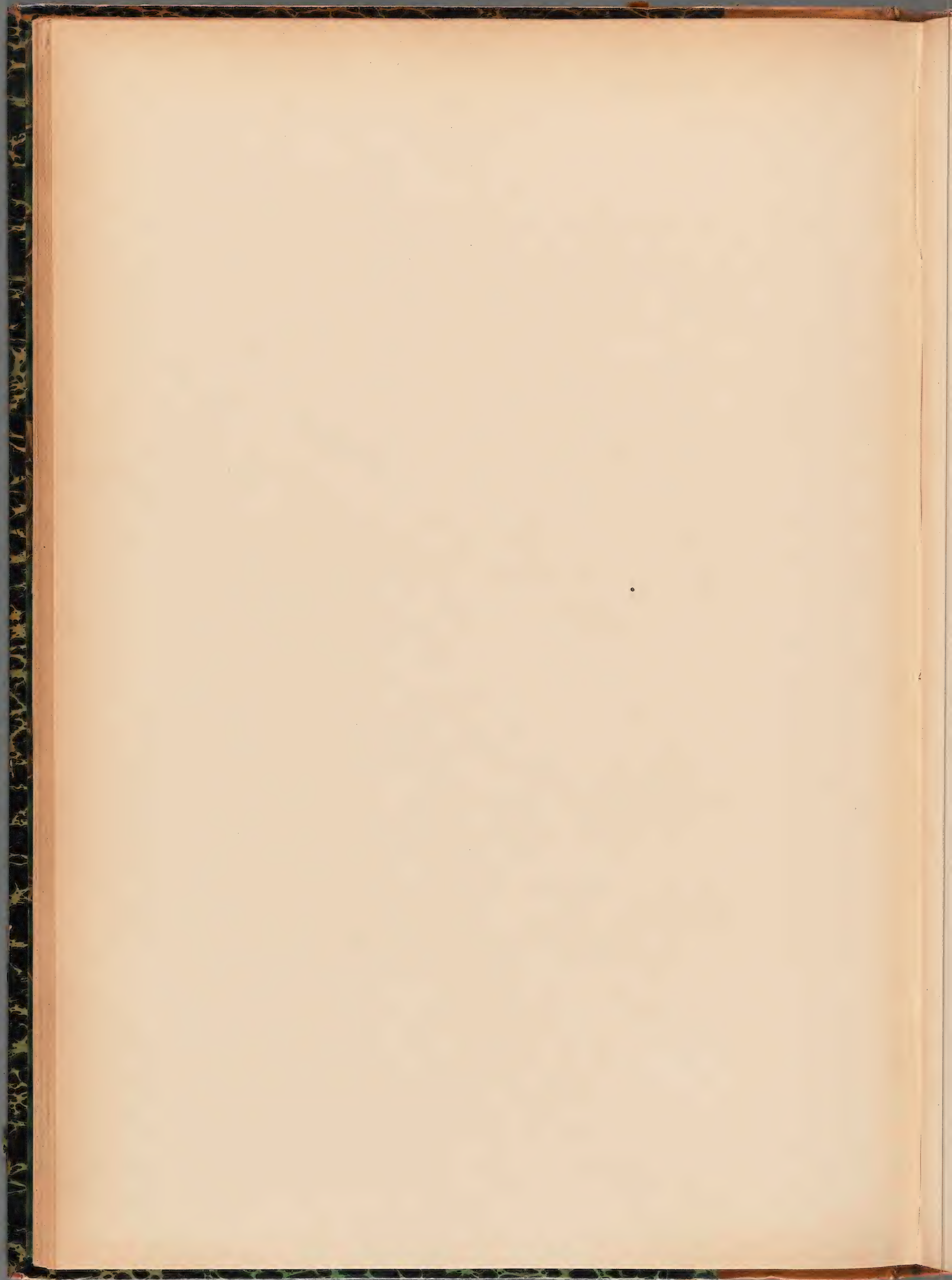
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1888





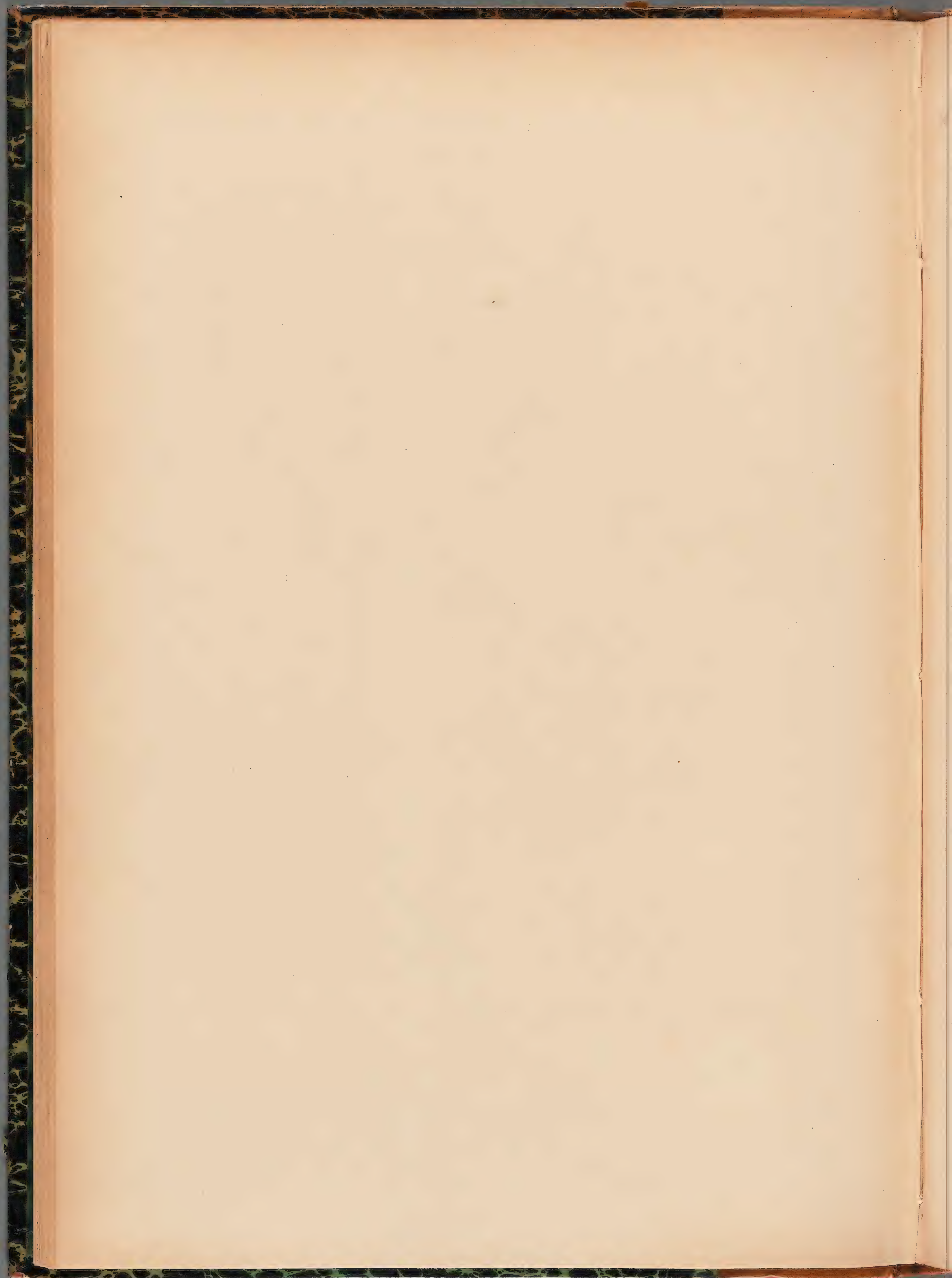


HELIANTHEMUM SALICIFOLIUM. PERS. ①



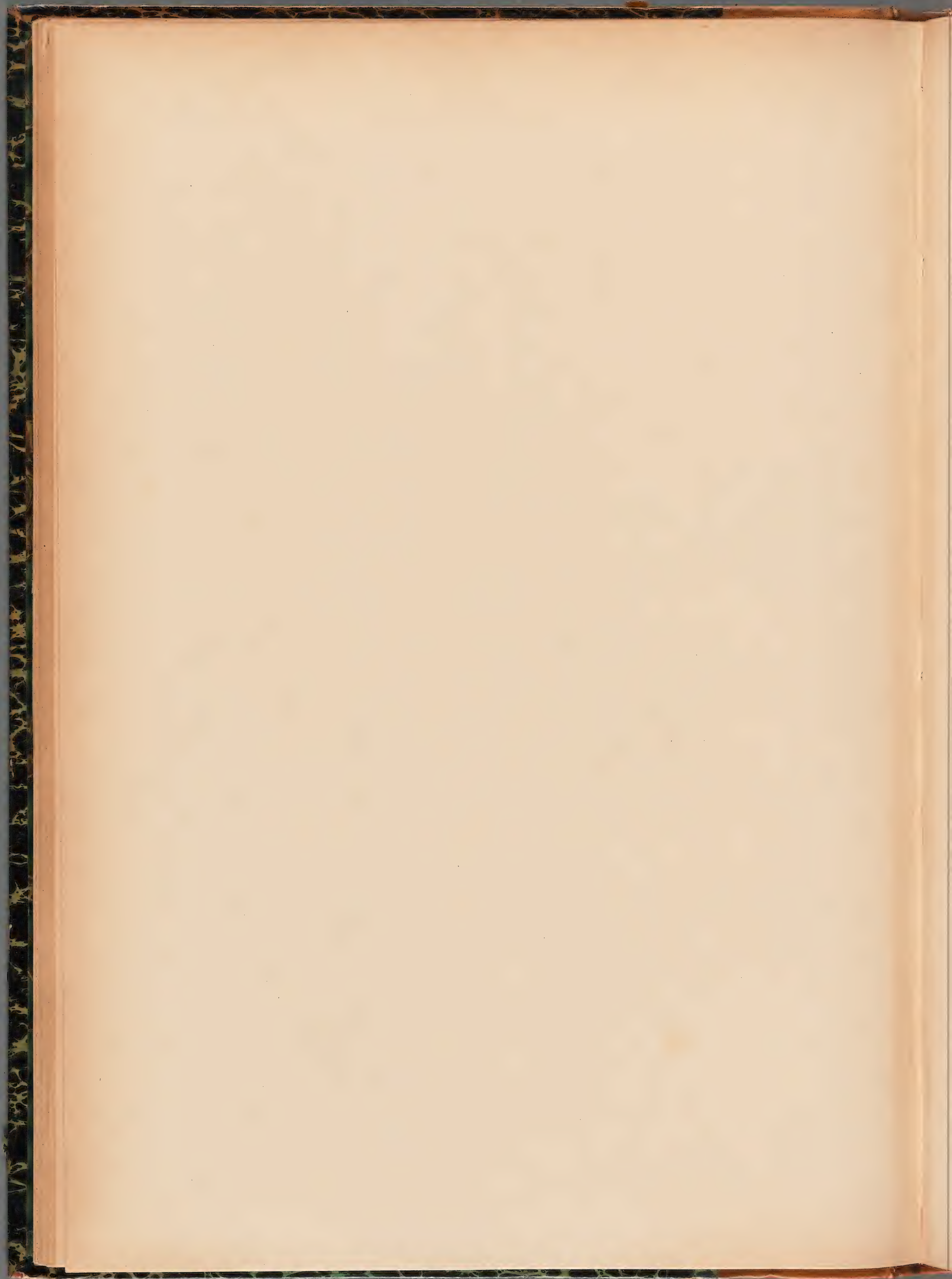


HELIANTHEMUM INTERMEDIUM. THIB. ①



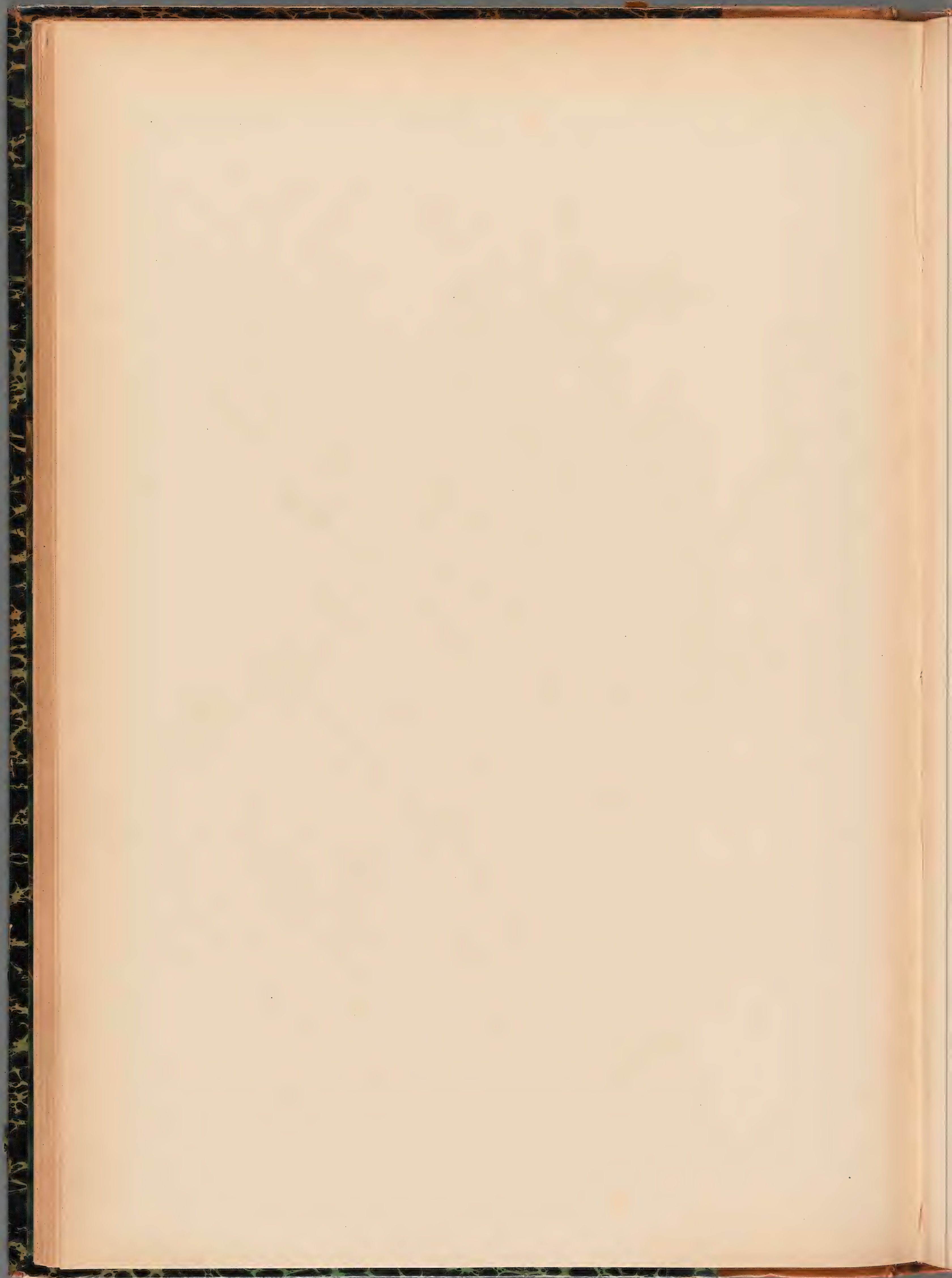


HELIANTHEMUM LAVANDULÆFOLIUM. D. C. 5



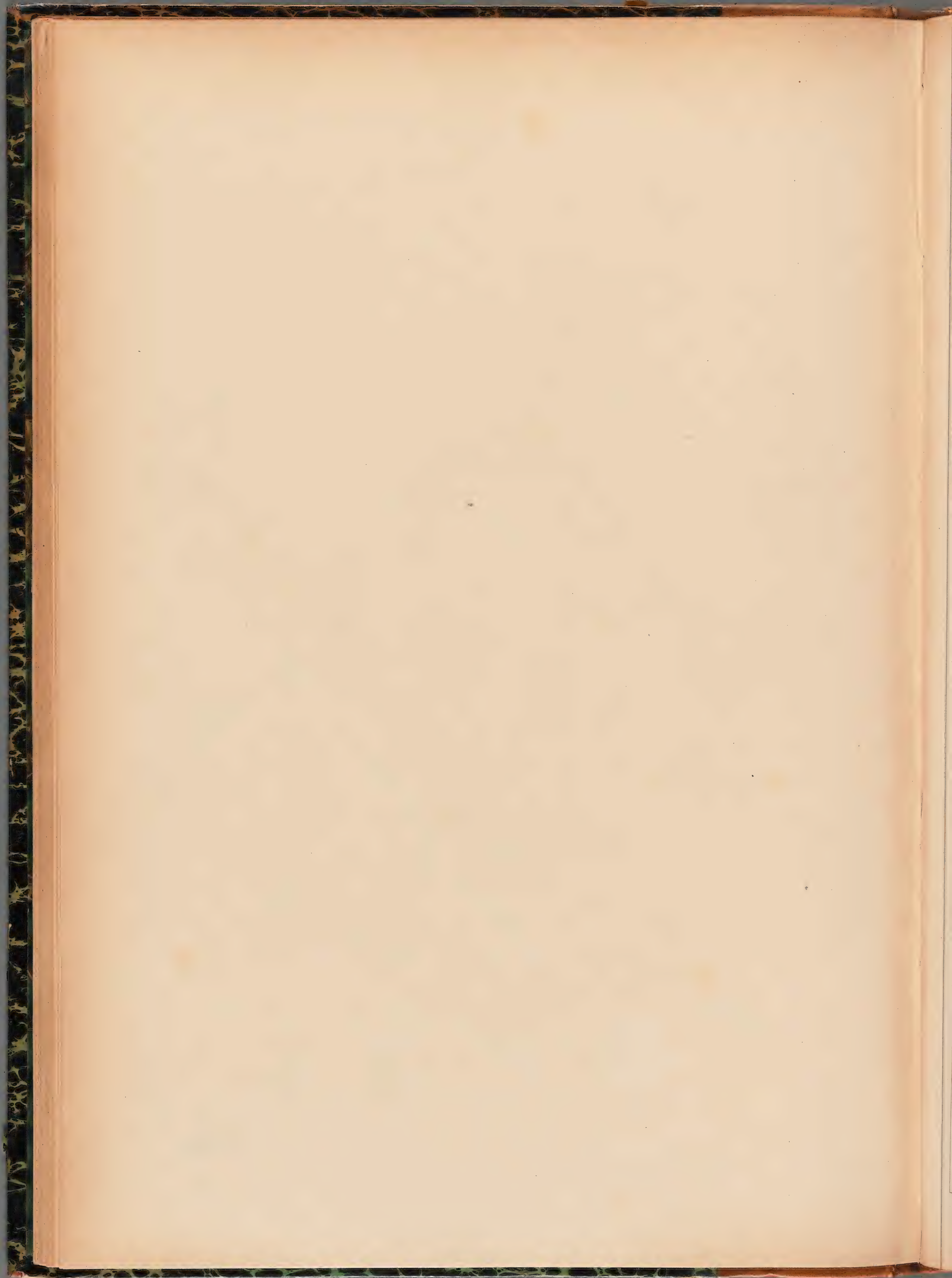


HELIANTHEMUM HIRTUM. PERS. 5



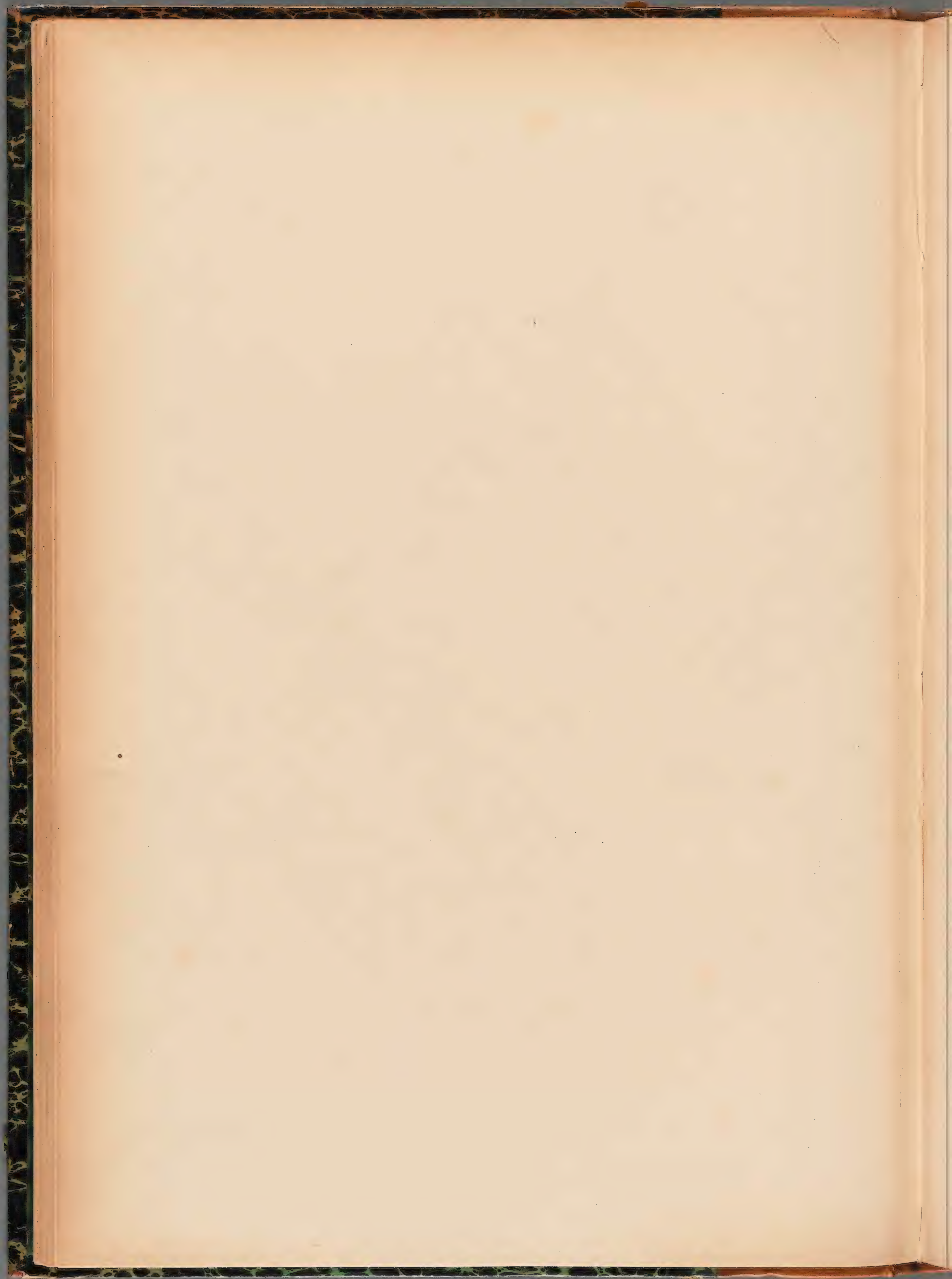


HELIANTHEMUM VULGARE. GOERTN. 5



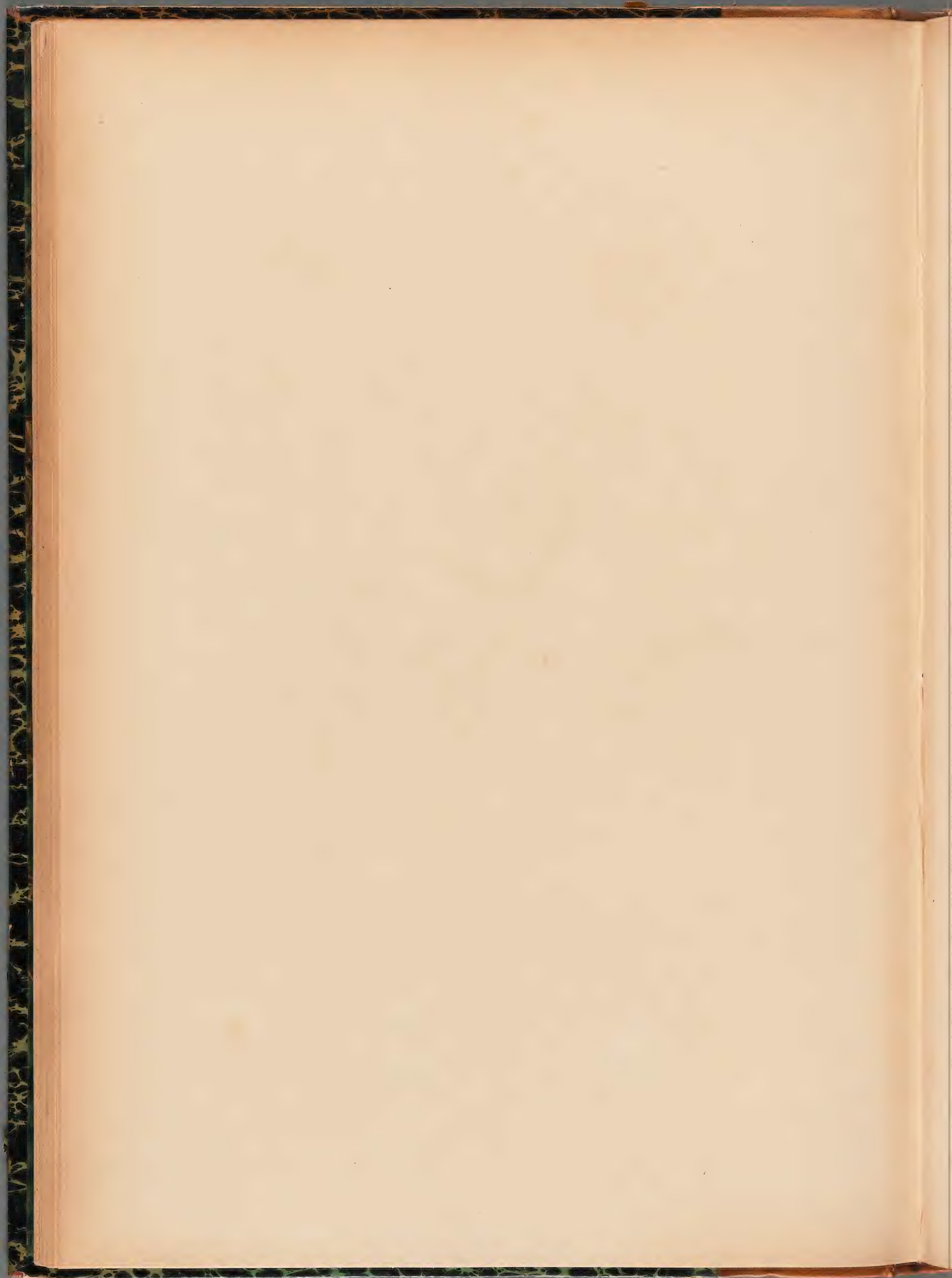


HELIANTHEMUM VULGARE. GOERTN. 5 *Var. virescens obscurum.*



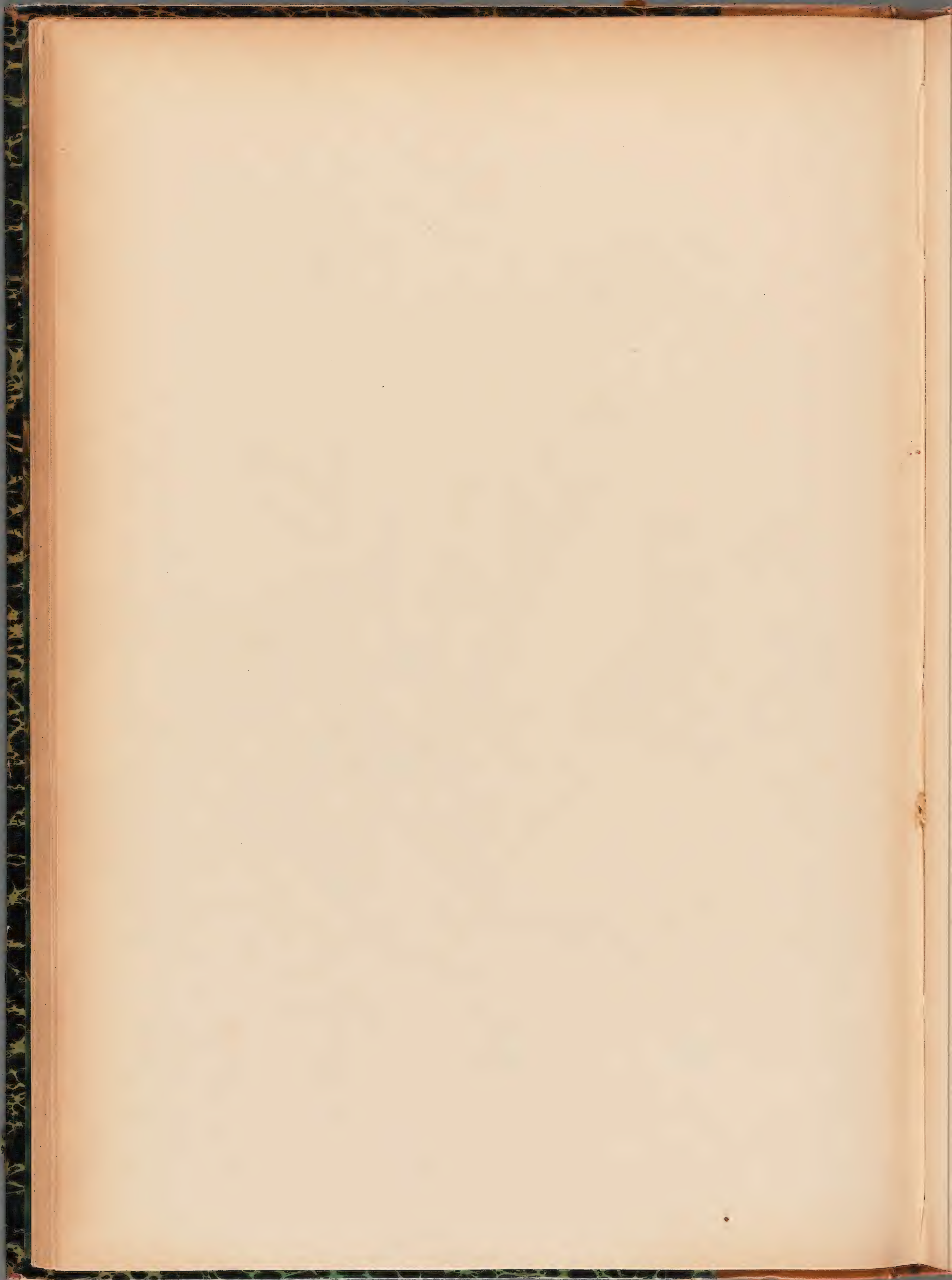


HELIANTHEMUM VULGARE. GOERTN. 5 *V. viridescens humularium.*



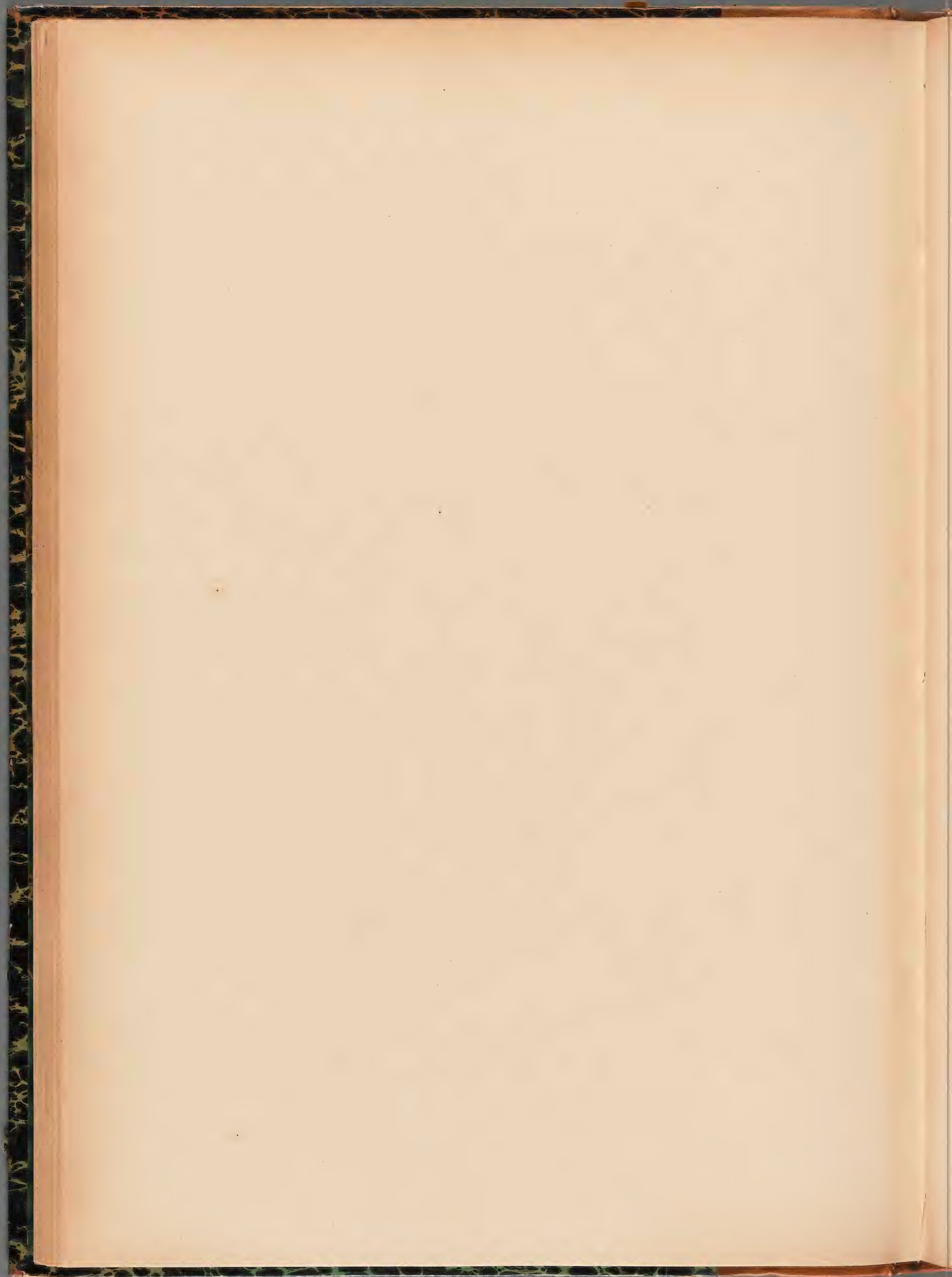


HELIANTHEMUM VULGARE. GOERTN. 5 *Var. virescens grandiflorum.*



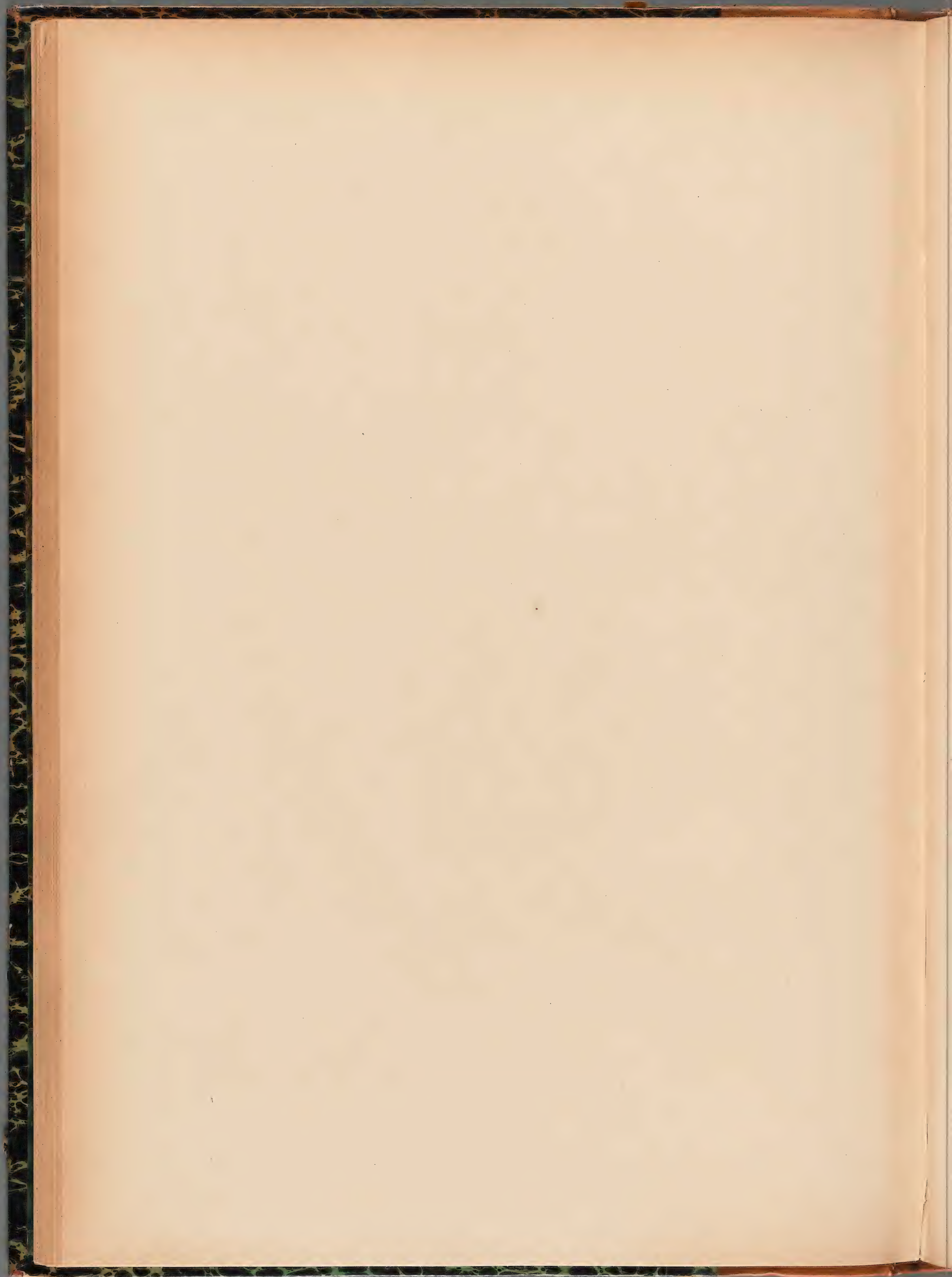


HELIANTHEMUM VULGARE. GOERTN. ♂ Var. roseum.



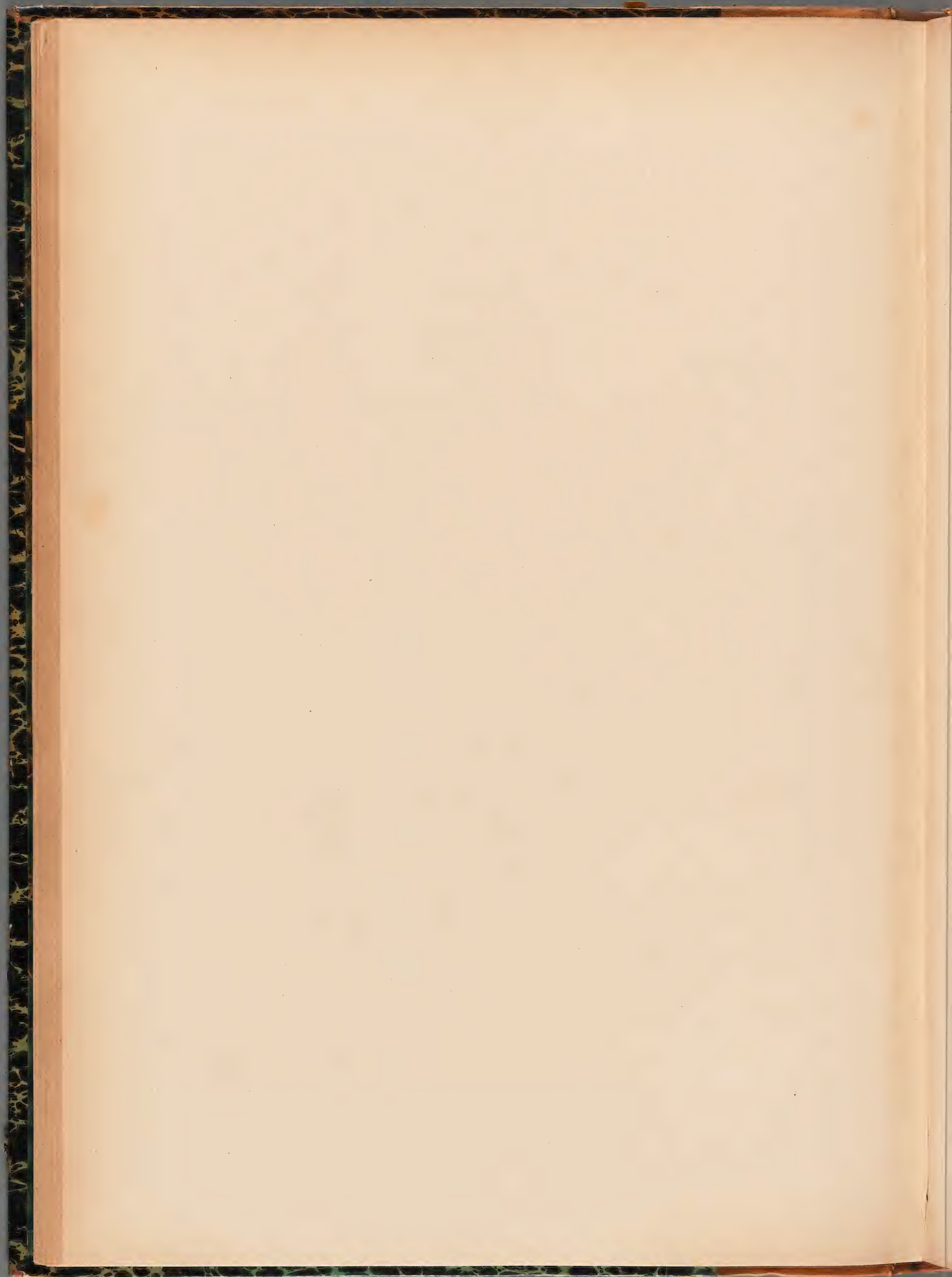


HELIANTHEMUM VULGARE. GÖRTN. 5 *Var. roseum Jacquinii.*



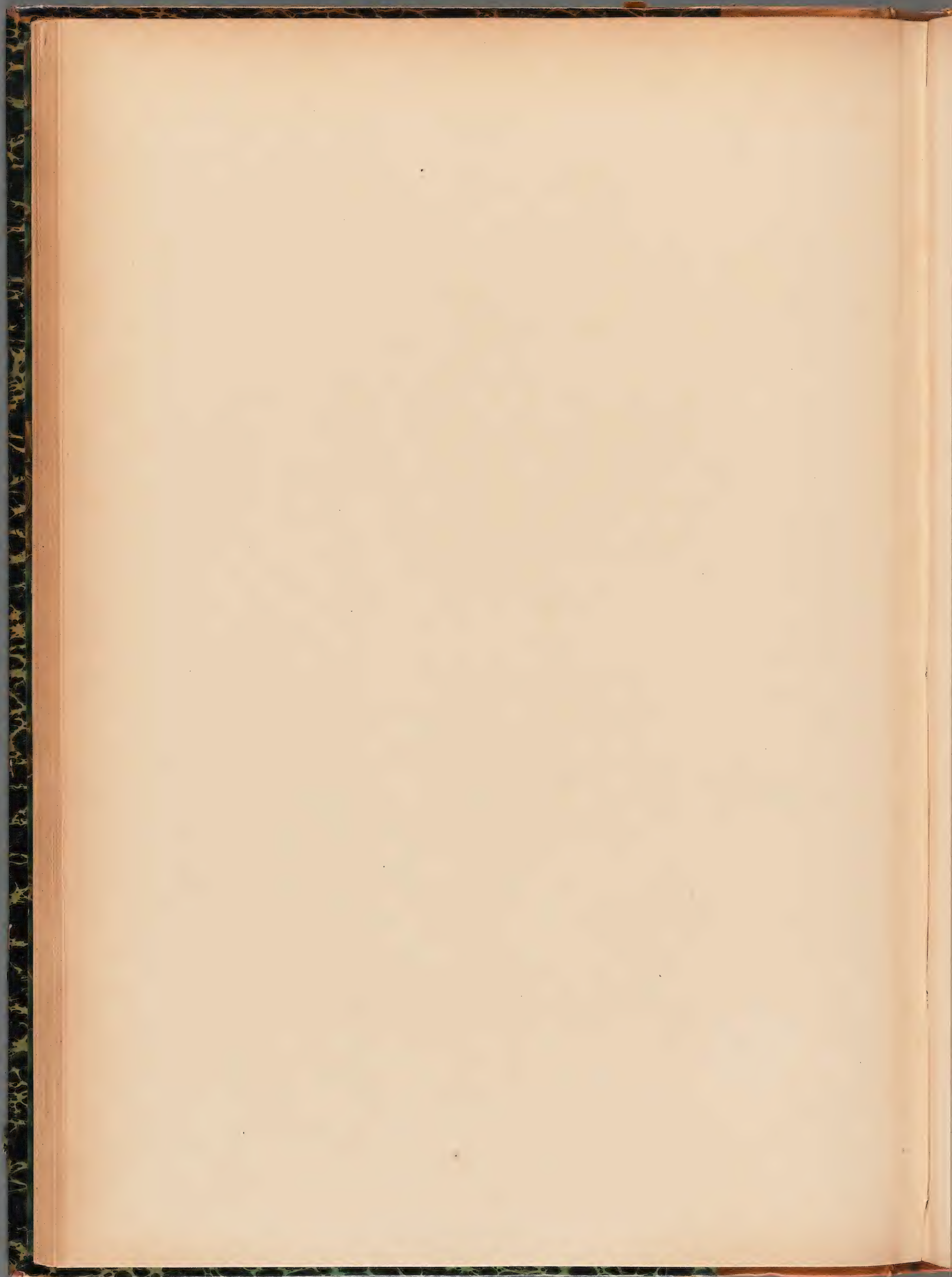


HELIANTHEMUM POLIFOLIUM. D. C. ♂ Var. apenninum.



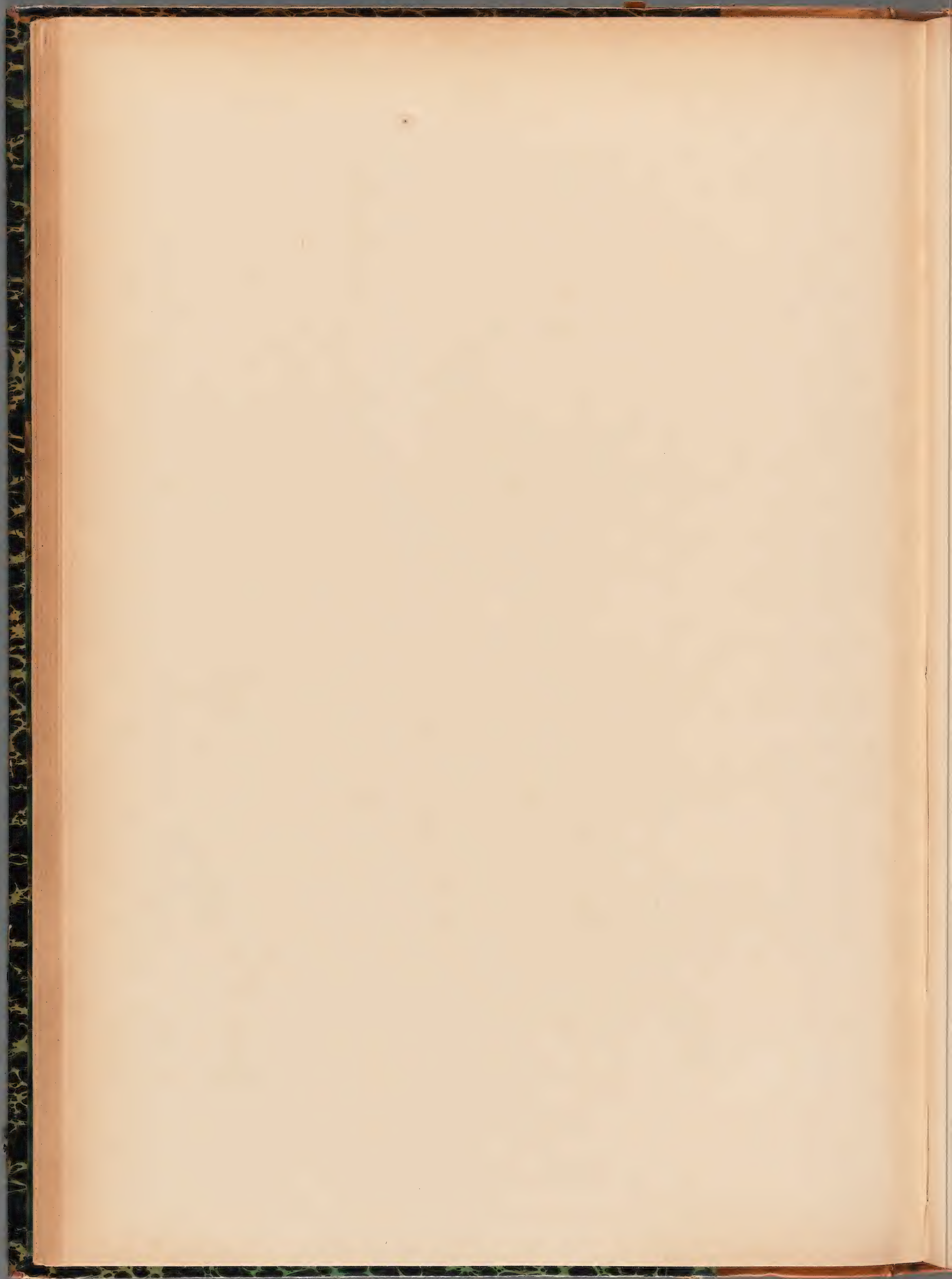


HELIANTHEMUM POLIFOLIUM. D. C. ♂ var. pulverulentum.



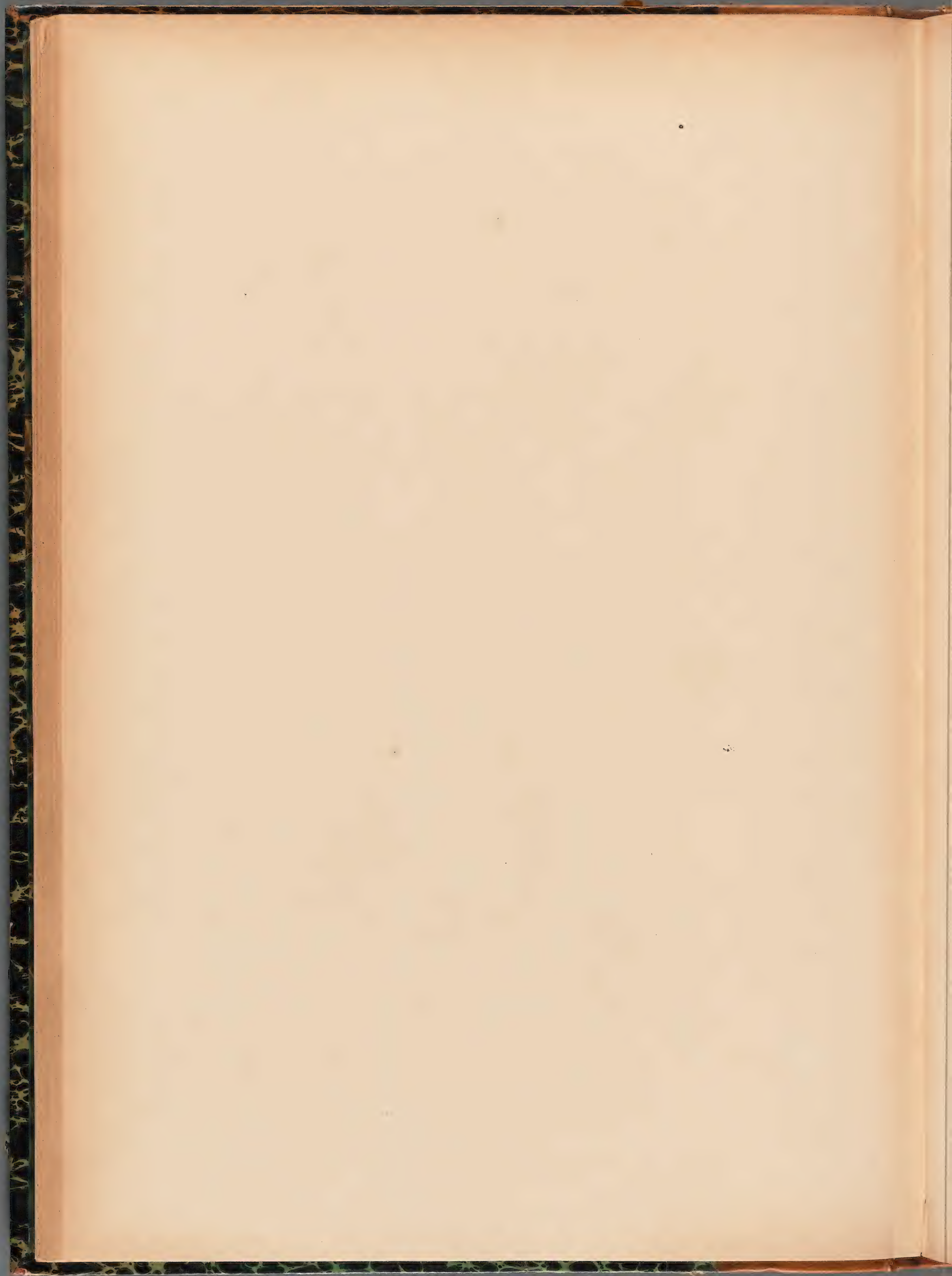


HELIANTHEMUM POLIFOLIUM, D. C. 5 Var. *velutinum*.



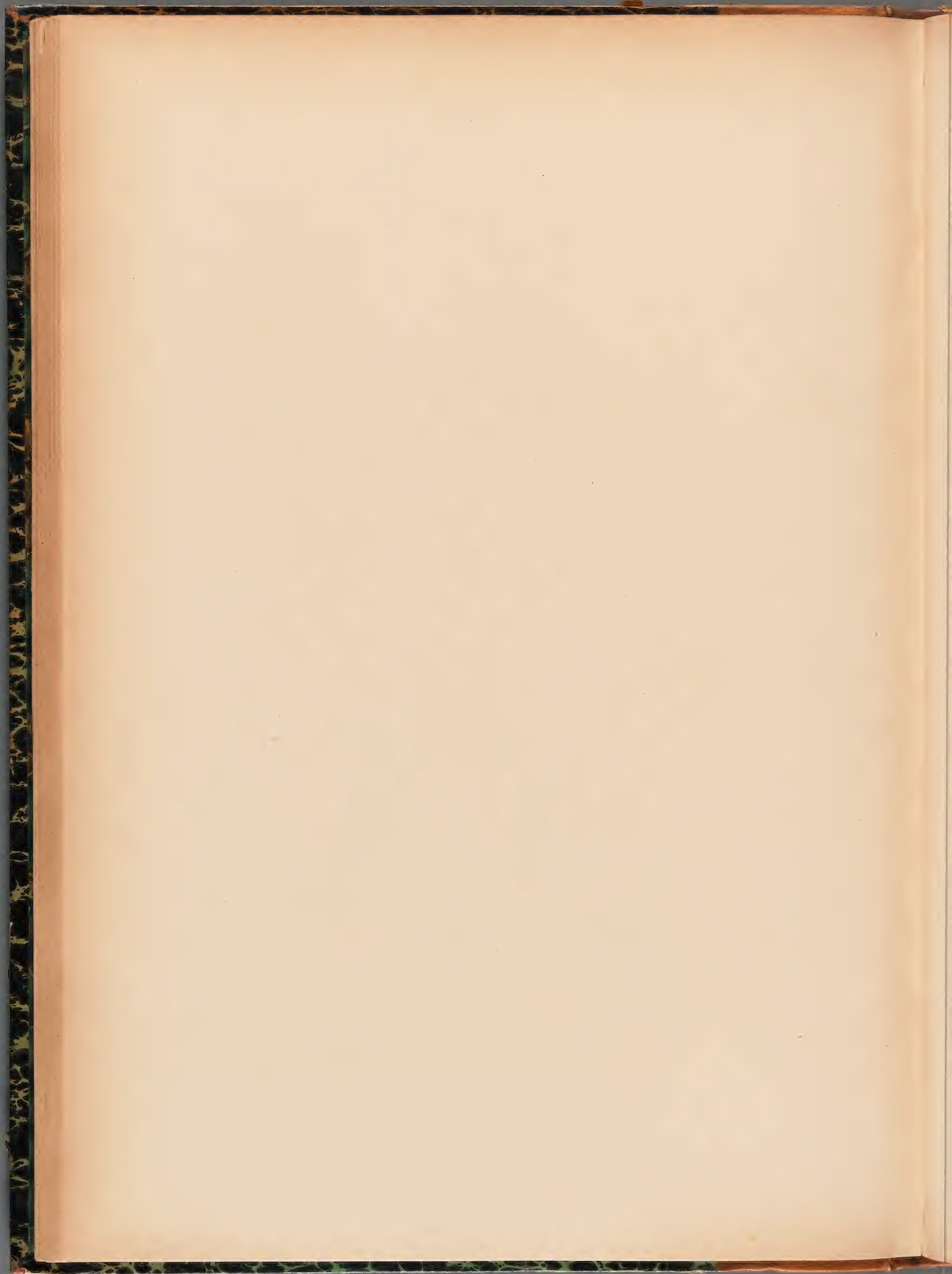


HELIANTHEMUM PILOSUM. PERS. ♂





HELIANTHEMUM ITALICUM. PERS. ♂ Var. glabratum.



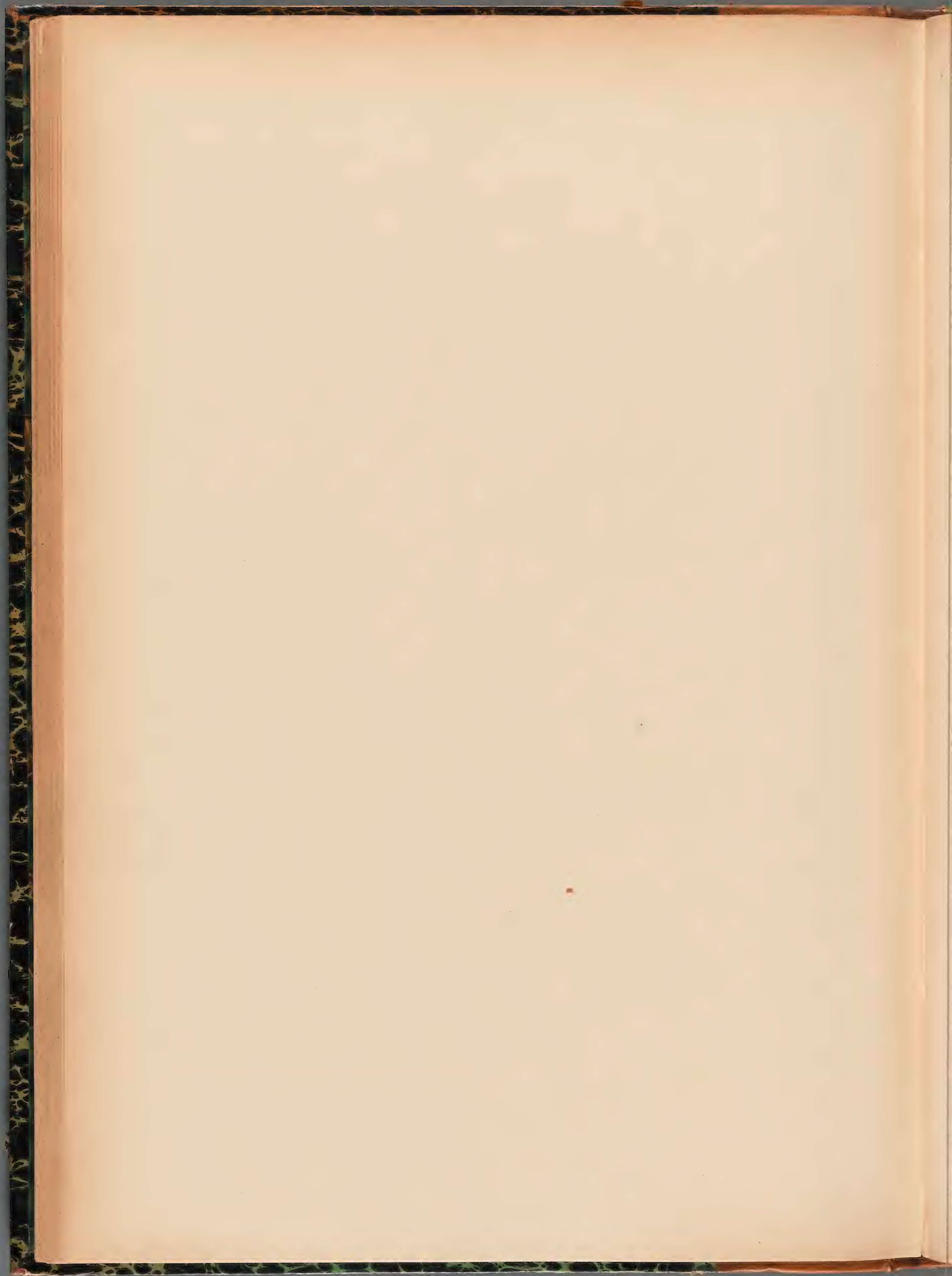


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HELIANTHEMUM ITALICUM. PERS. ♂ Var. alpestre.





HELIANTHEMUM ITALICUM. PERS. 5 *Var. micranthum.*





HELIANTHEMUM PENICILLATUM. THIB. 5



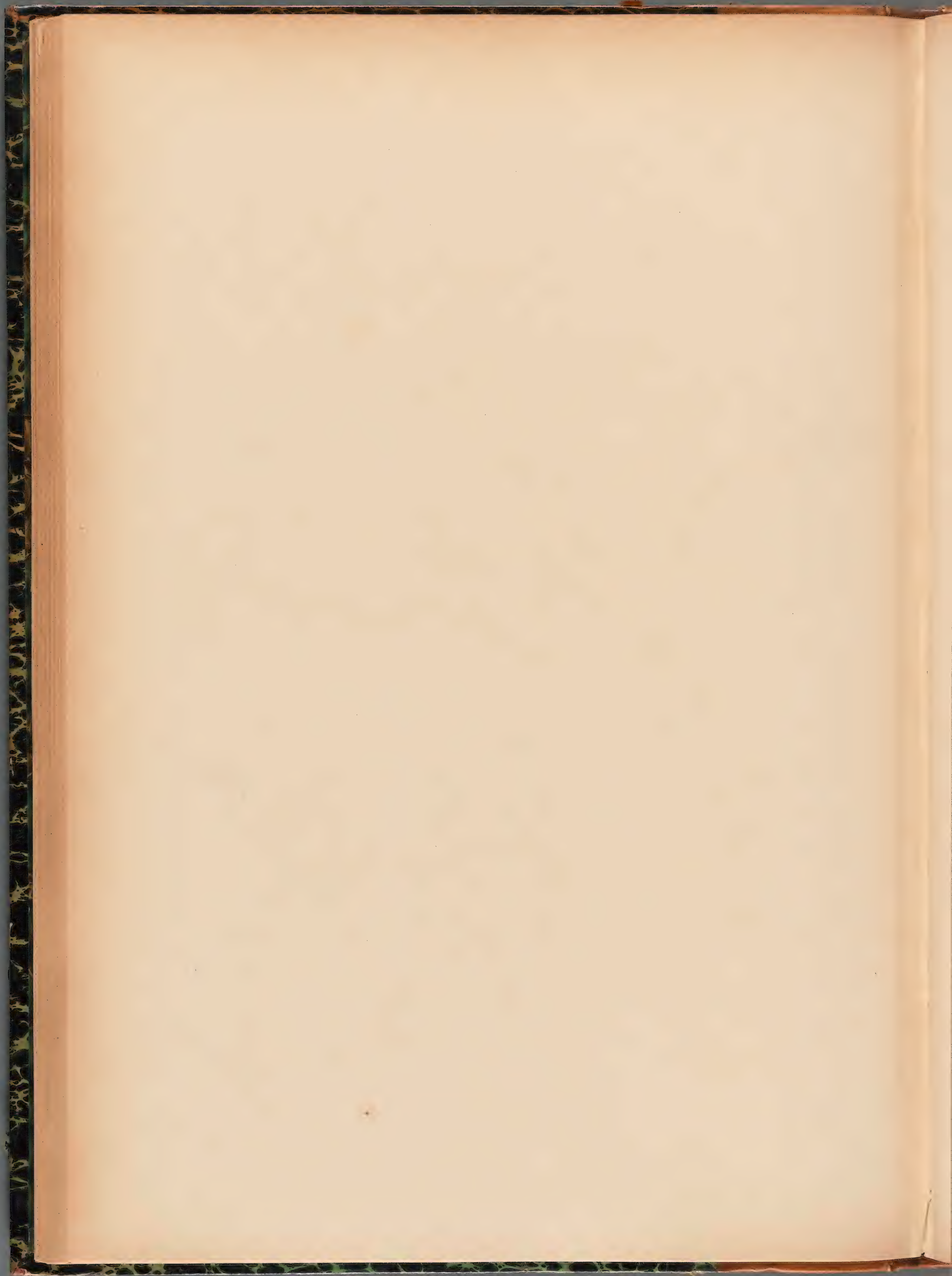


HELIANTHEMUM CANUM. DUN. ♂



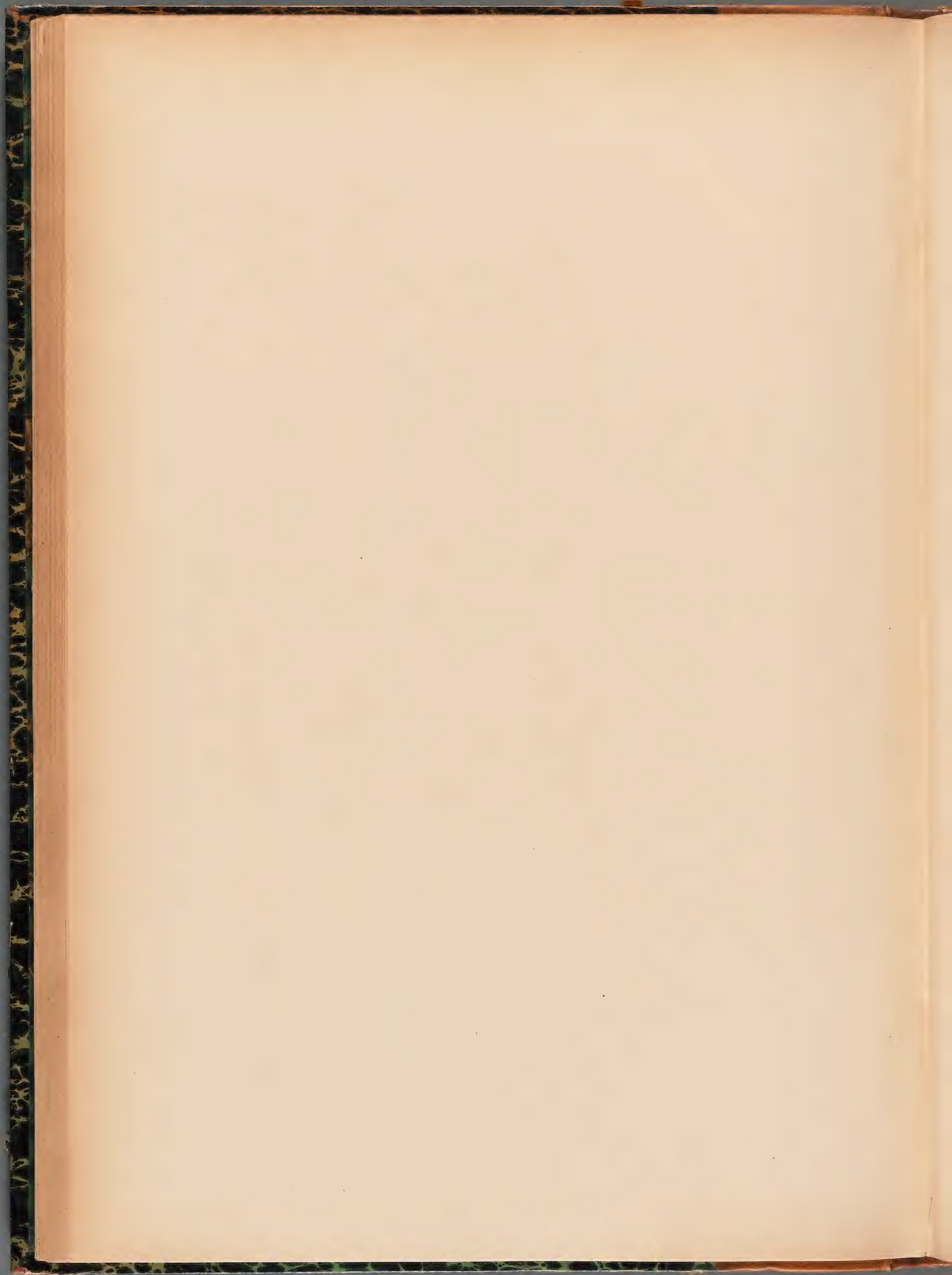


HELIANTHEMUM CANUM. DUN. 5



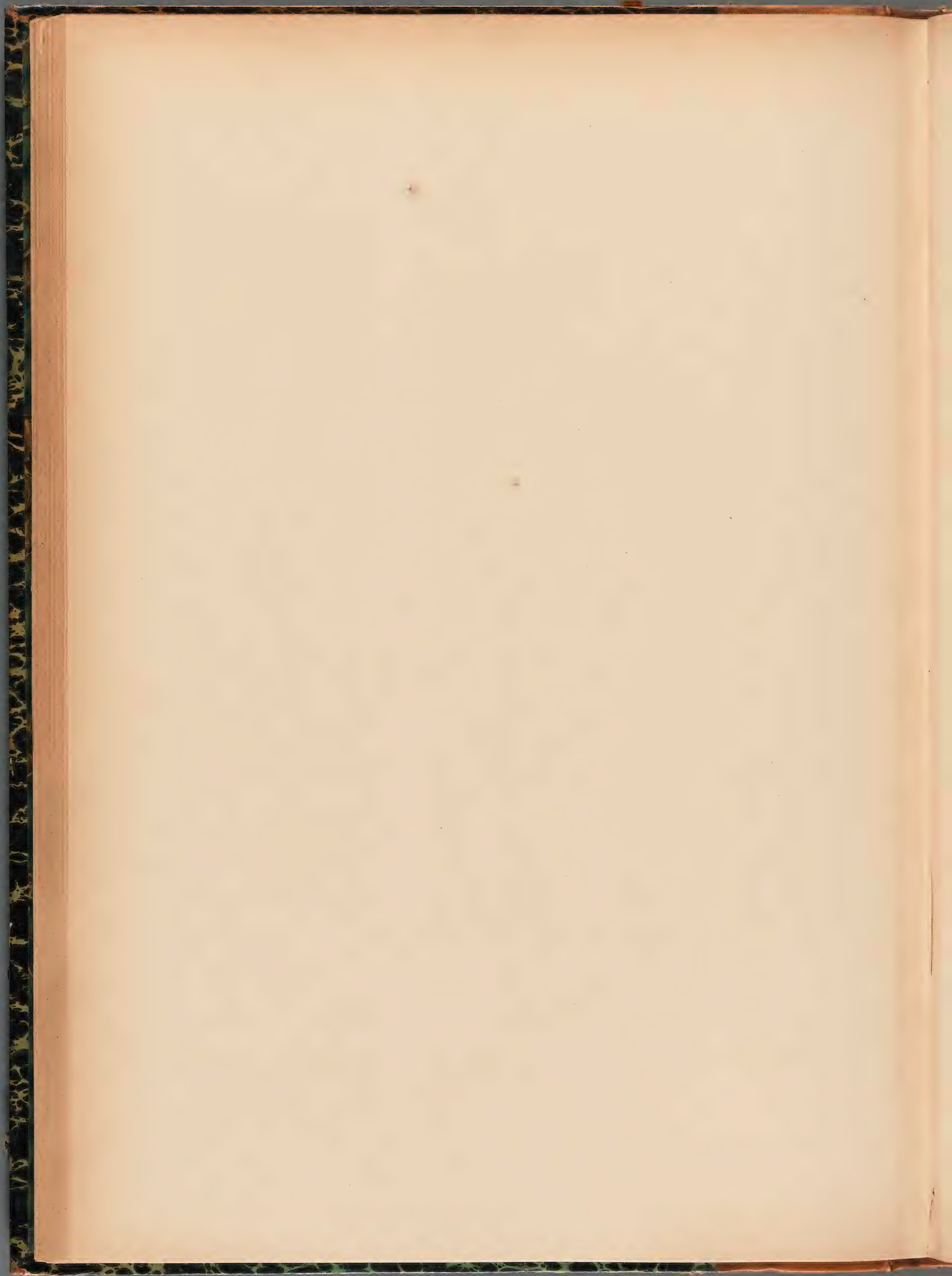


HELIANTHEMUM MARIFOLIUM. L. ♂ Var. tomentosum.

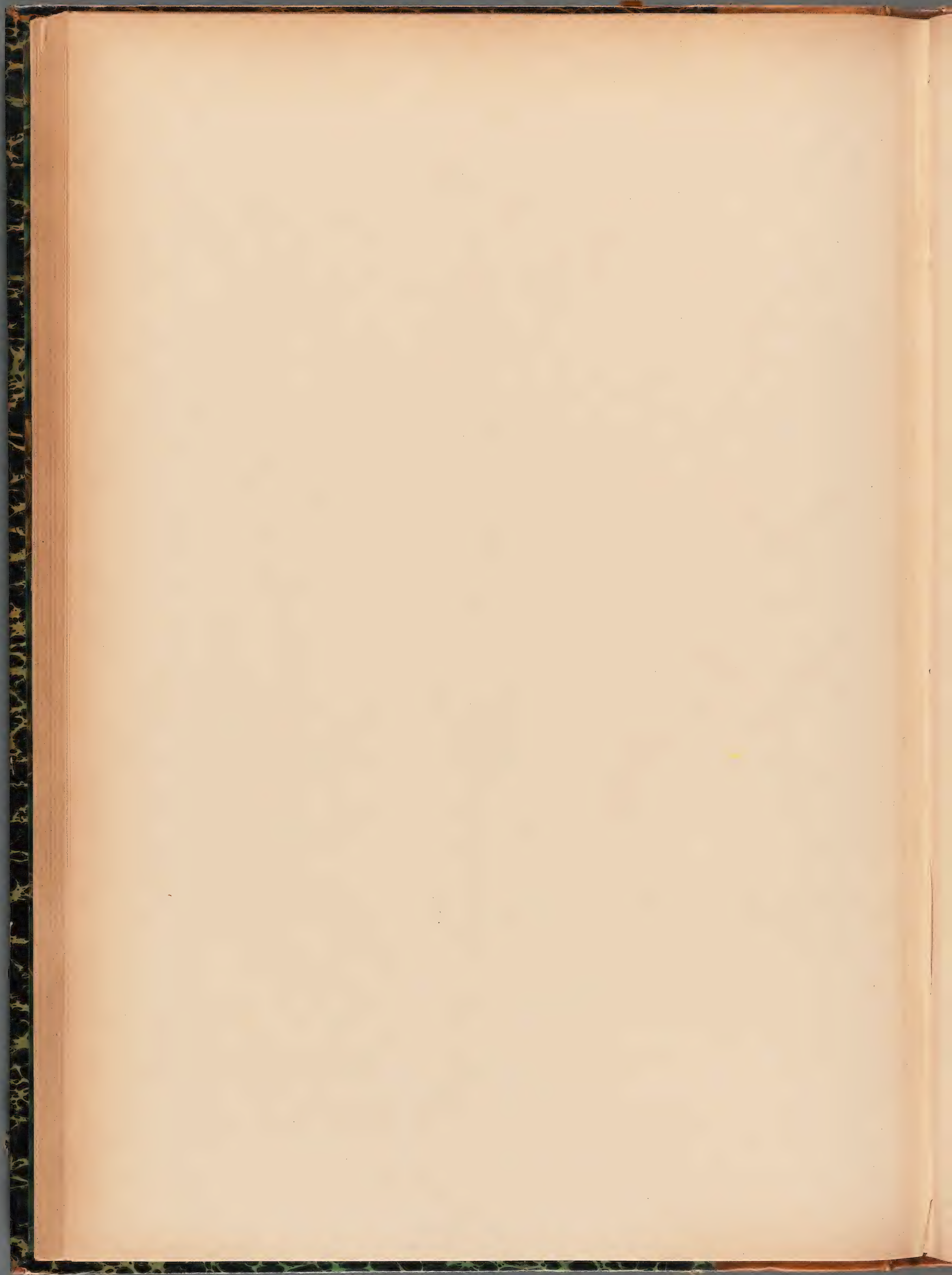




HELIANTHEMUM MARIFOLIUM. L. 5 Var. *virens*.







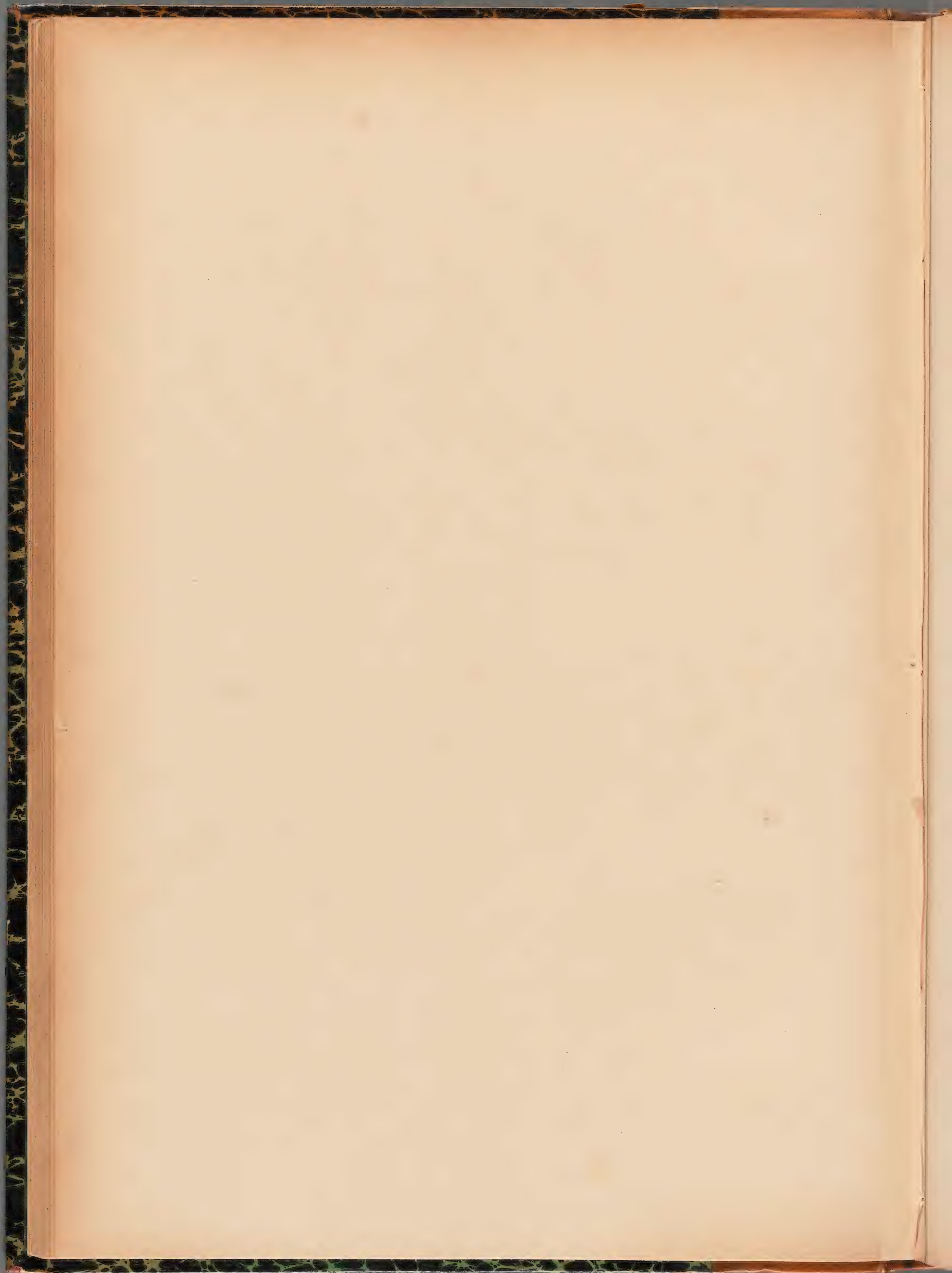


HELIANTHEMUM GUTTATUM. MILL. ①

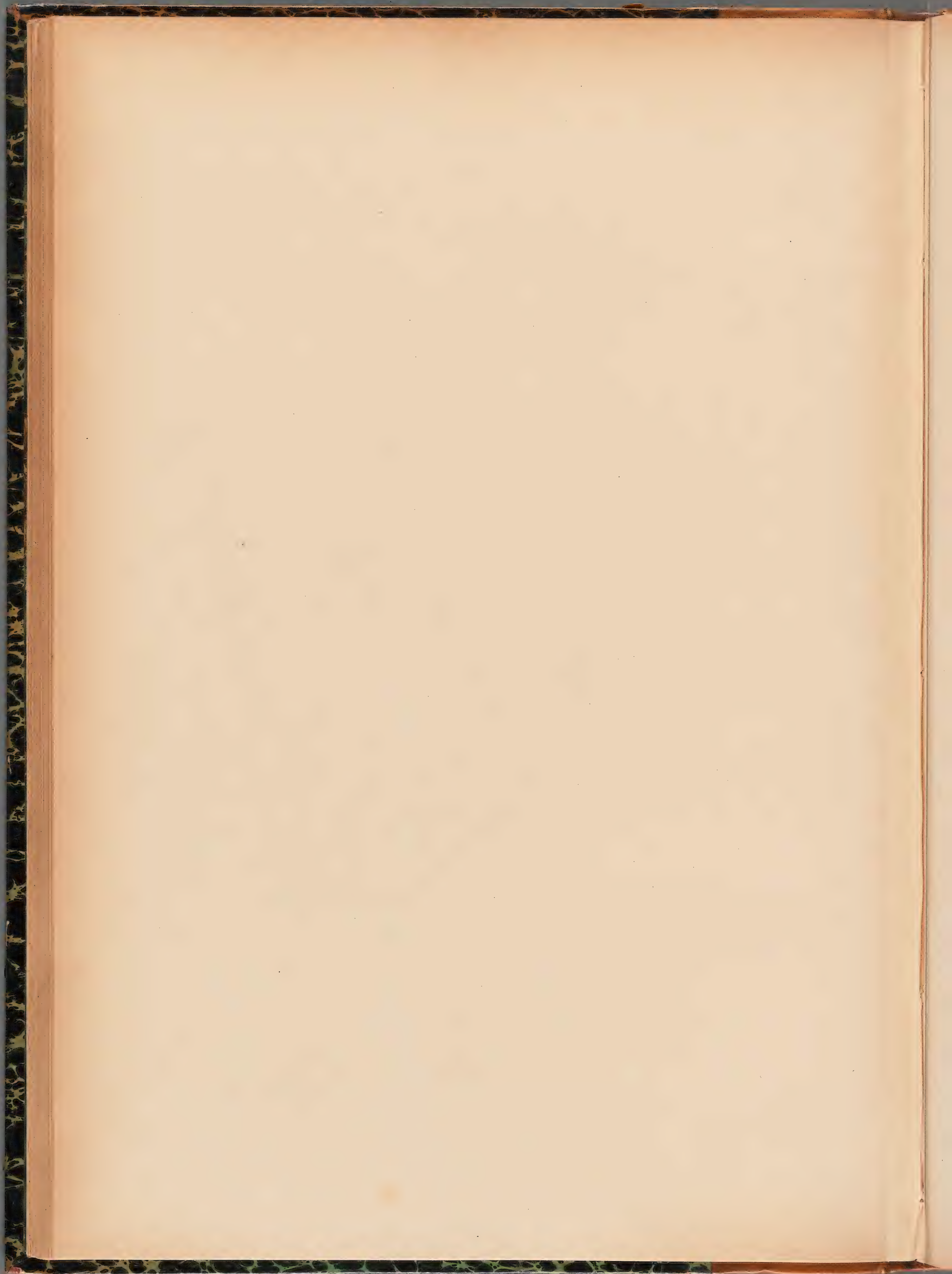




HELIANTHEMUM TUBERARIA. MILL. 5

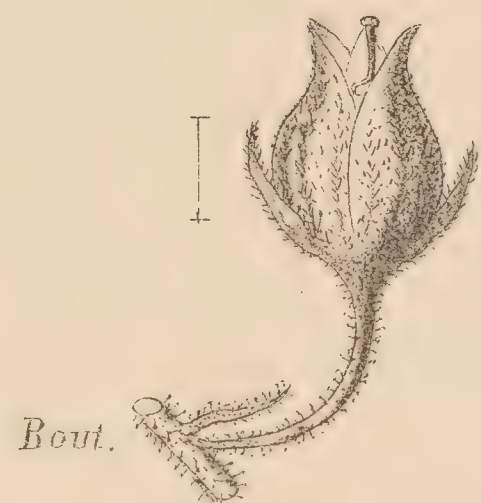








Fl.

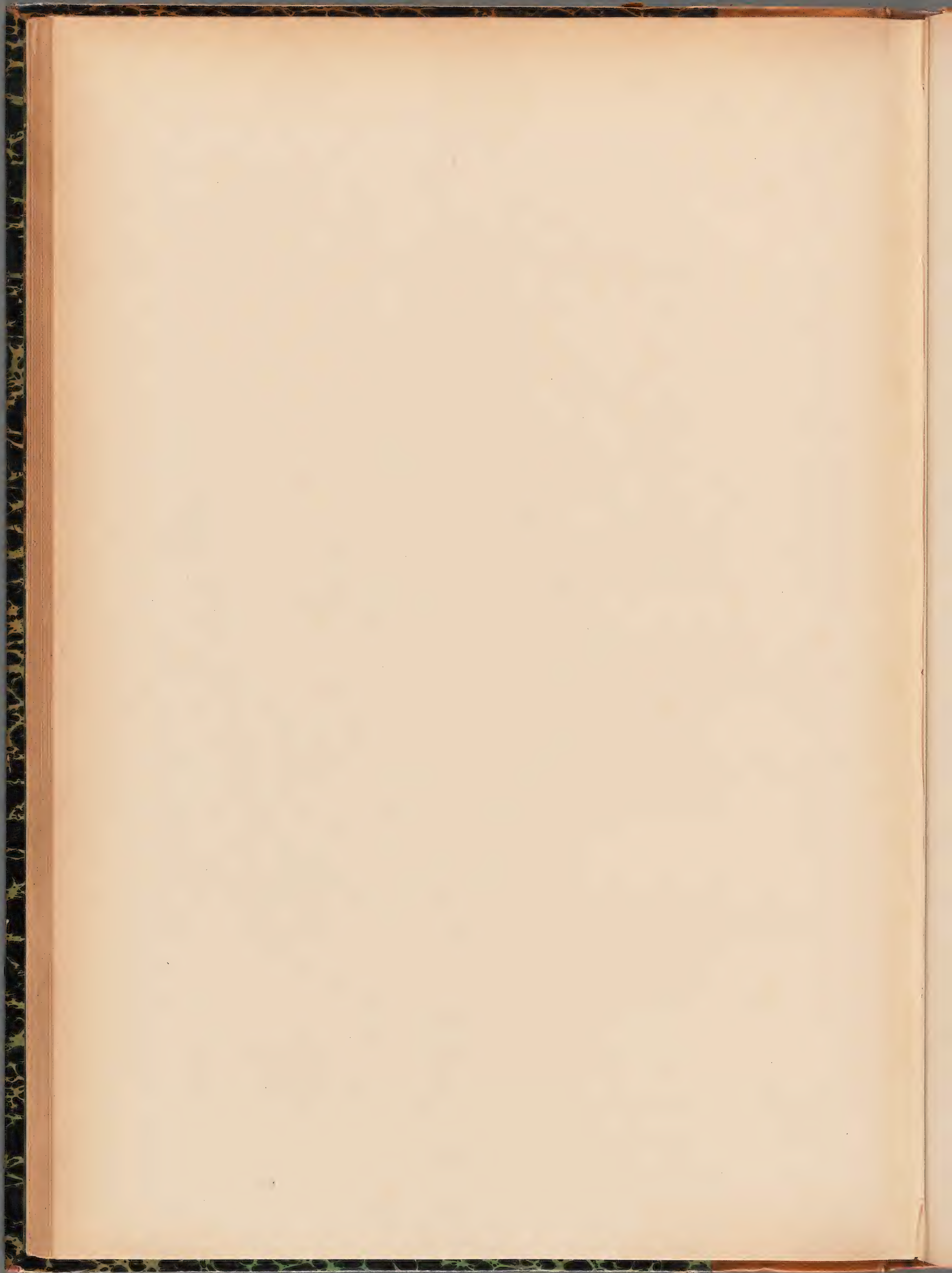


Bout.



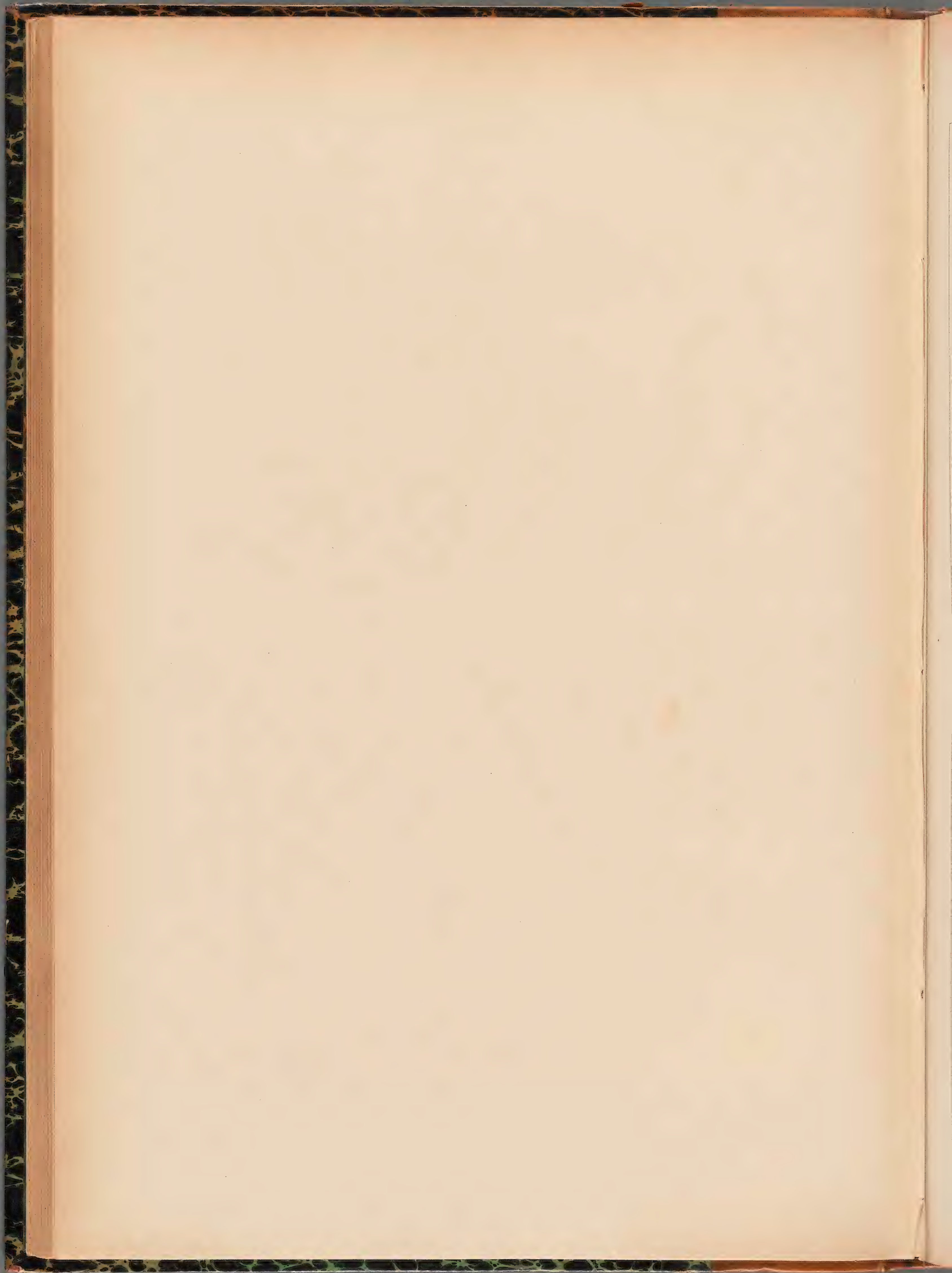
Capit.

FUMANA PROCUMBENS. G. ET G. 5 Var. Spachii.



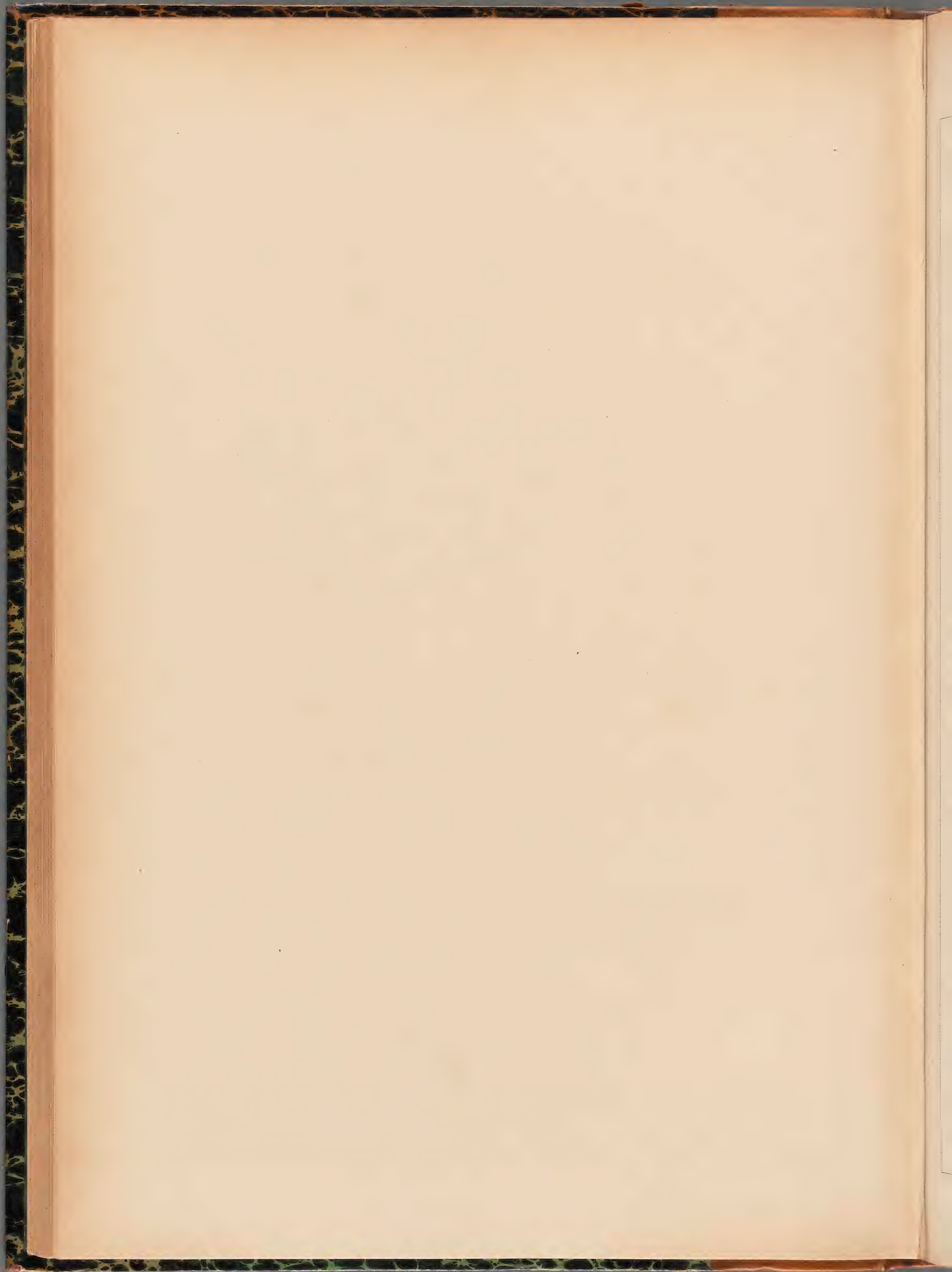


FUMANA LAEVIPES. SPACH. 5



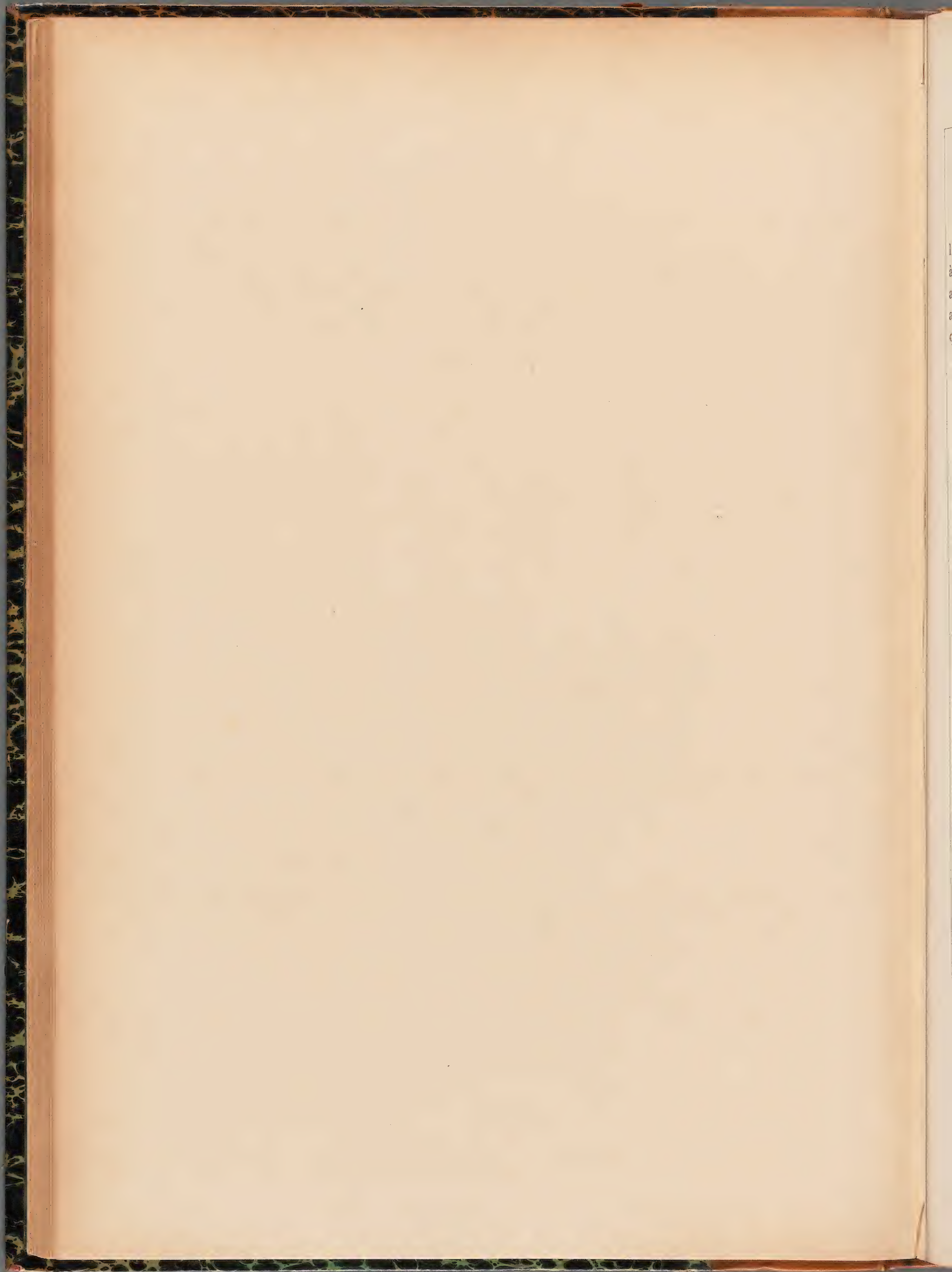


FUMANA VISCIDA. SPACH. ♂





FUMANA VISCIDA. SPACH. 5 *Var. juniperifolia.*



Famille 9^e — VIOLARIÉES.

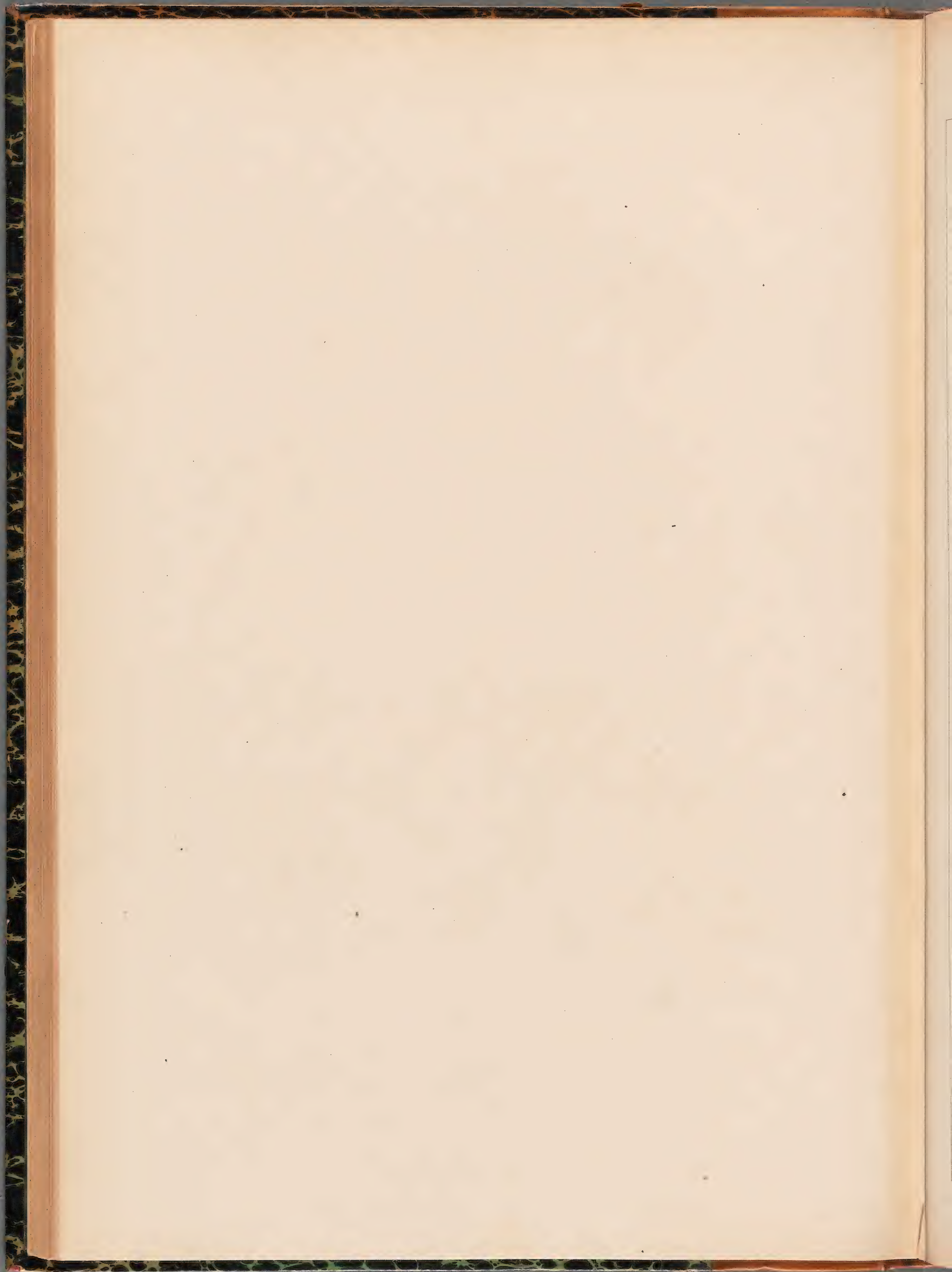
Fleurs irrégulières, à pédicelle à 2 bractéoles. Calice à 5 sépales libres. Corolle à 5 pétales libres, inégaux, hypogynes; l'inférieur (en réalité supérieur), prolongé en éperon creux. 5 étamines, à filets très courts, libres; à anthères biloculaires, introrses, conniventes; à connectif se prolongeant au-dessus de chacune en un appendice, et au-dessous de chacune des inférieures en un autre appendice. Capitel formé de 3 carpelles libres, uniloculaires, à placentas pariétaux, déhiscent en 3 valves qui portent chacune le placenta sur son milieu. Graines souvent arillées, albuminées, à embryon droit.

Plantes herbacées ou ligneuses; à feuilles alternes, stipulées.

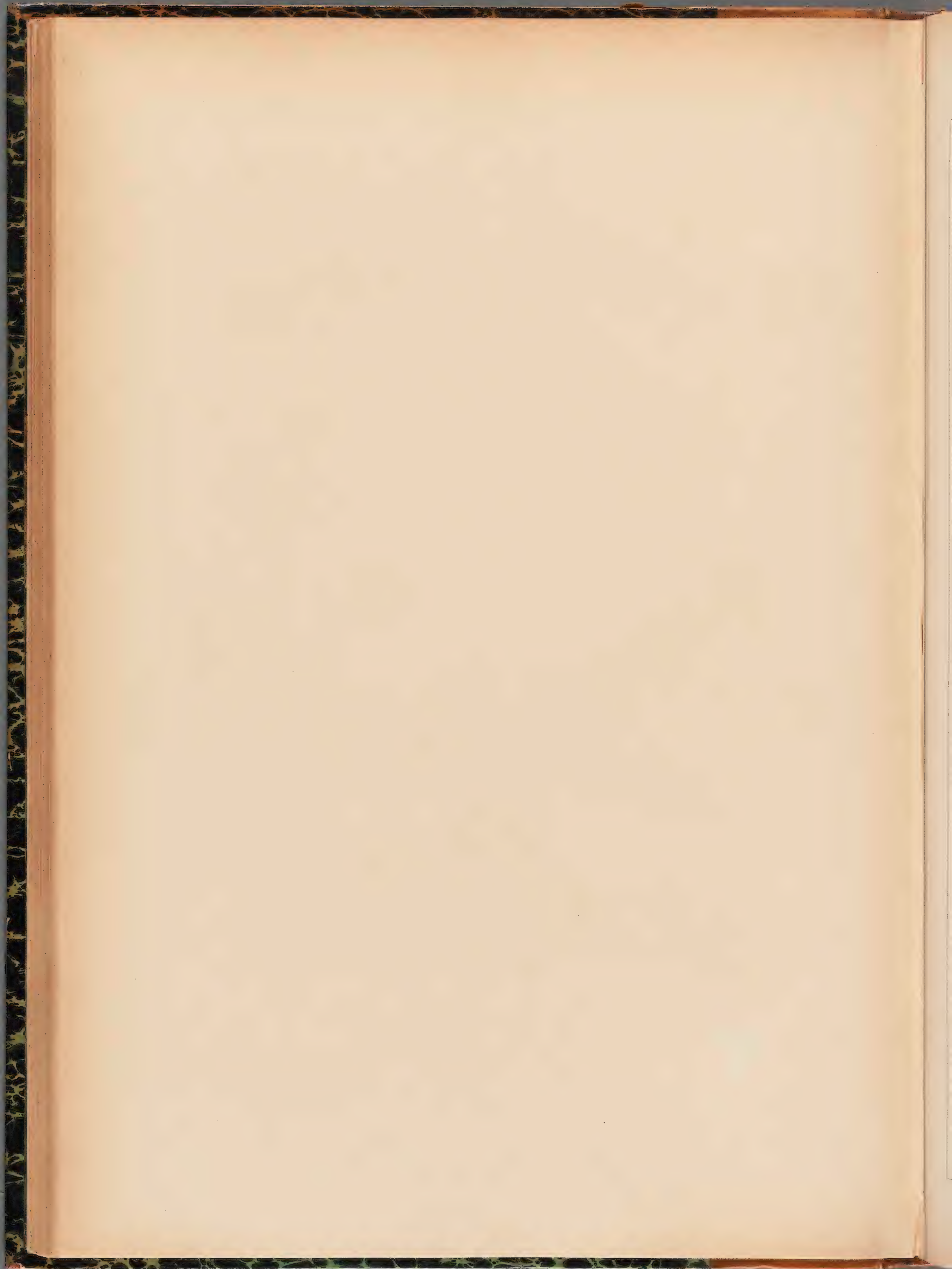


GENRE UNIQUE. — *Viola*. Tourn. — Sépales prolongés au-dessous de leur insertion. Etamines inférieures à appendice se logeant dans l'éperon.

<i>V. pinnata</i> . L. pl 480	<i>V. sylvatica</i> . Fries. pl. 492-493	<i>V. rothomagensis</i> . Desf. .. pl. 508
<i>V. palustris</i> . L. 481	<i>V. arenaria</i> . D. C. 494	<i>V. sudetica</i> . Willd. 509-510
<i>V. epipsila</i> . Ledeb. 482	<i>V. mirabilis</i> . L. 496	<i>V. hispidula</i> . Lap. 511
<i>V. hirta</i> . L. 483-484	<i>V. lancifolia</i> . Thore. 497	<i>V. declinata</i> . W. K. 512
<i>V. permixta</i> Jord. 485	<i>V. canina</i> . L. 498-499	<i>V. calcarata</i> . L. 513-514
<i>V. collina</i> . Bess. 486	<i>V. pumila</i> . Vill. 500	<i>V. heterophylla</i> . Bertol. ... 515
<i>V. alba</i> . Bess. 487	<i>V. Schultzii</i> . Billot. 502	<i>V. grandiflora</i> . L. 516
<i>V. scotophylla</i> . Jord. ... 488	<i>V. stagnina</i> . Kit. 503	<i>V. cenisia</i> . L. 517
<i>V. Denhardtii</i> . Ten. 488 bis	<i>V. elatior</i> . Fries. 504	<i>V. nummularia</i> . All. 518
<i>V. odorata</i> . L. 489	<i>V. arborescens</i> . L. 505	<i>V. cornuta</i> . L. 519
<i>V. sciaphila</i> . Koch. 490	<i>V. biflora</i> . L. 506	
<i>V. sepiacola</i> . Jord. 491	<i>V. tricolor</i> . L. 507	

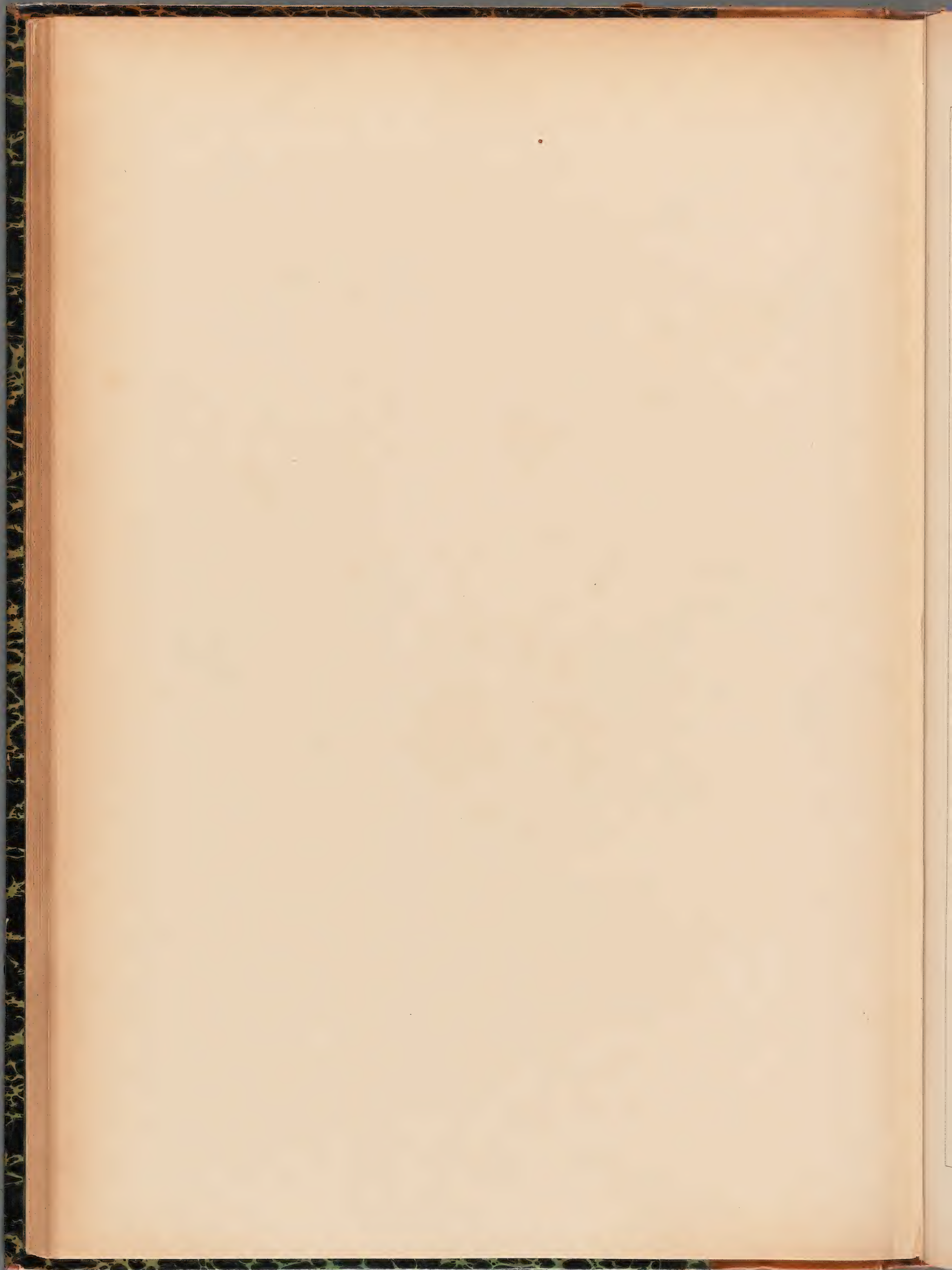






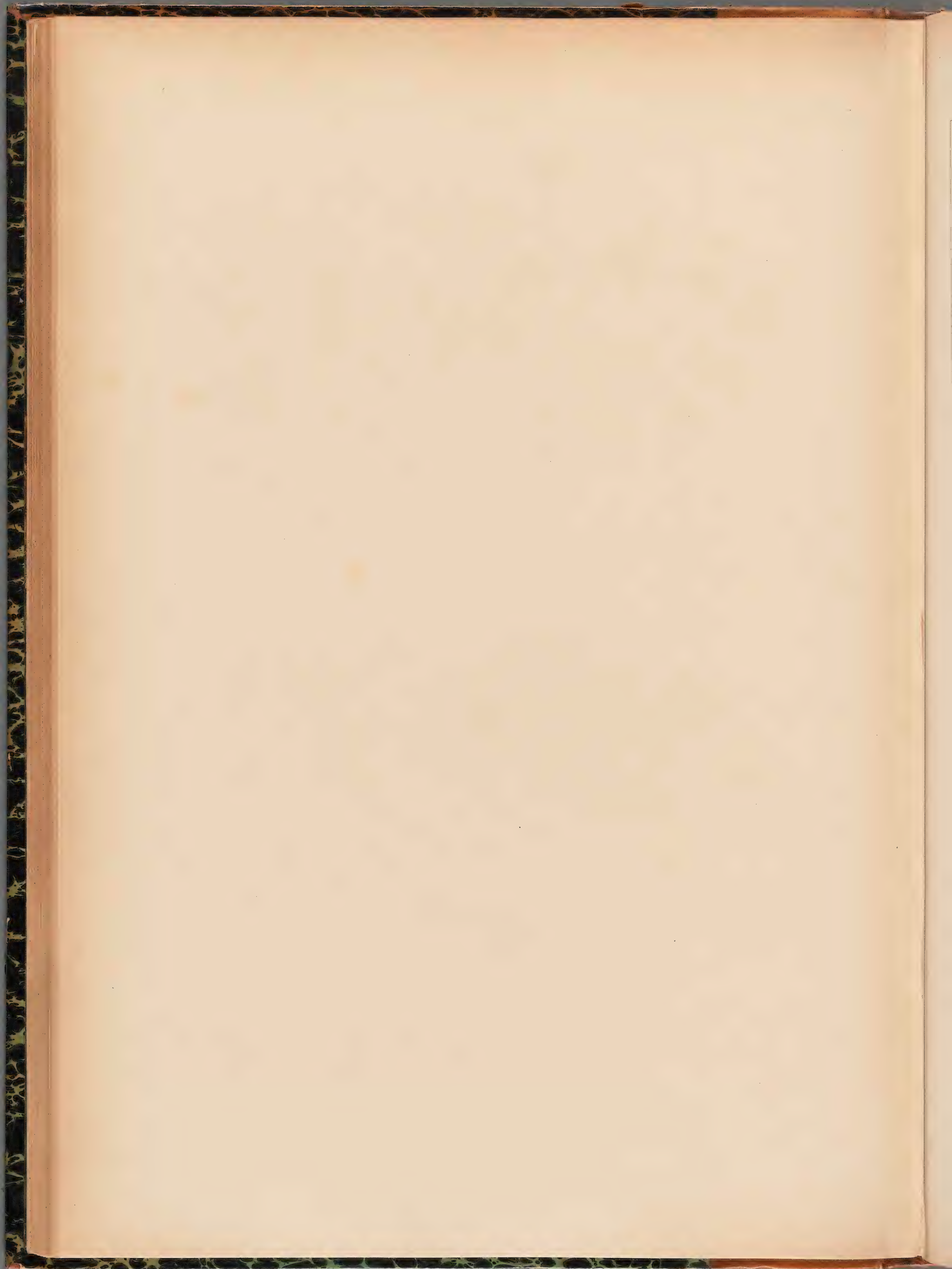


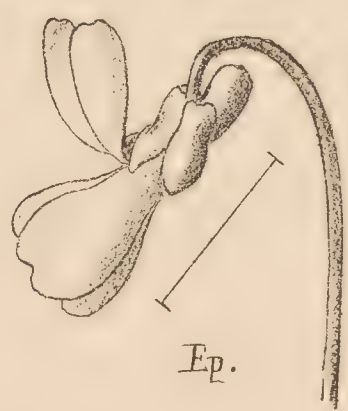
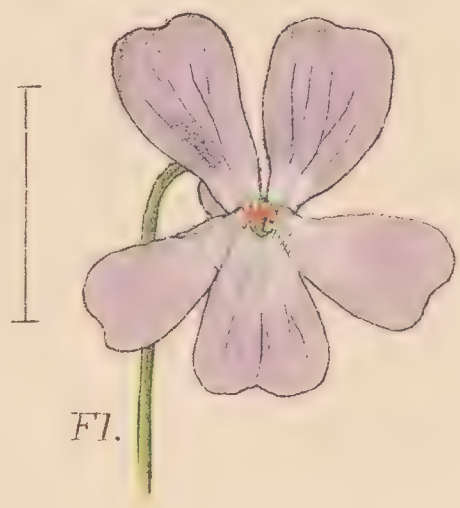
VIOLA PALUSTRIS. L. ♀



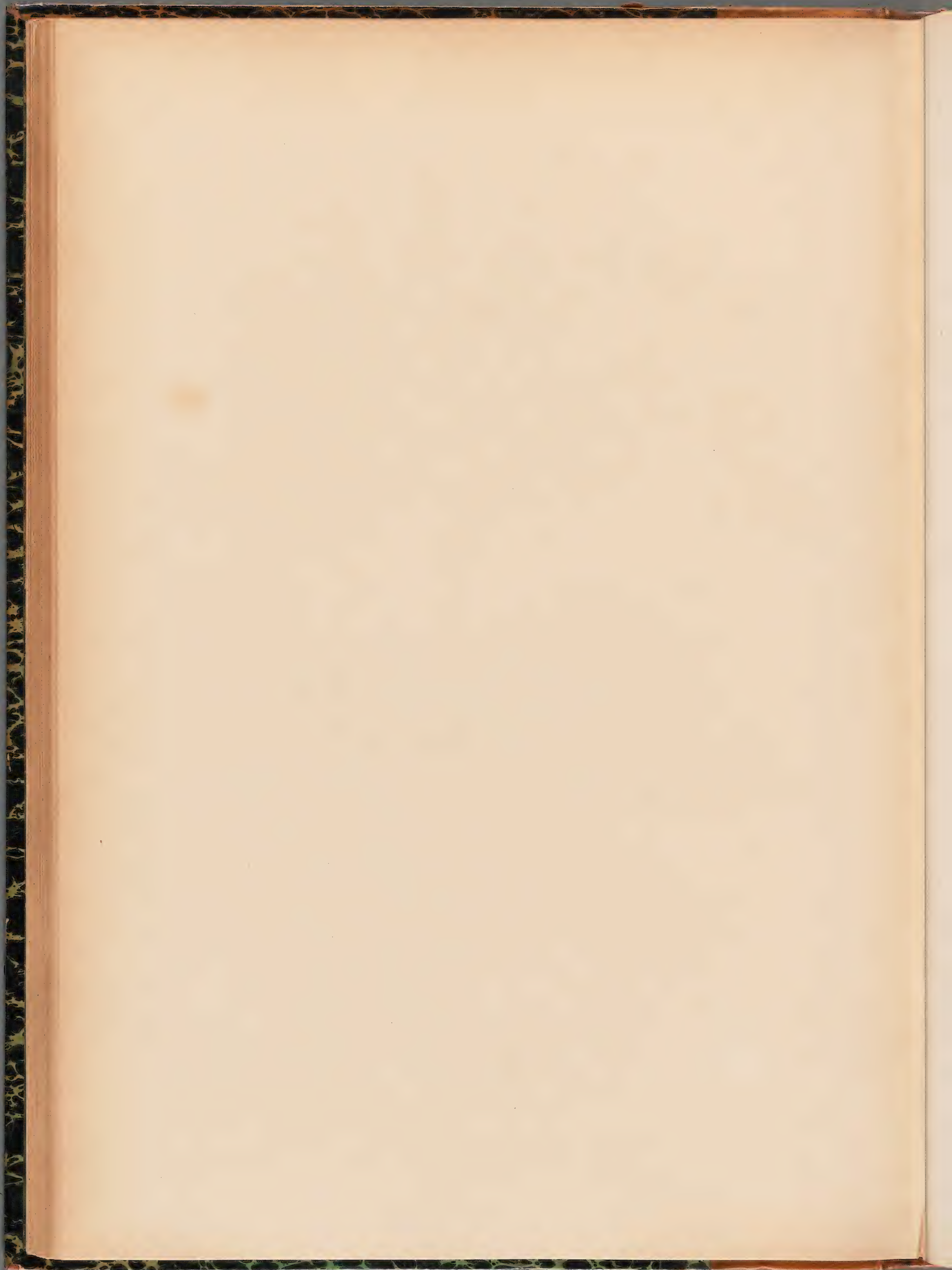


VIOLA EPIPSILA. LEDEB. 4



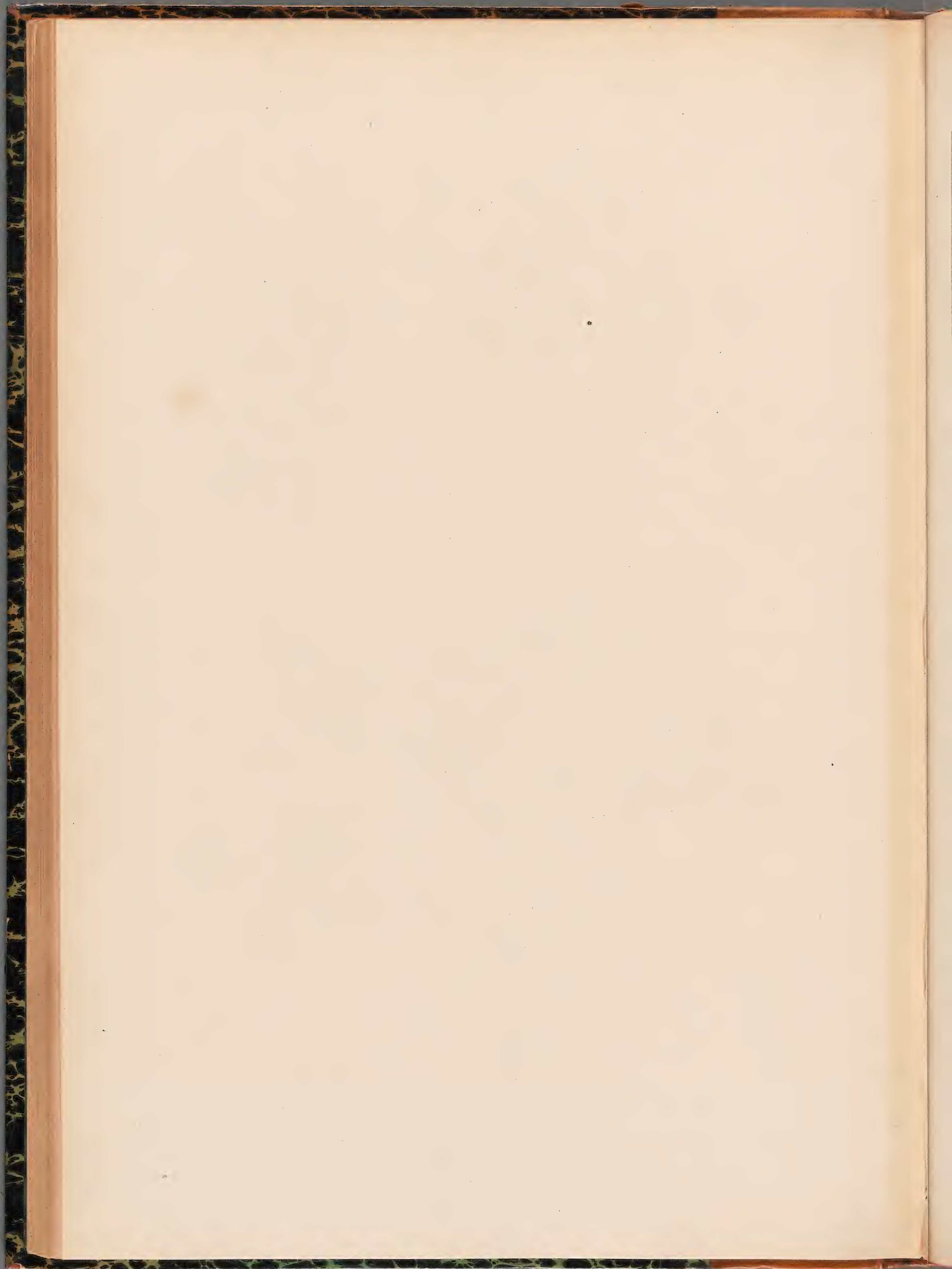


VIOLA HIRTA. L. ♀



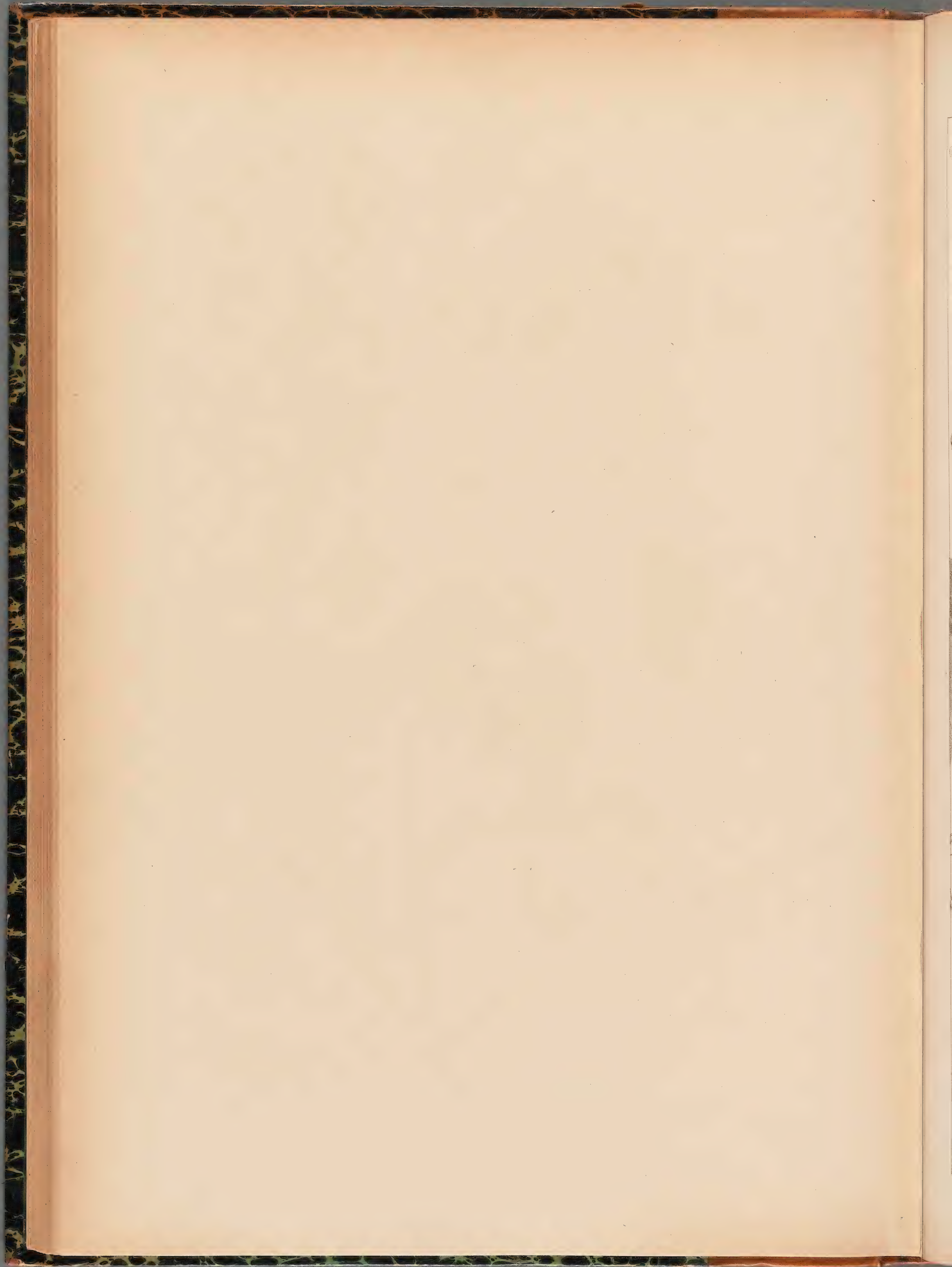


VIOLA HIRTA. L. ♀ Var. major.



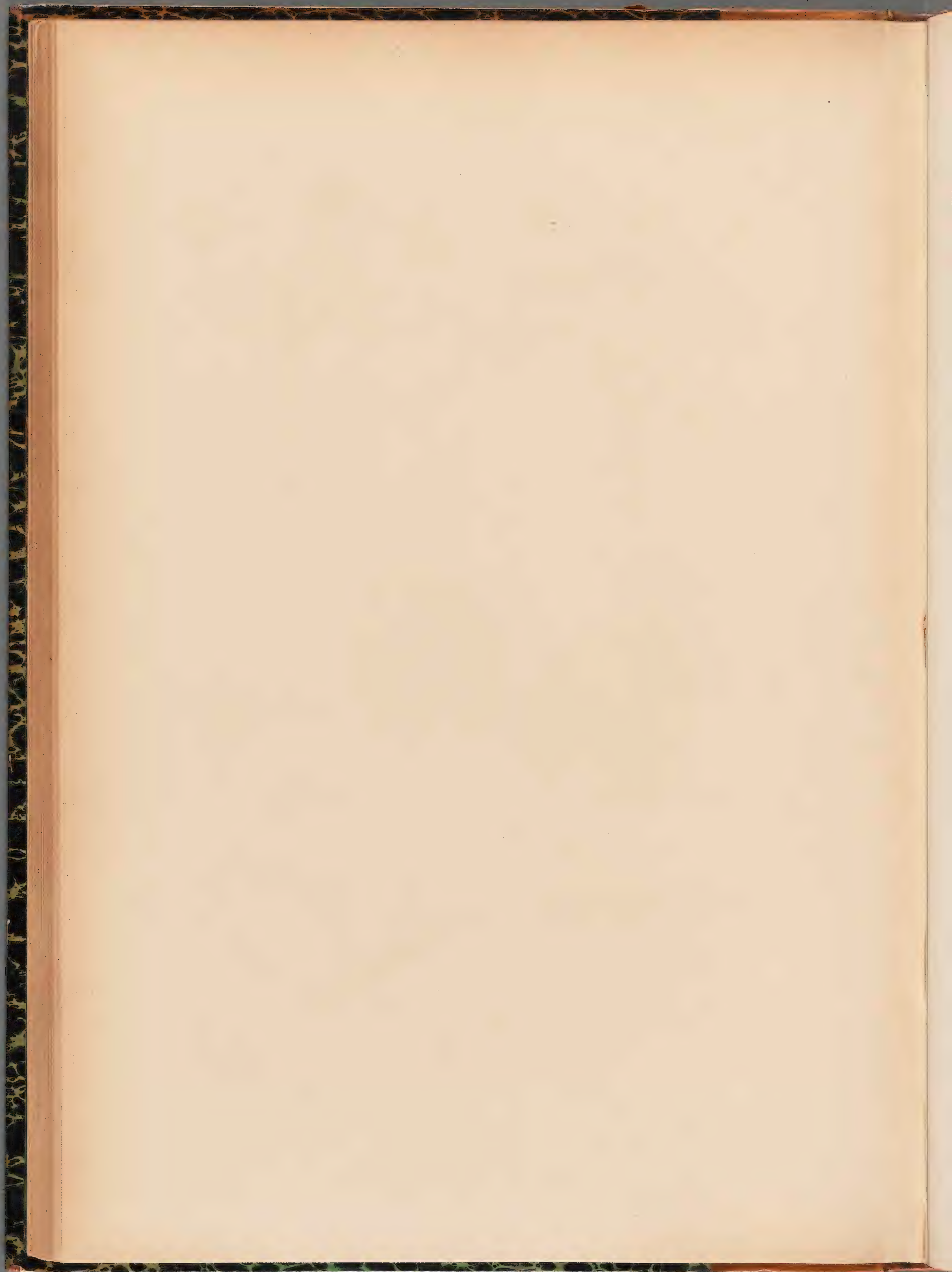


VIOLA HIRTA. L. ♀ Var. pyrenaica



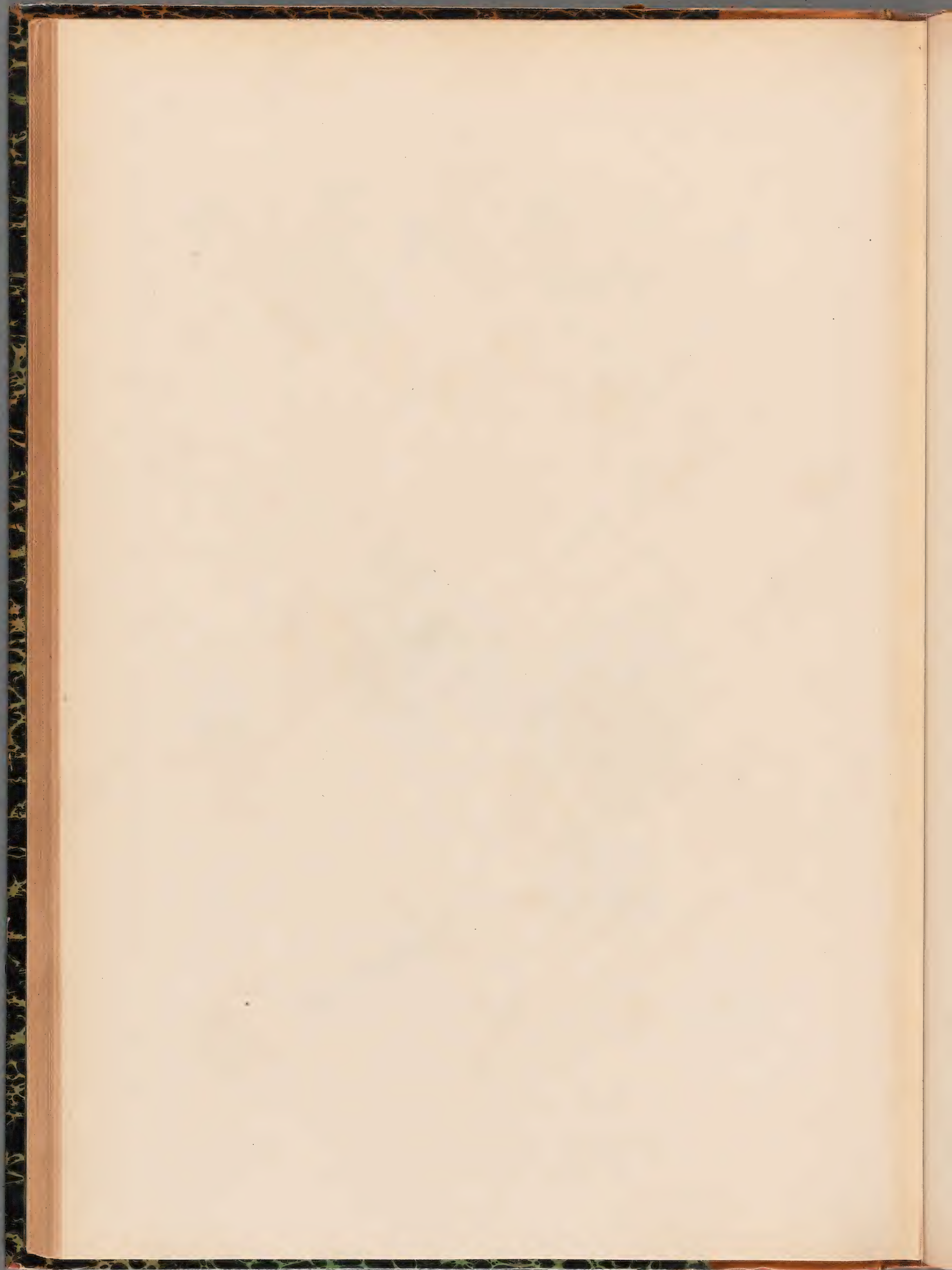


VIOLA PERMIXTA. JORD. ♀



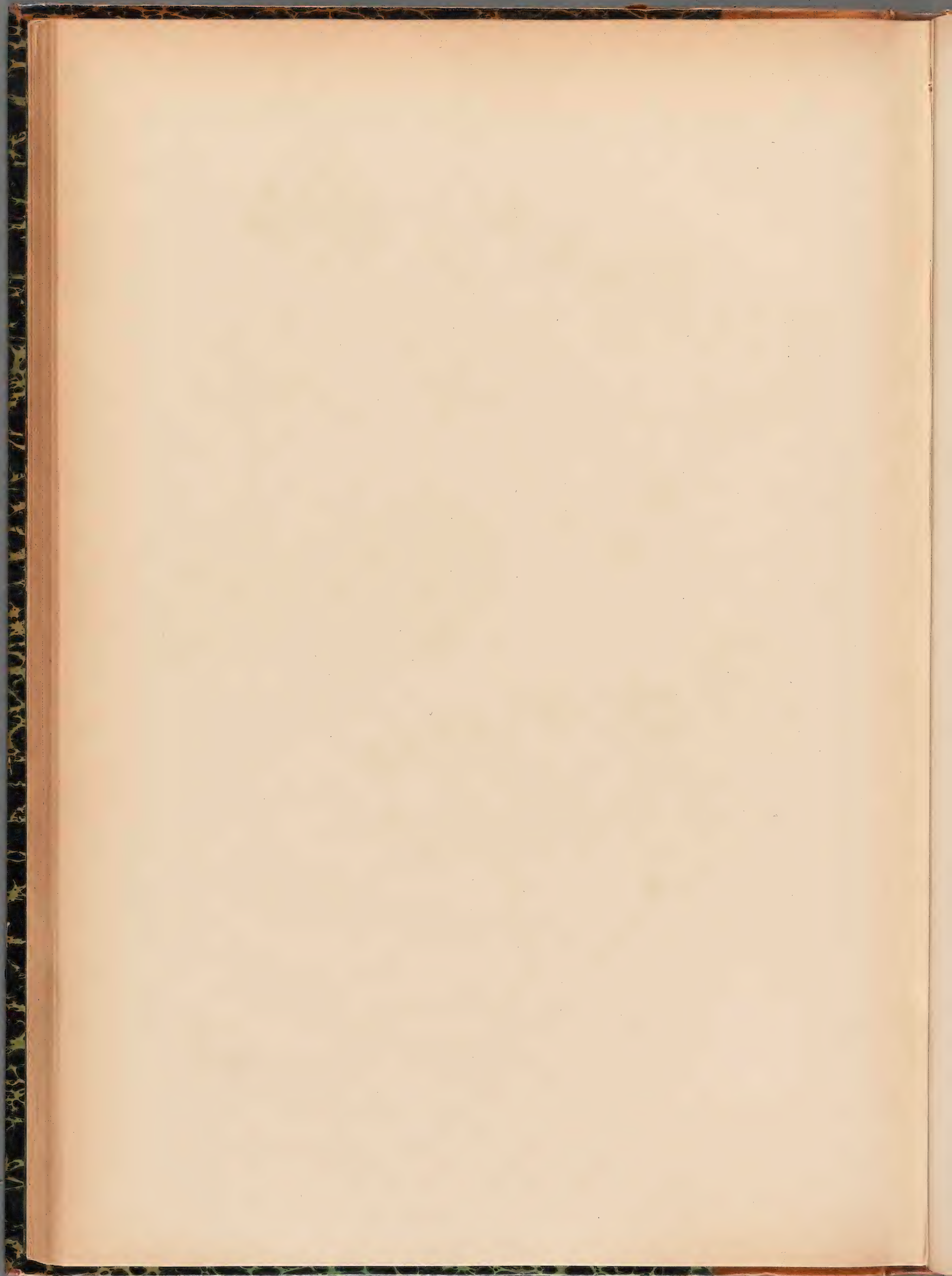


VIOLA COLLINA. BESS. ♀



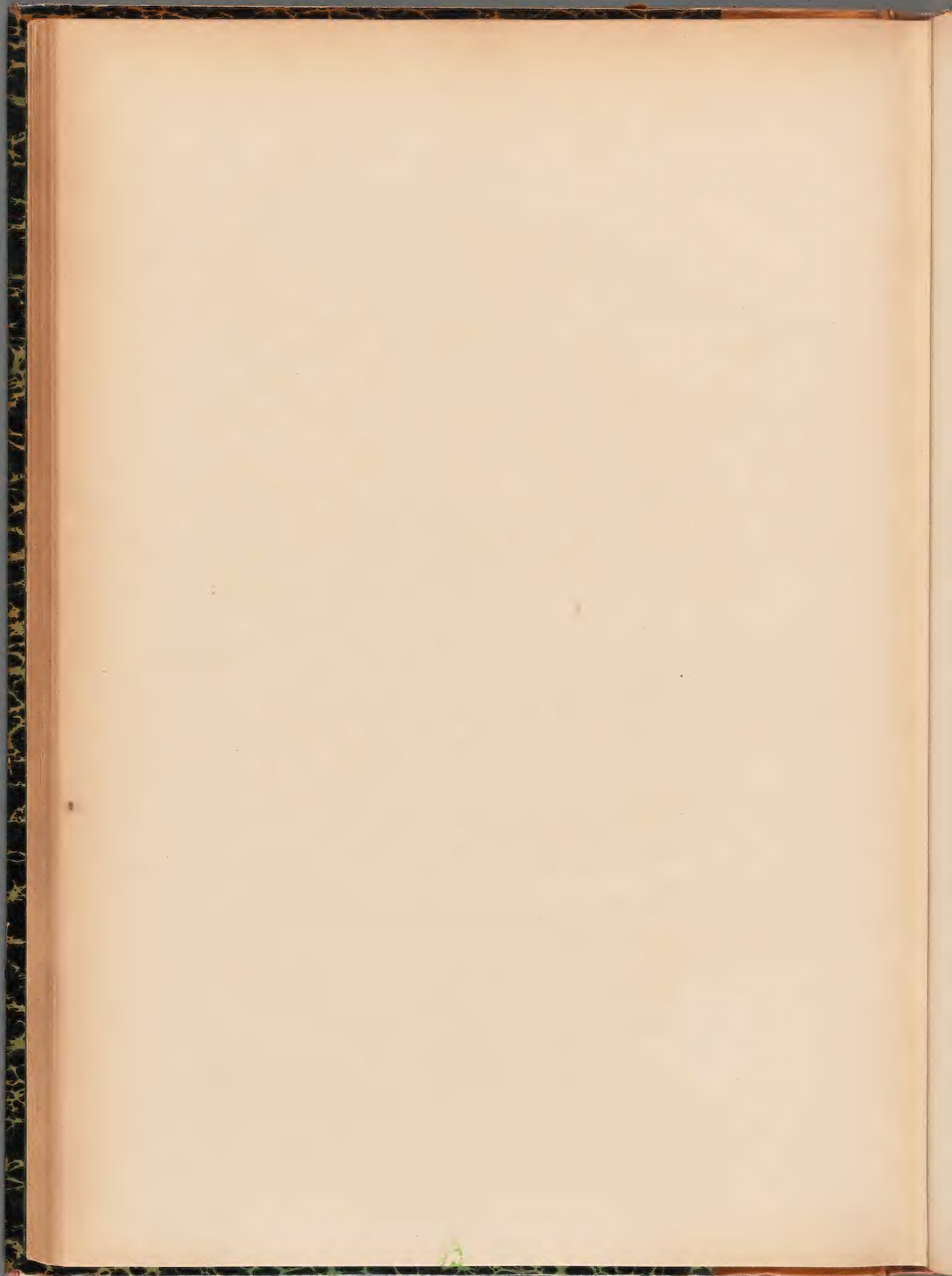


VIOLA ALBA. BESS. ♀

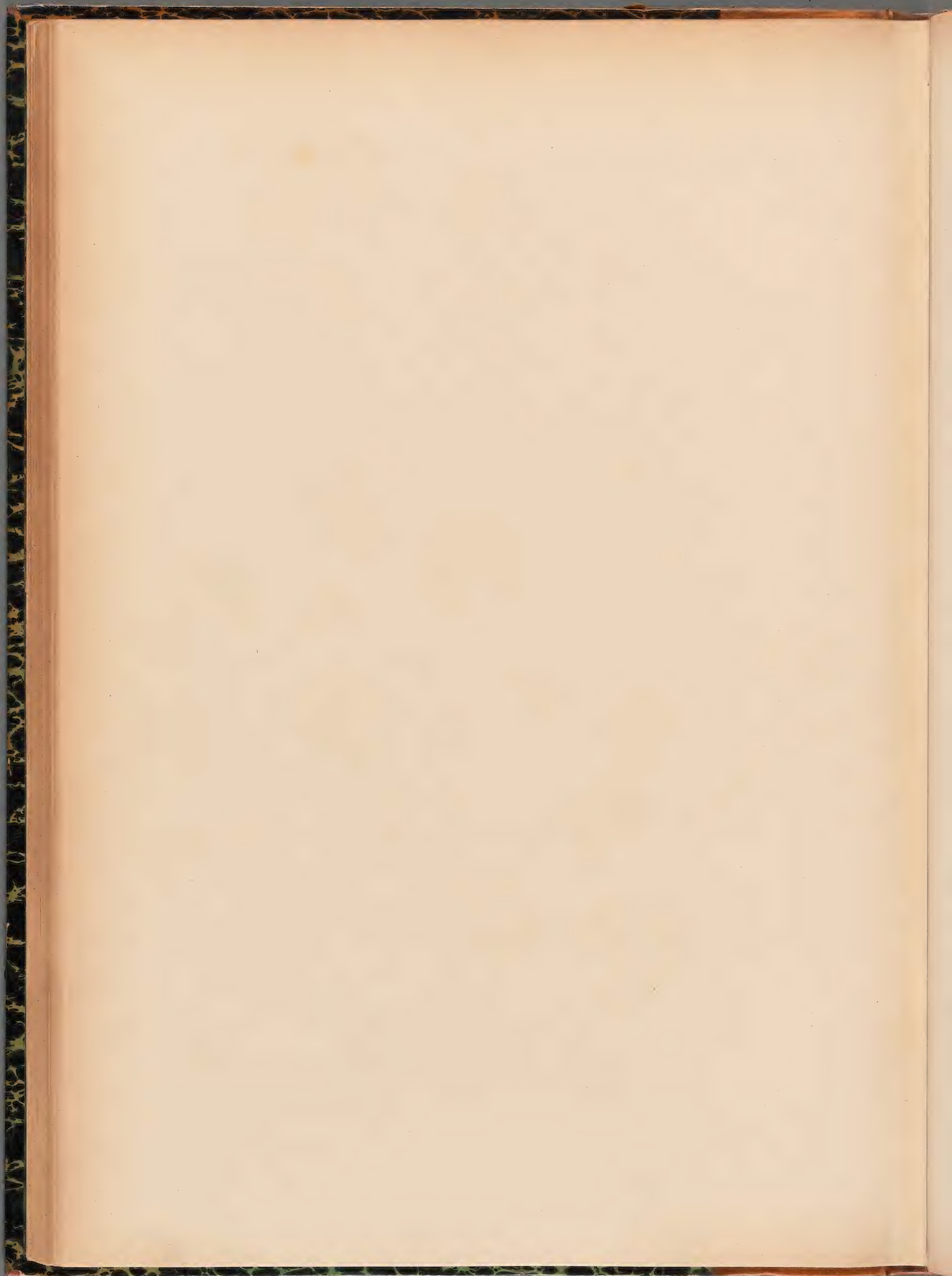




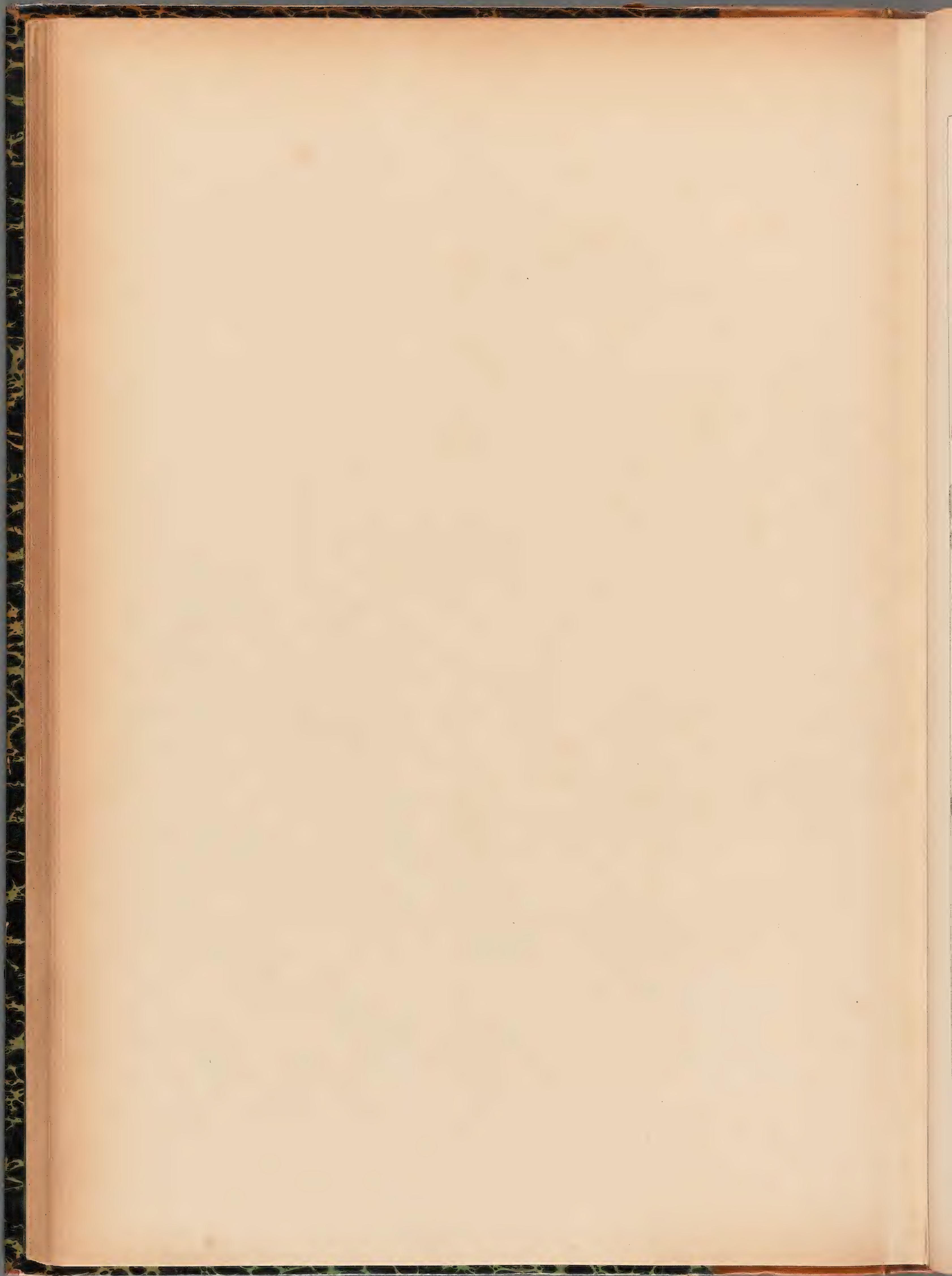
VIOLA SCOTOPHYLLA. JORD. ♀









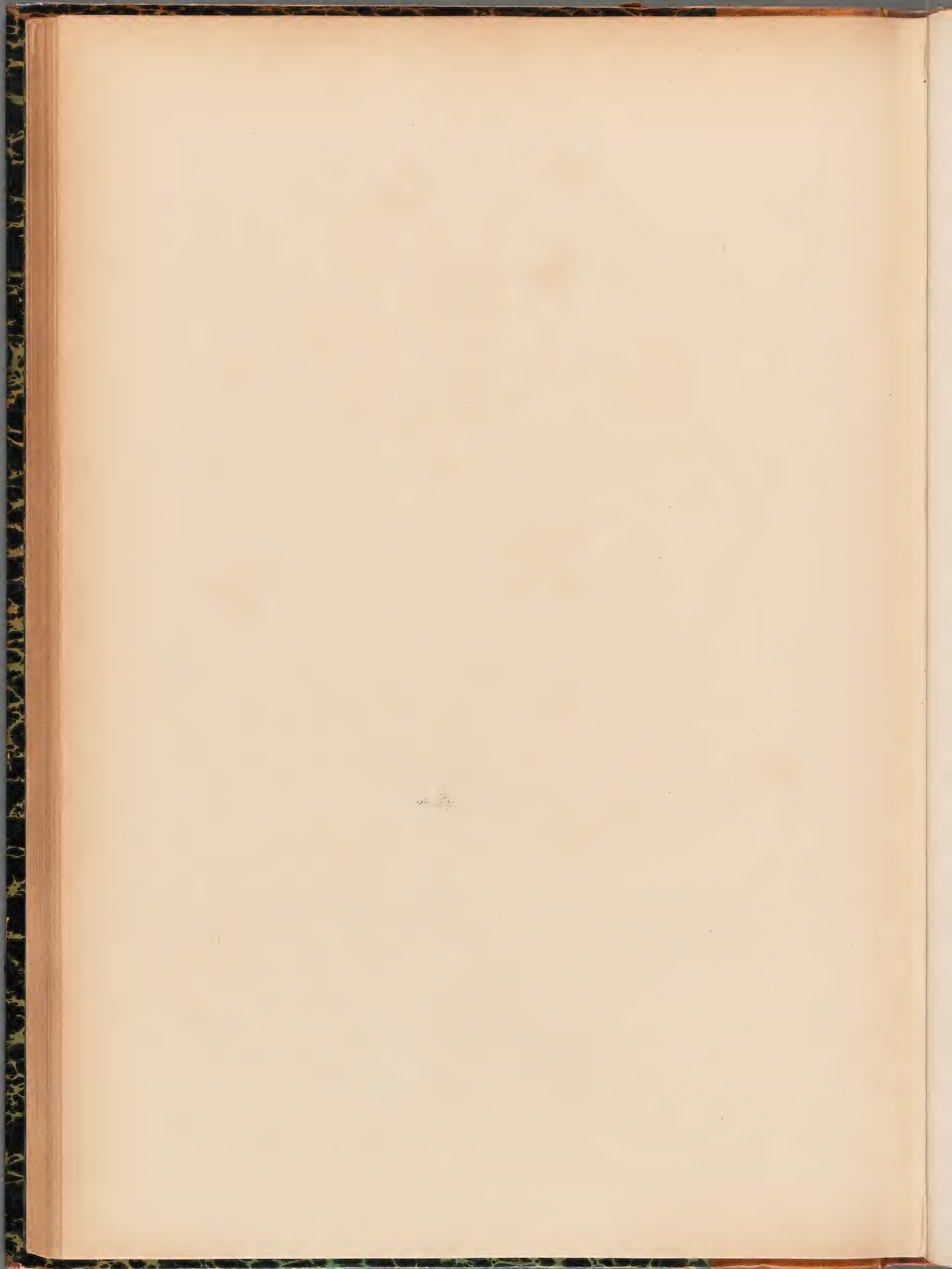






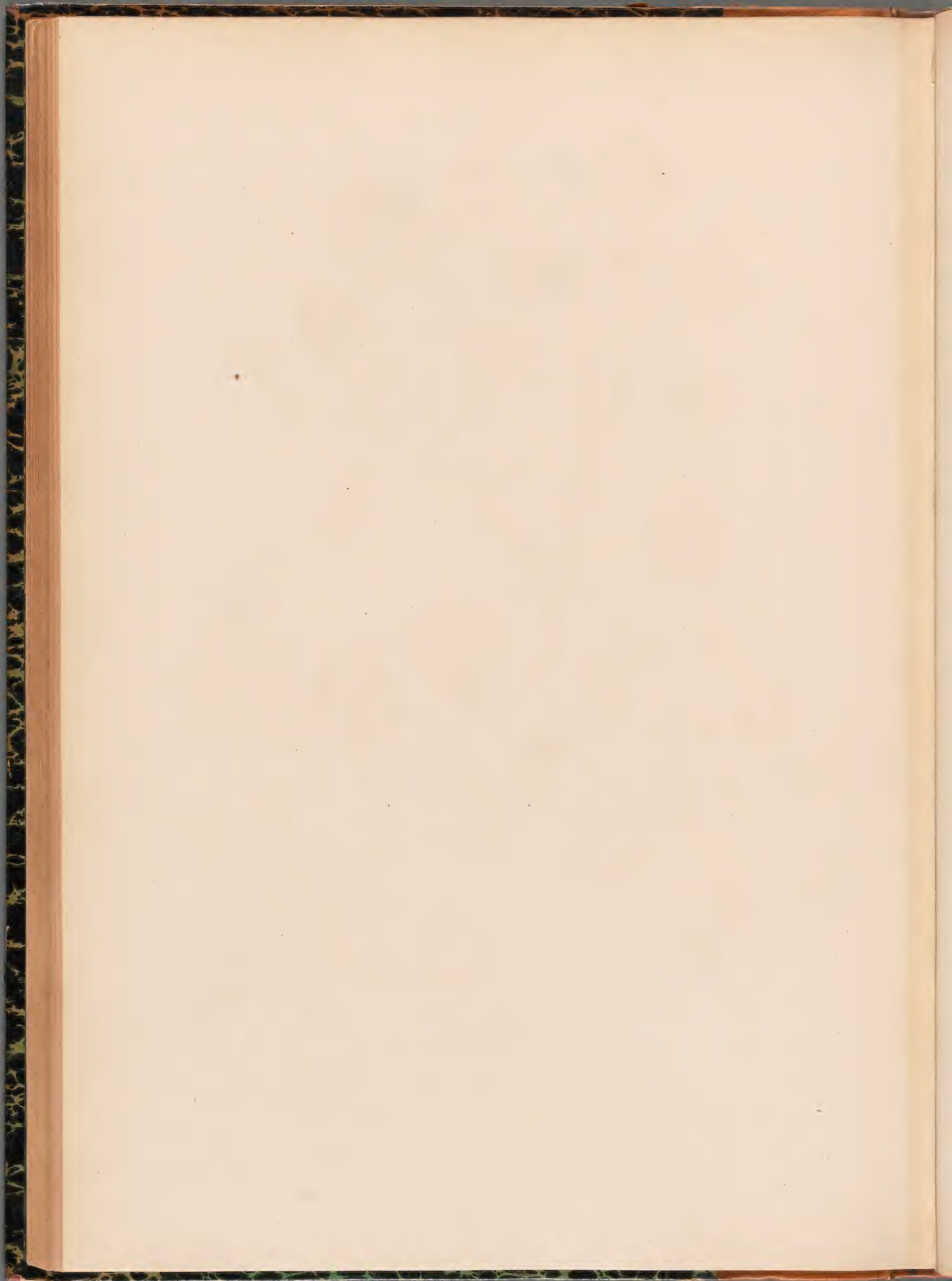


VIOLA MULTICAULIS. JORD. ♀

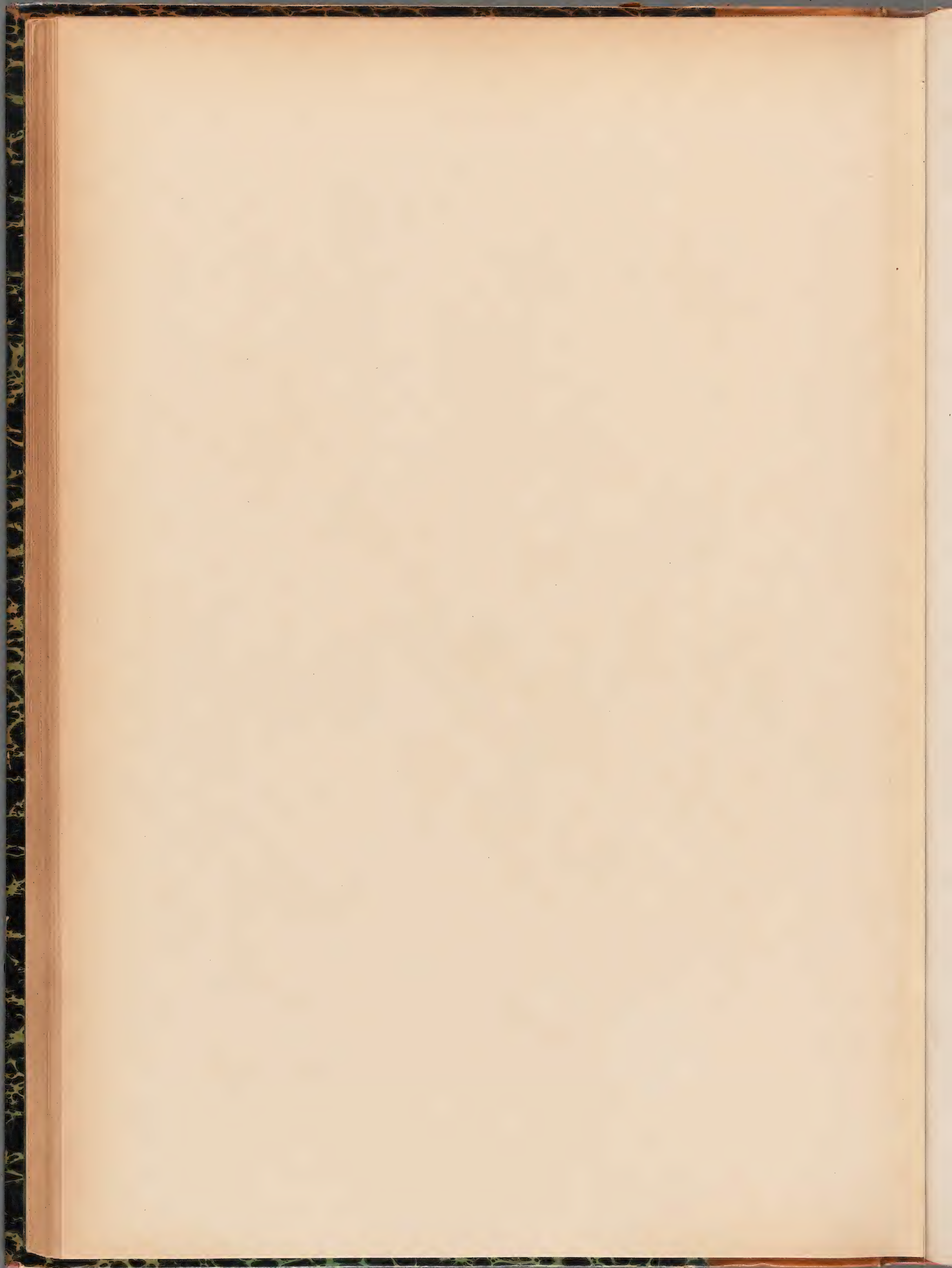




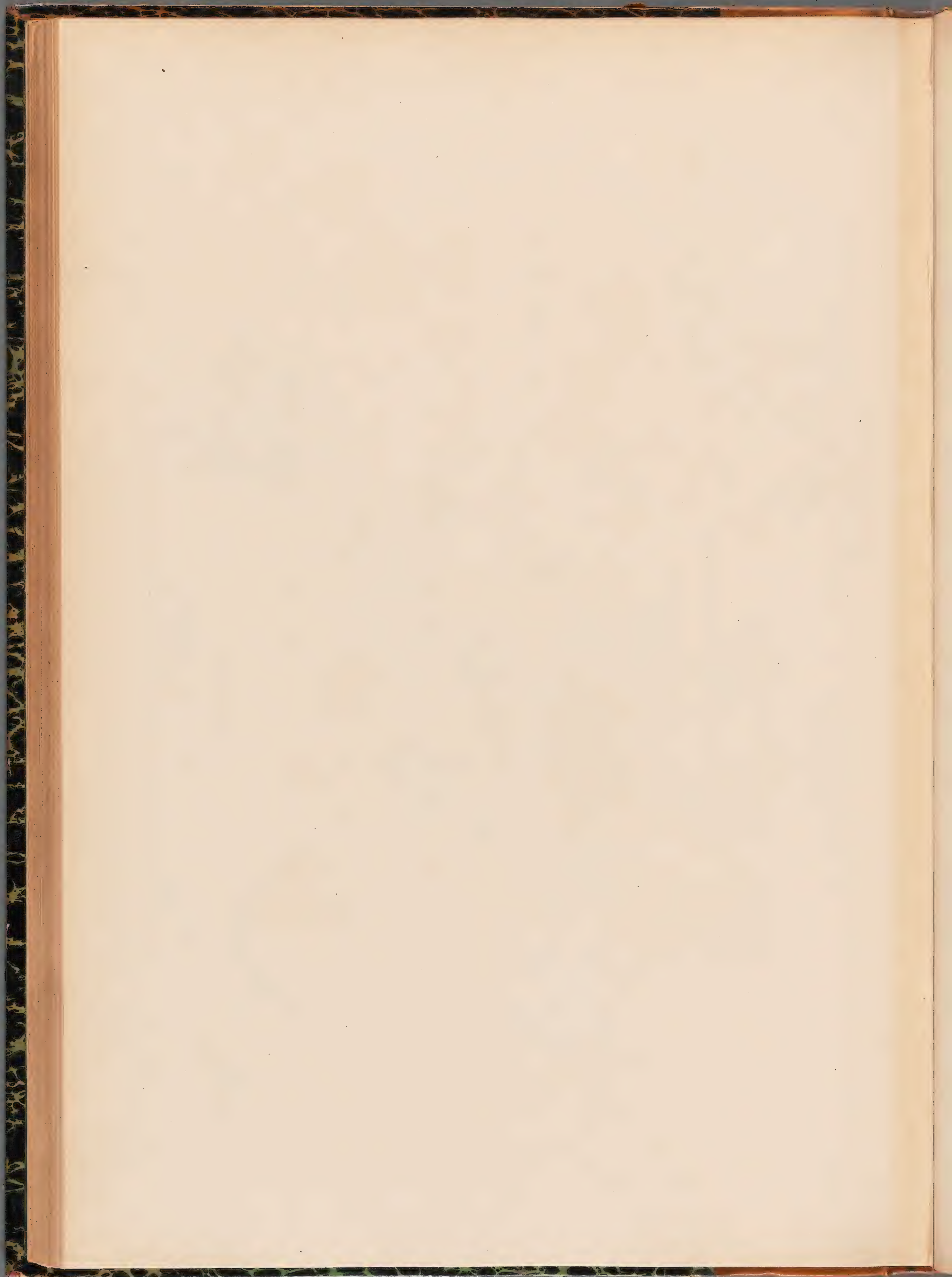
VIOLA ODORATA. L. ♀ Var. *dunetorum*.





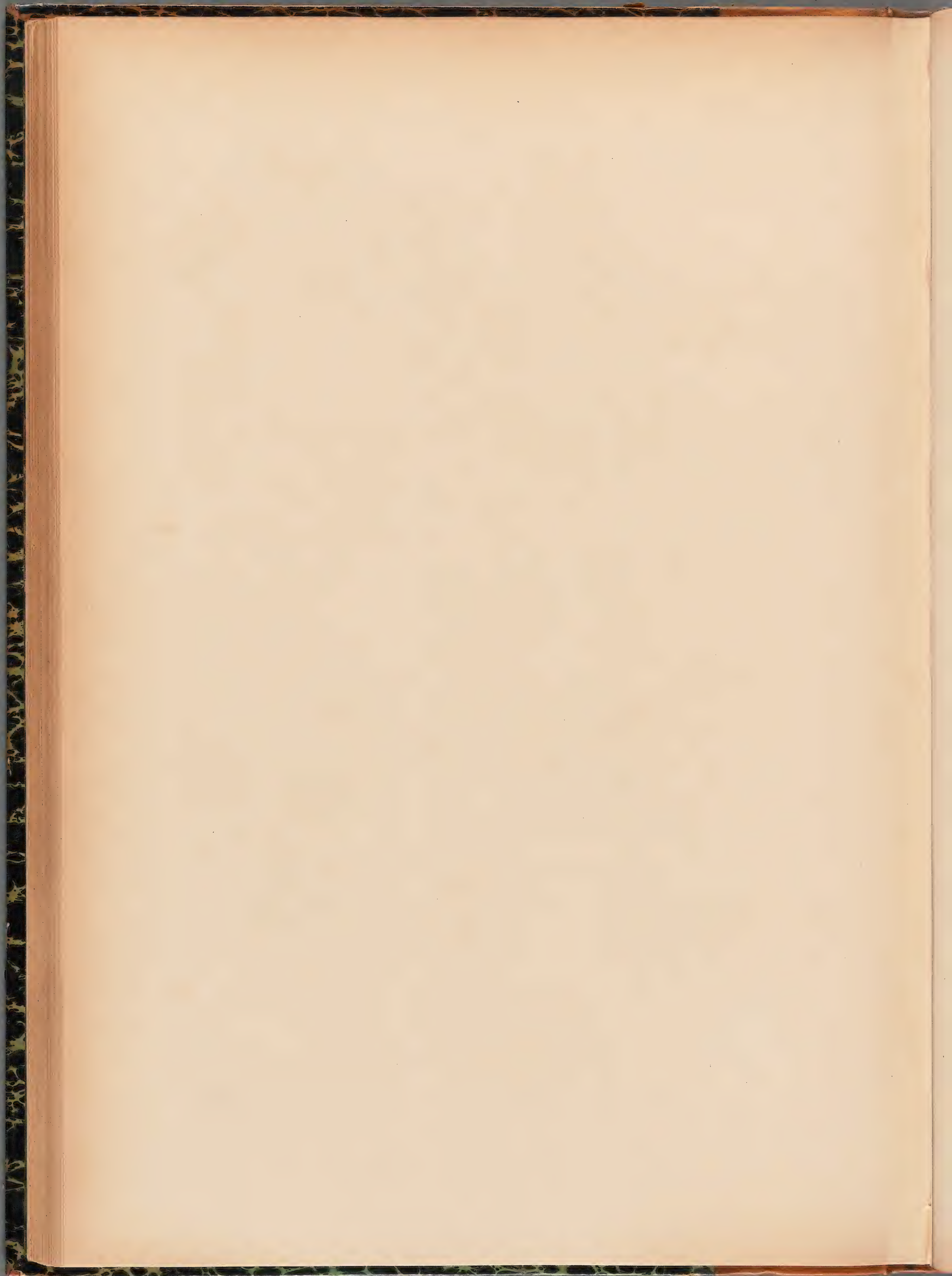








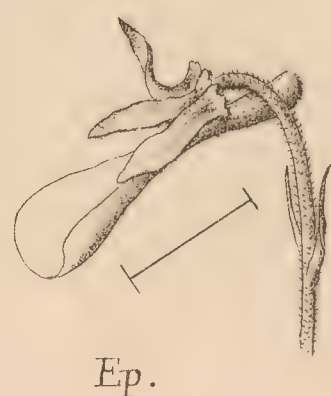
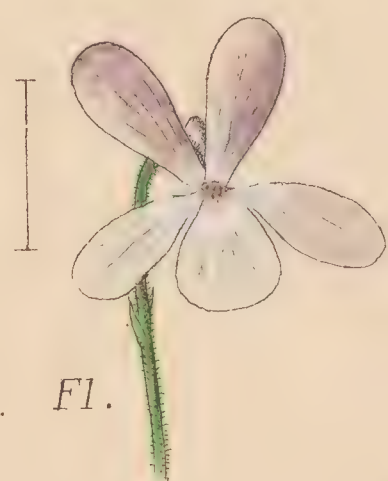
VIOLA SYLVATICA. FRIES. 7



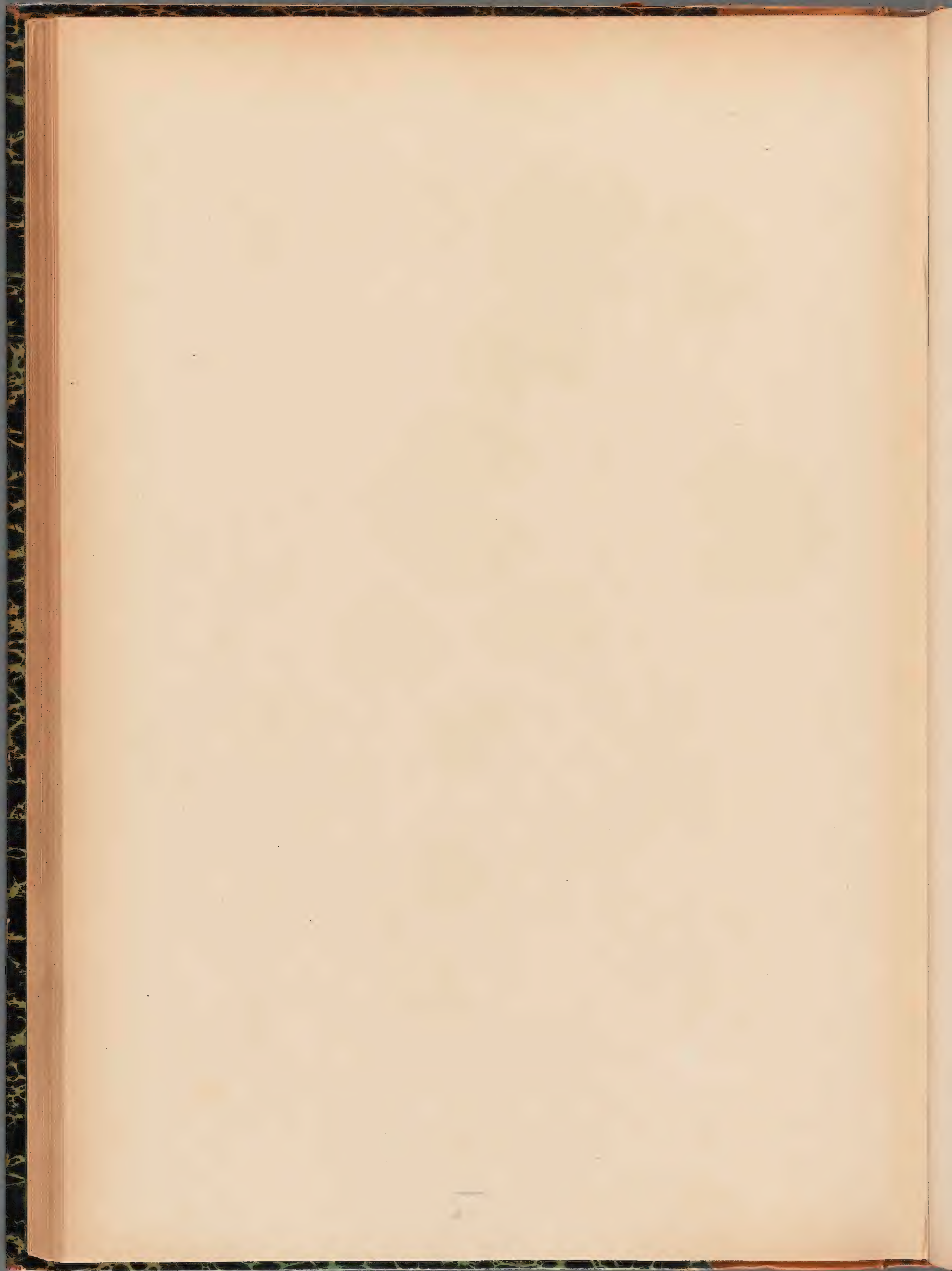


VIOLA SYLVATICA. FRIES. ♀ Var. Riviniana.





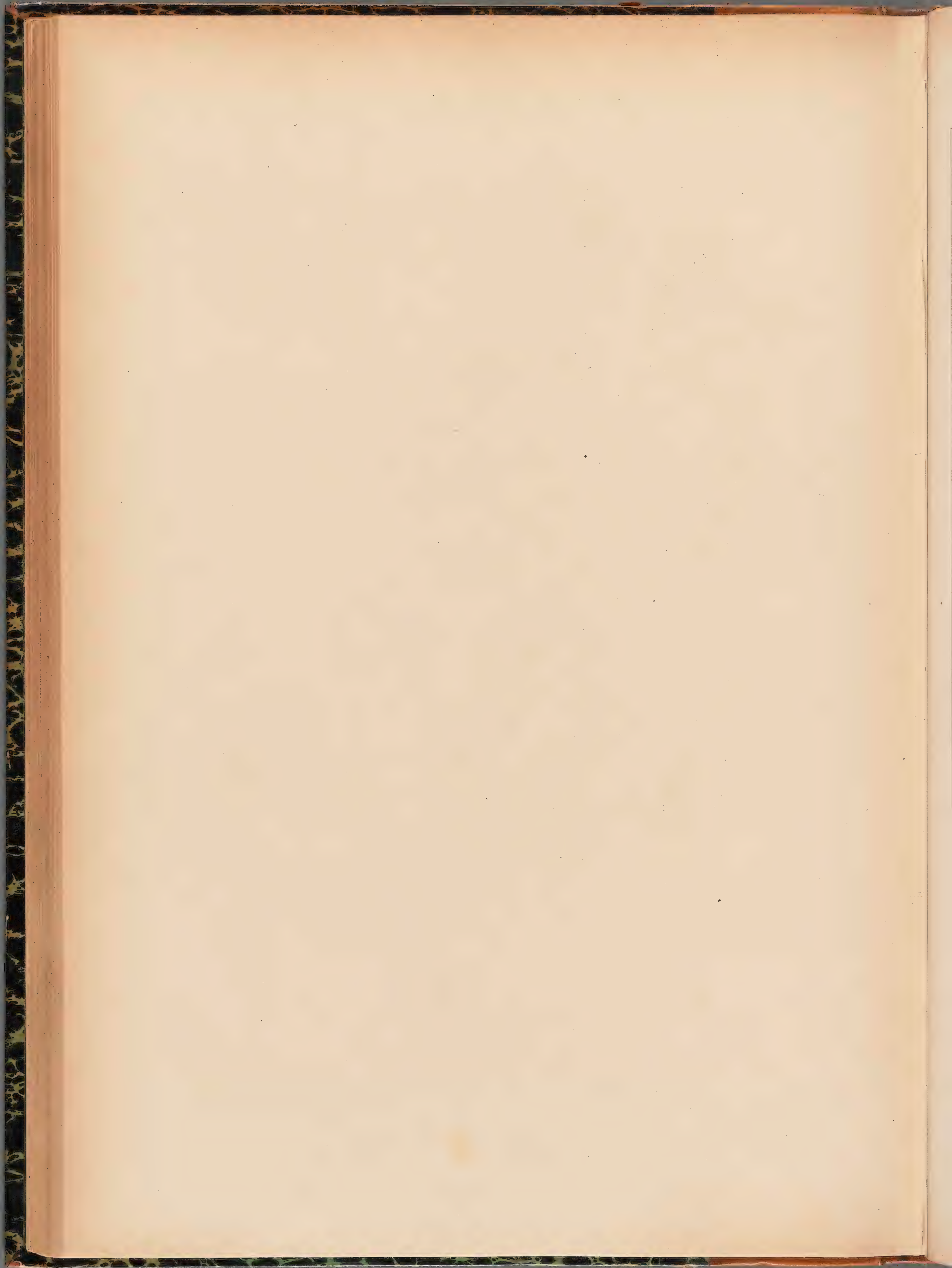
VIOLA ARENARIA. D. C. ♀



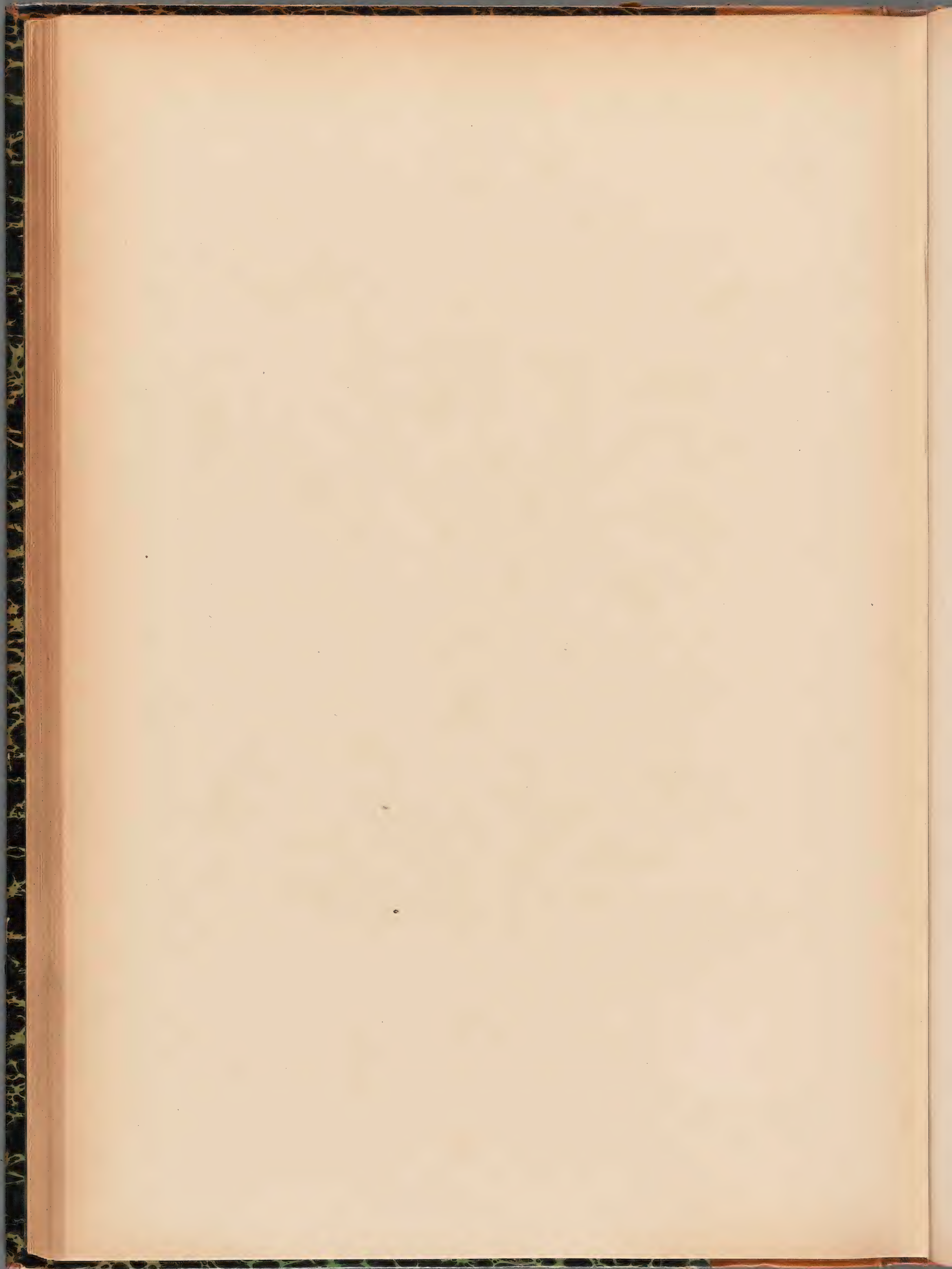
p. 495 pas pour
violariées



VIOLA MIRABILIS. L. ♀

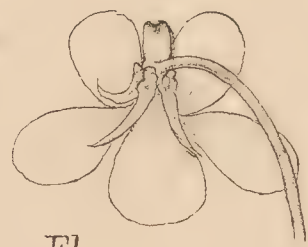






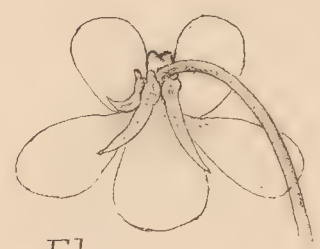






Fl

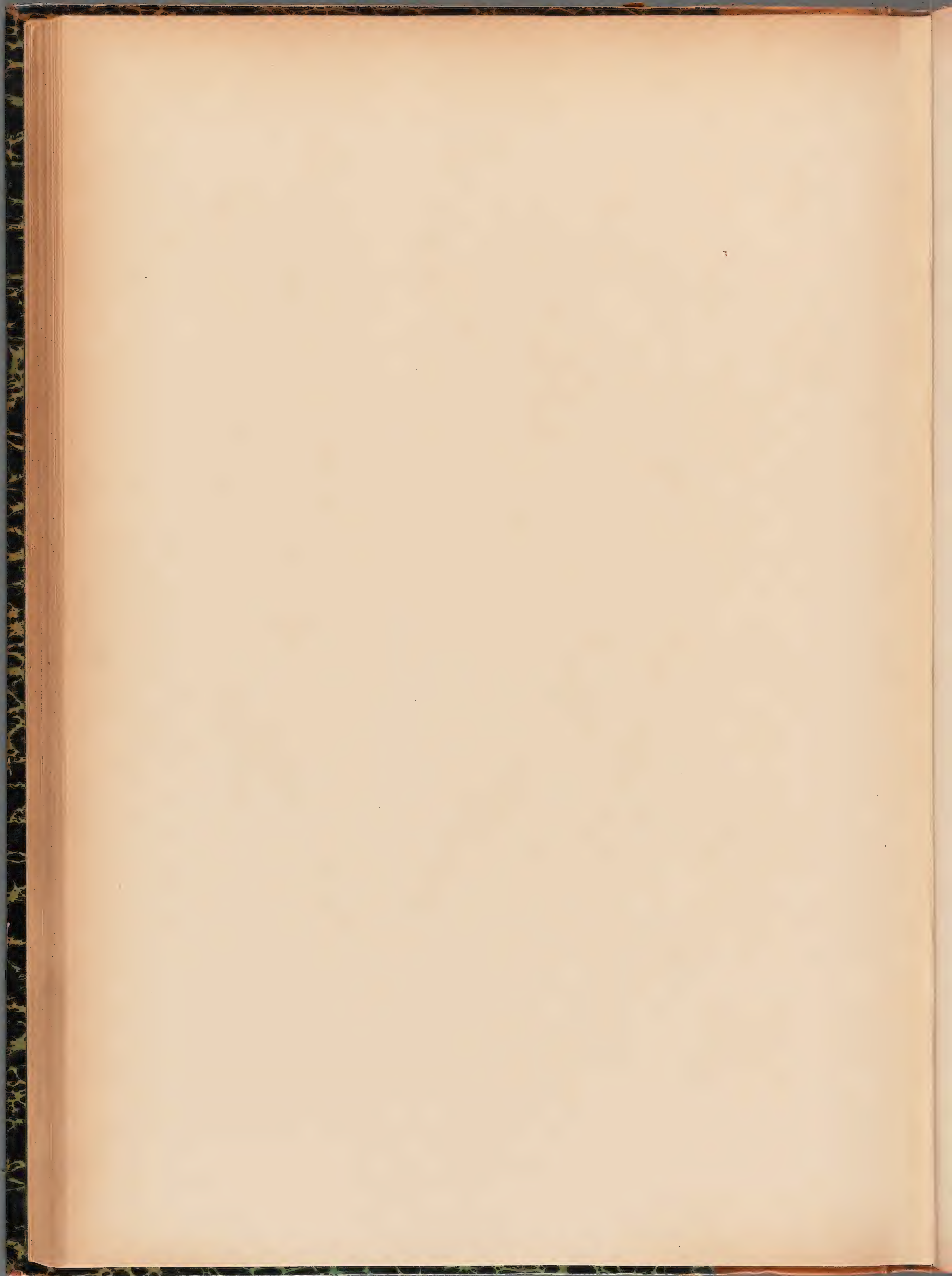
Var. *calcarea*.



Fl.

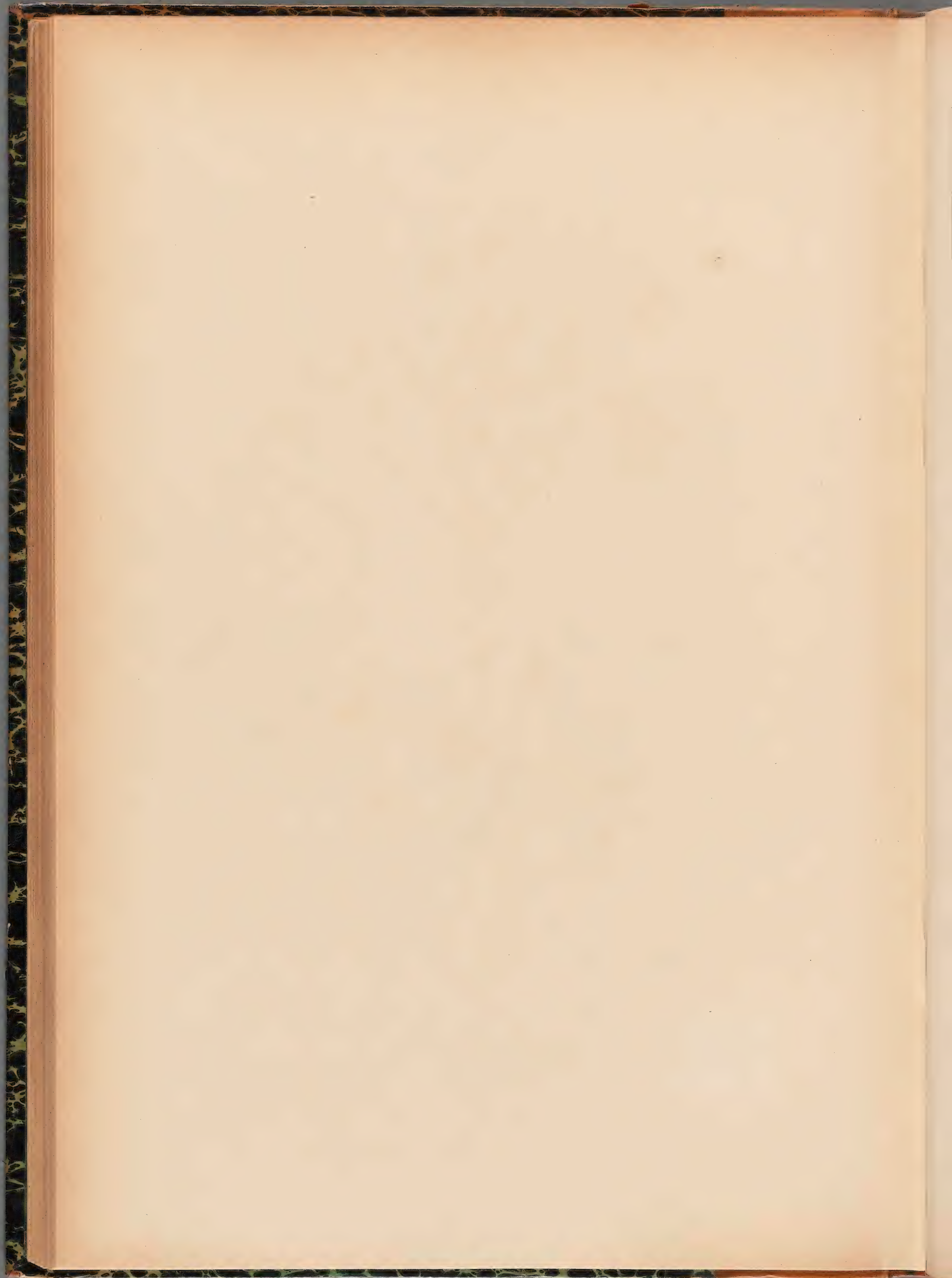
Var. *sabulosa*.

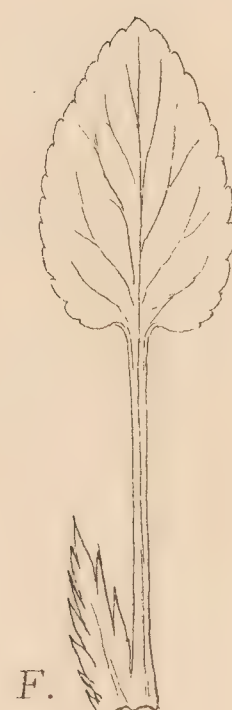
VIOLA CANINA. L. ♀



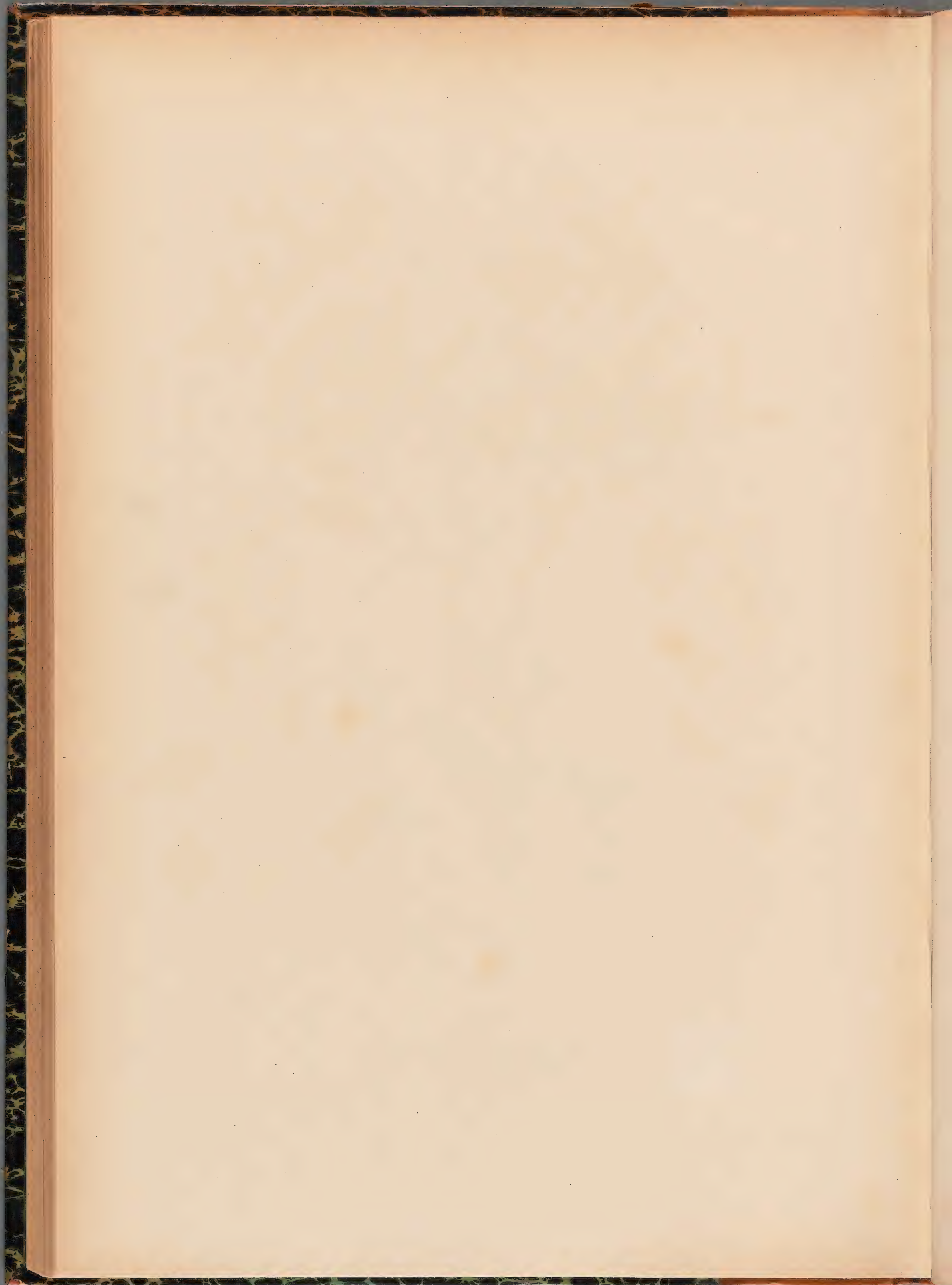


VIOLA PUMILA. VILL. 4

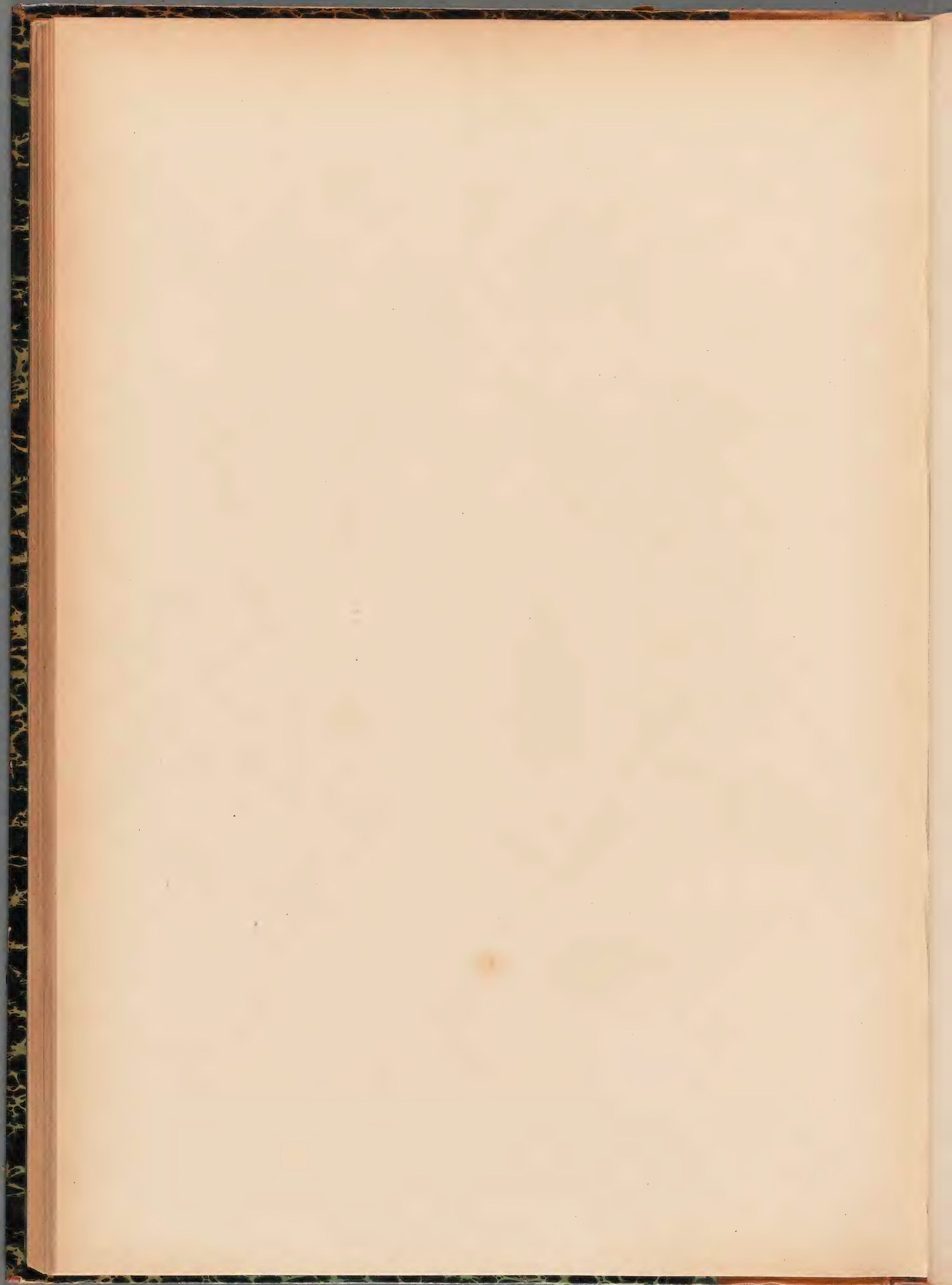




VIOLA SCHULTZII. BILLOT. ♀

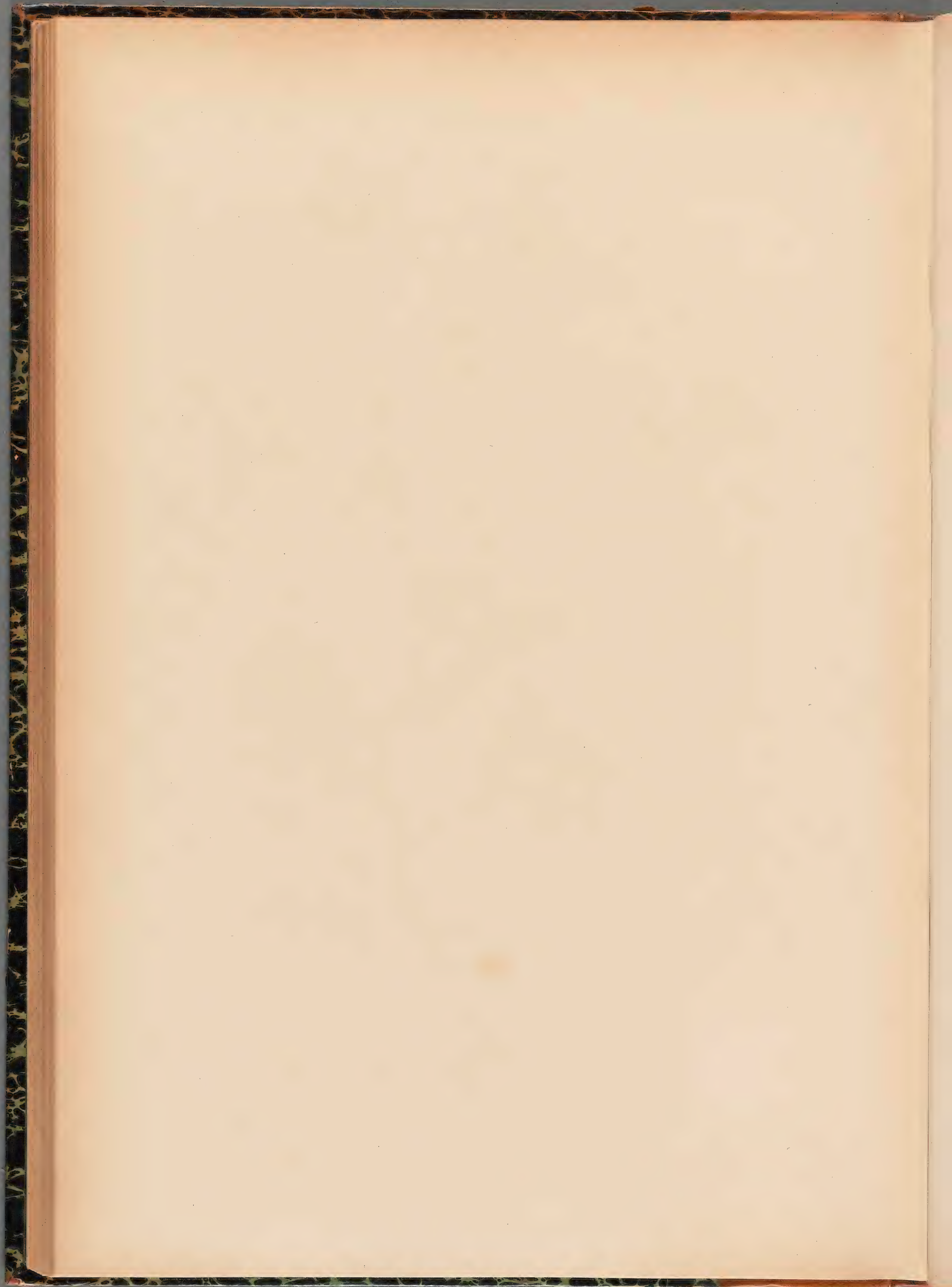






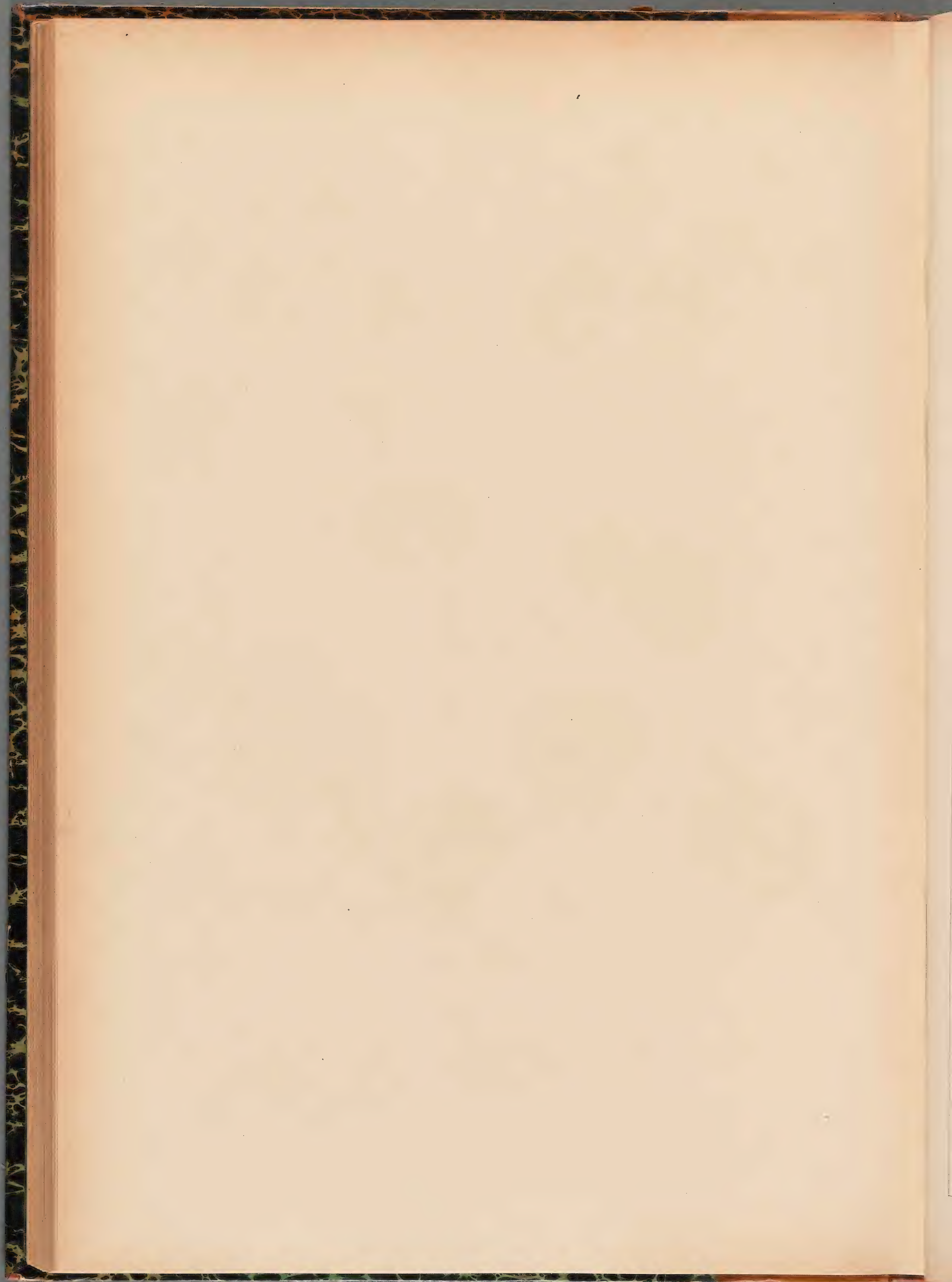


VIOLA ELATIOR. FRIES. 4



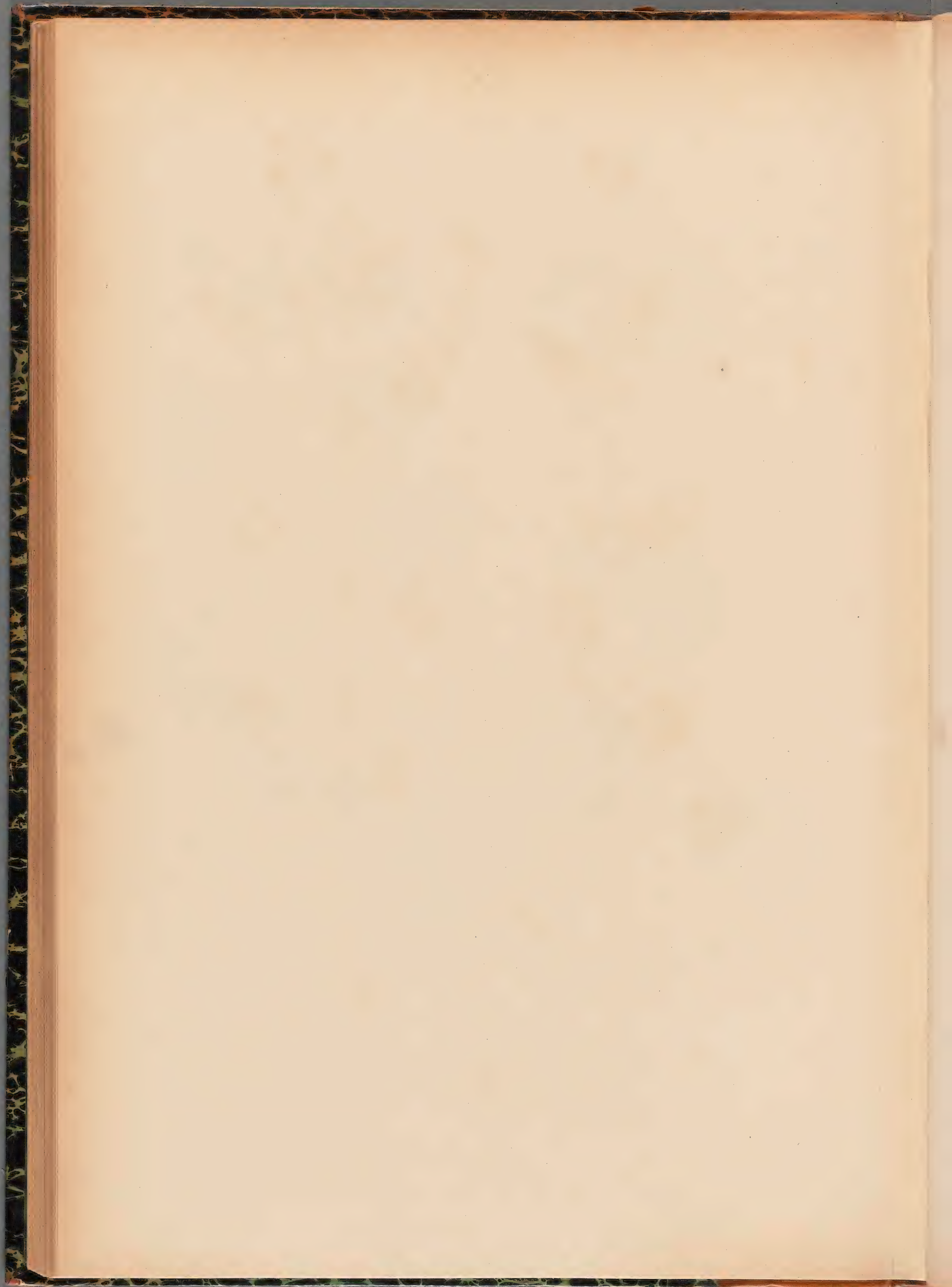


VIOLA ARBORESCENS. L. ♀

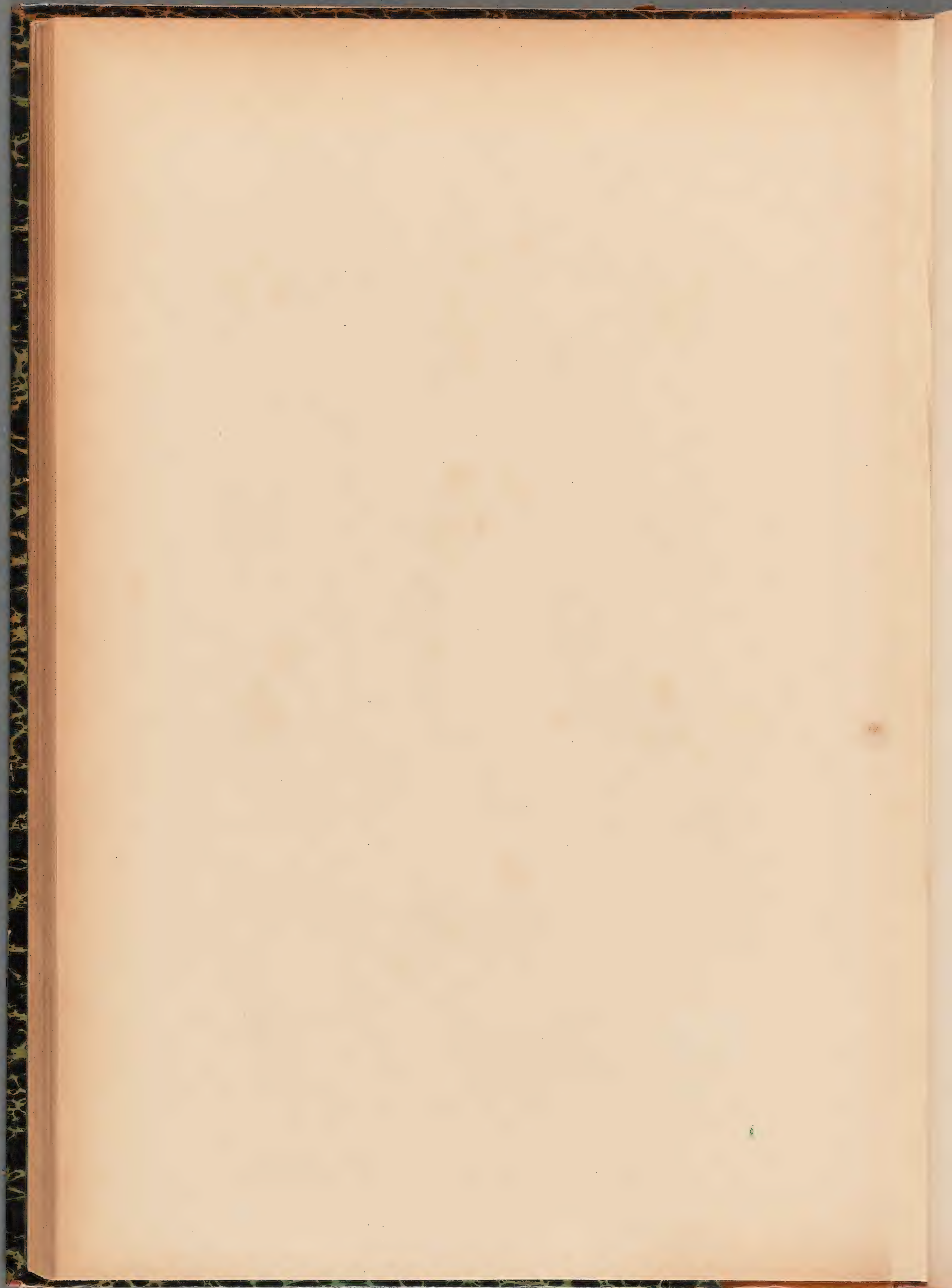




VIOLA BIFLORA. L. 2

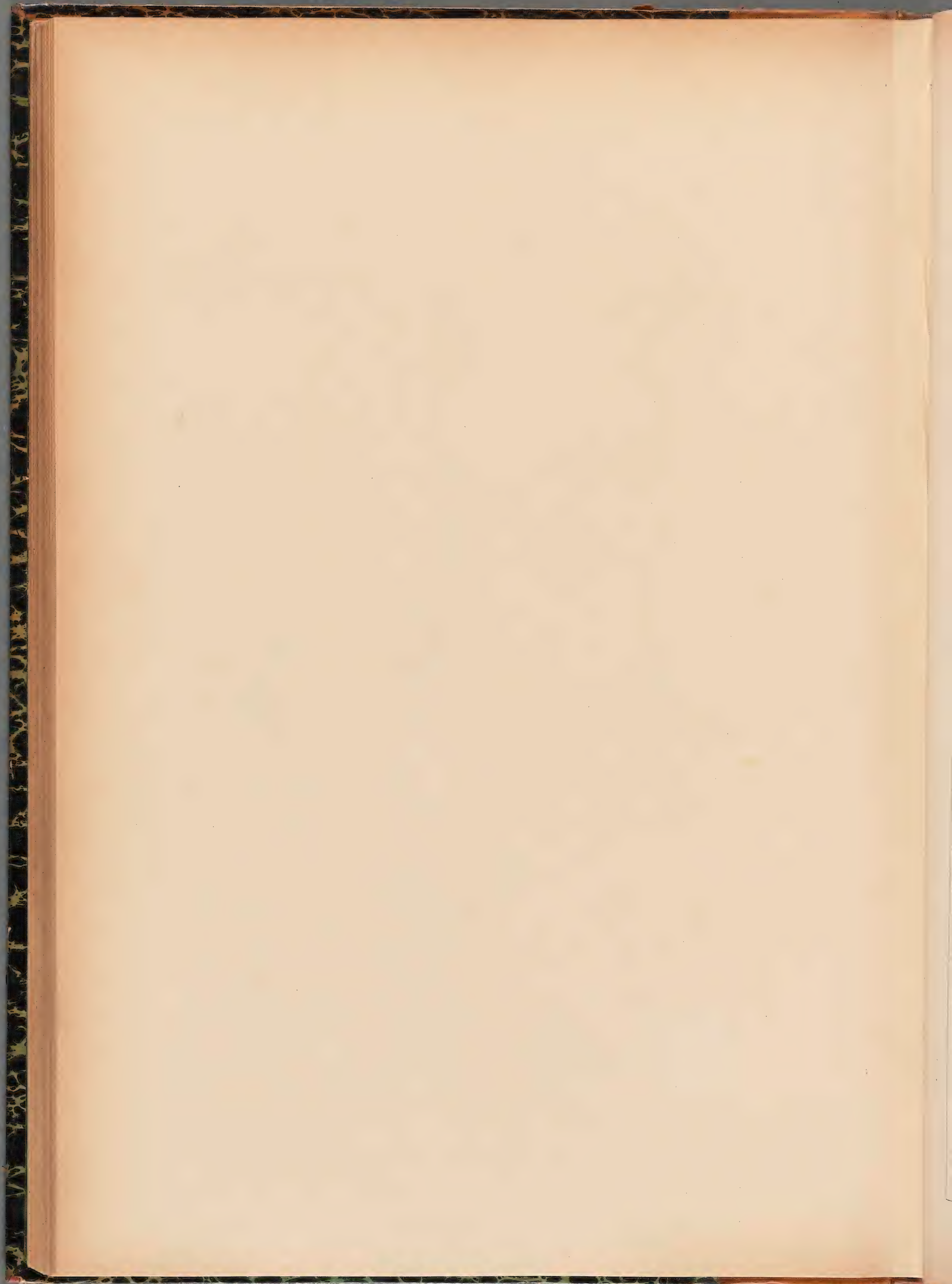






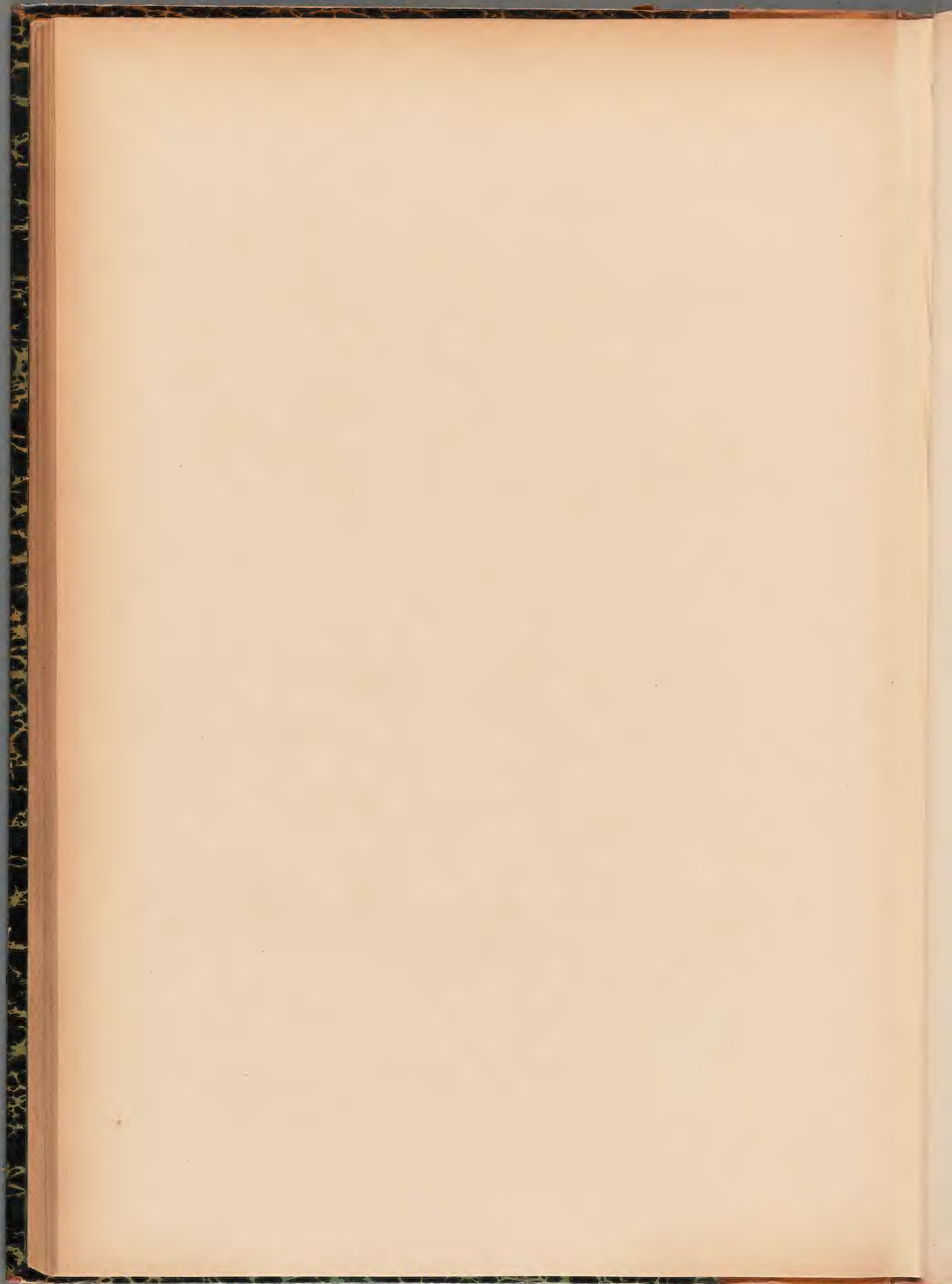


VIOLA TRICOLOR. L. ① *Var. parvula.*

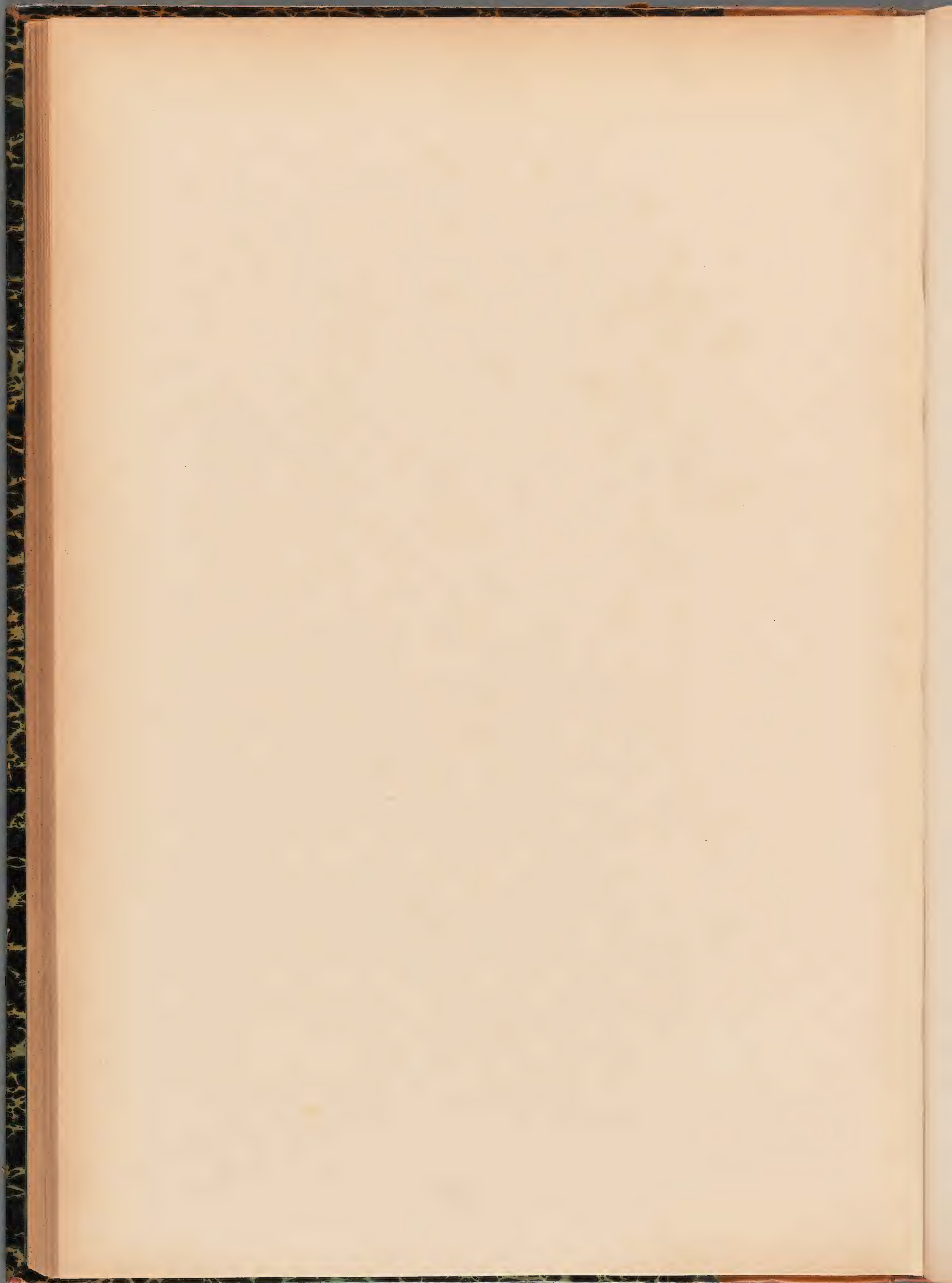




VIOLA TRICOLOR. L. ① Var. *gracilescens*.

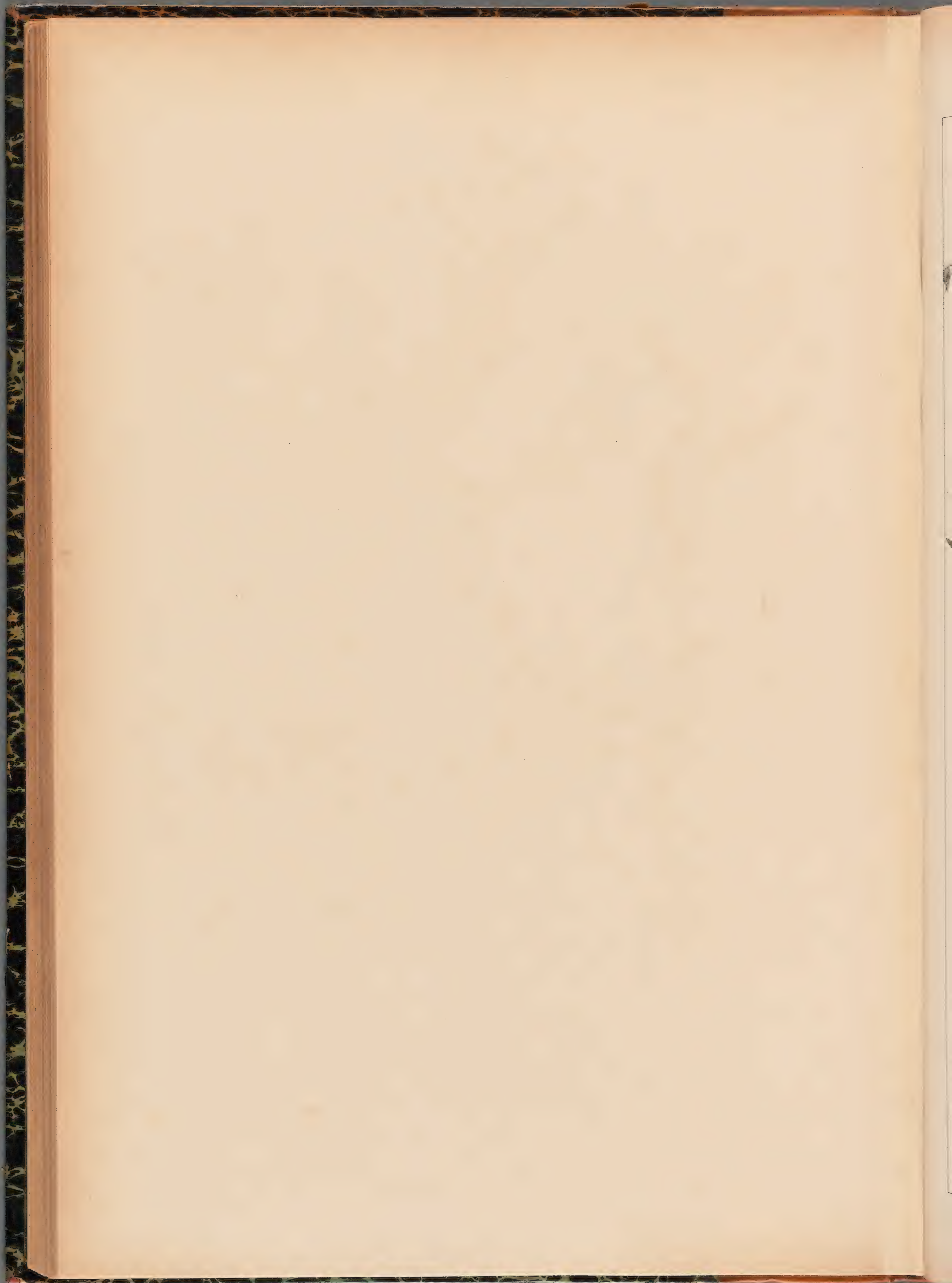






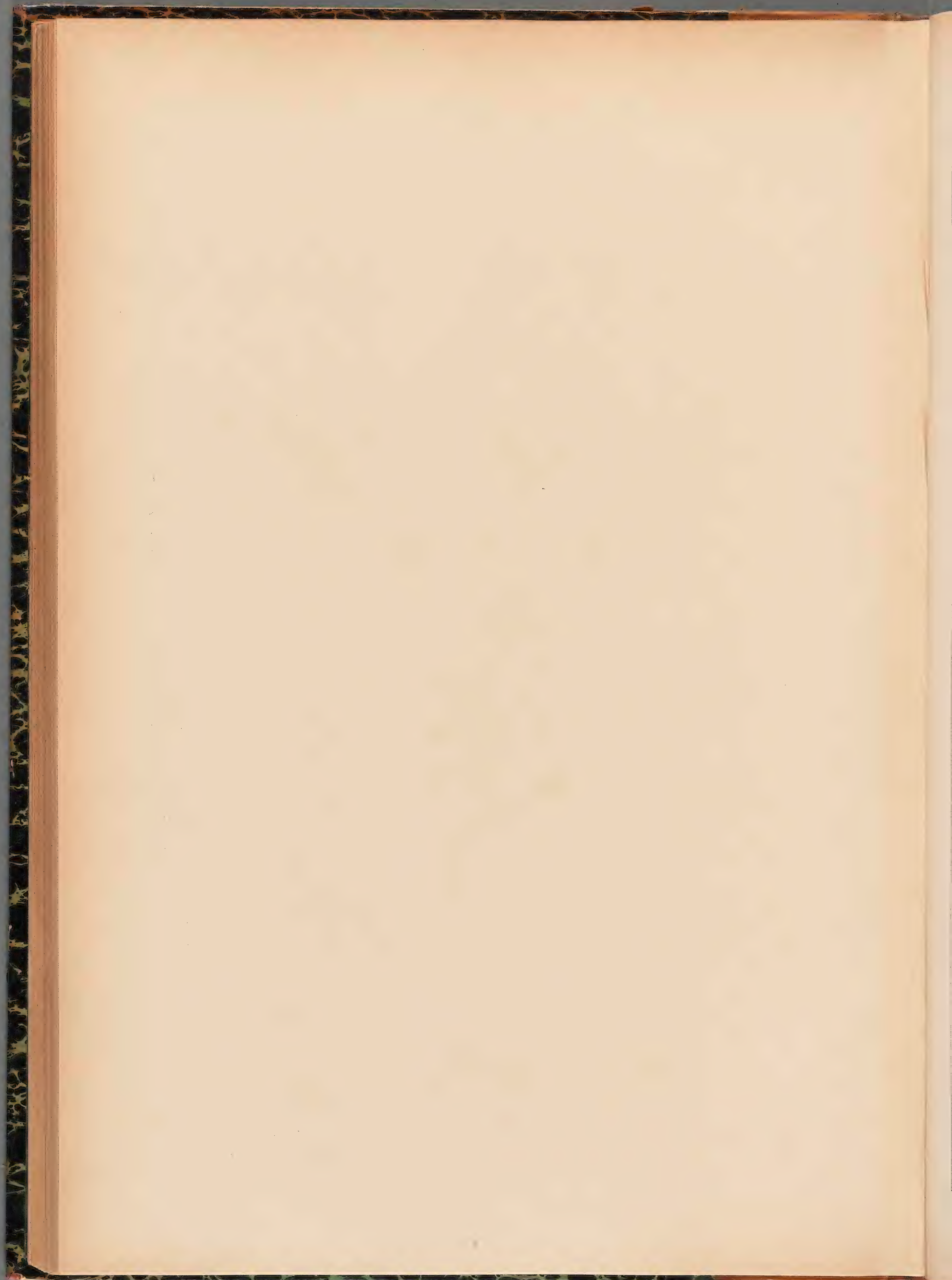


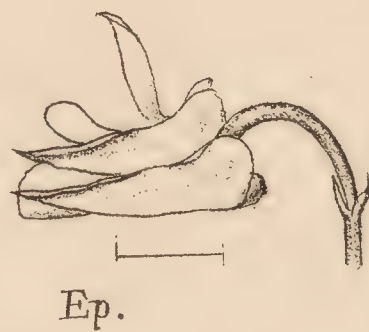
VIOLA TRICOLOR. L. ① *Var agrestica*.



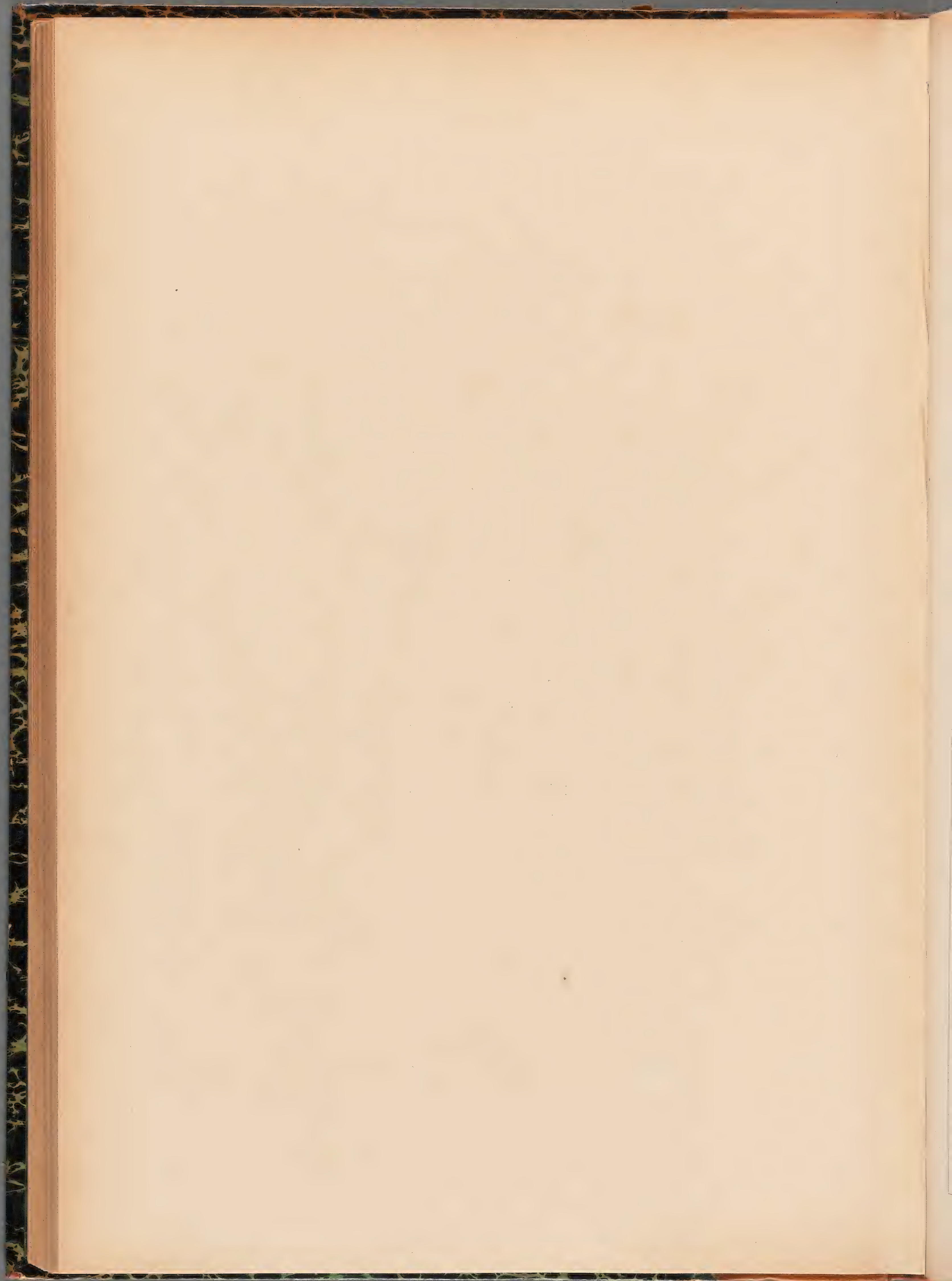


VIOLA TRICOLOR. L. ① Var. *segetalis*.





VIOLA TRICOLOR. L. ① Var. pallescens.



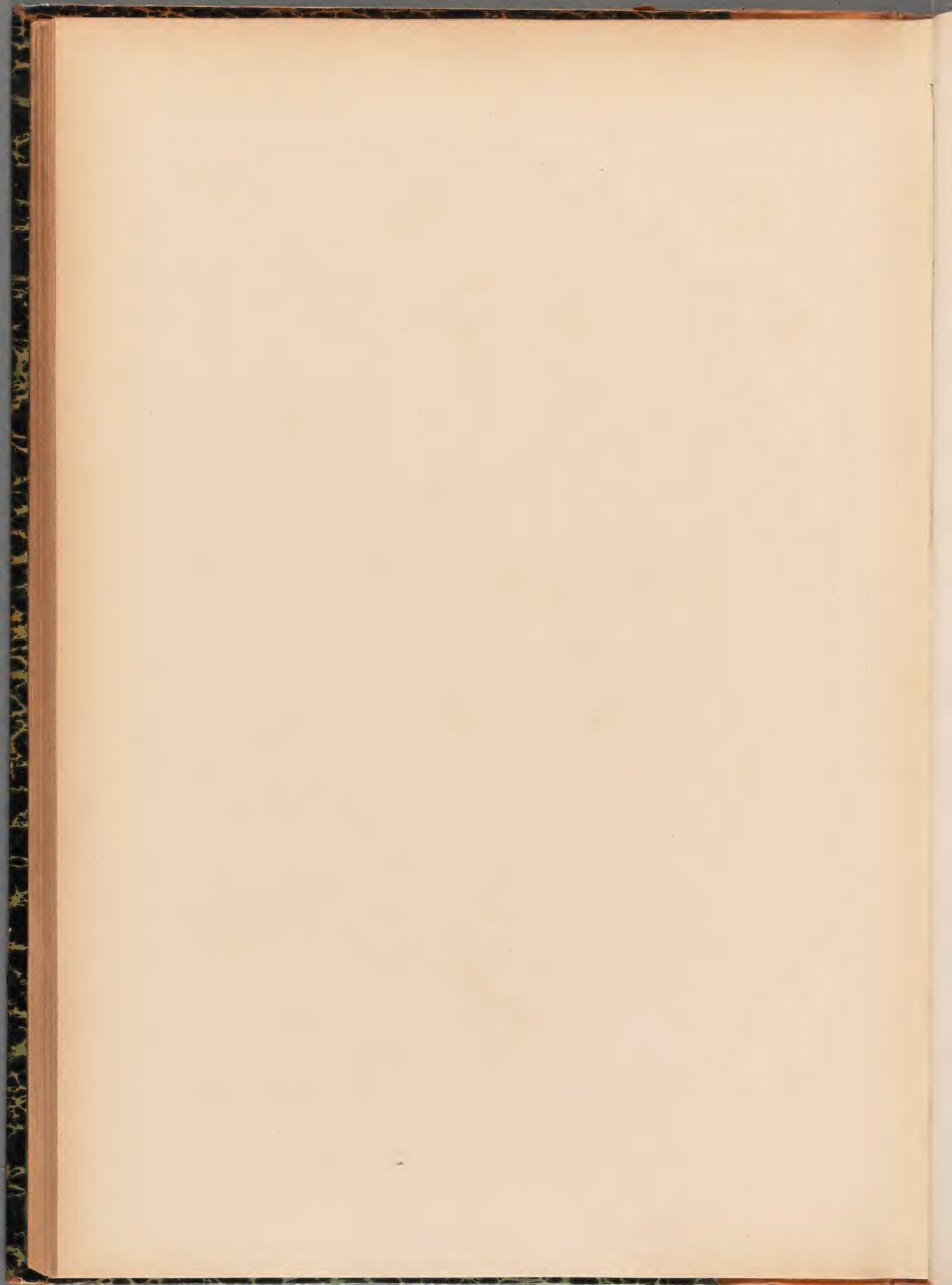


Fl.

Ep.

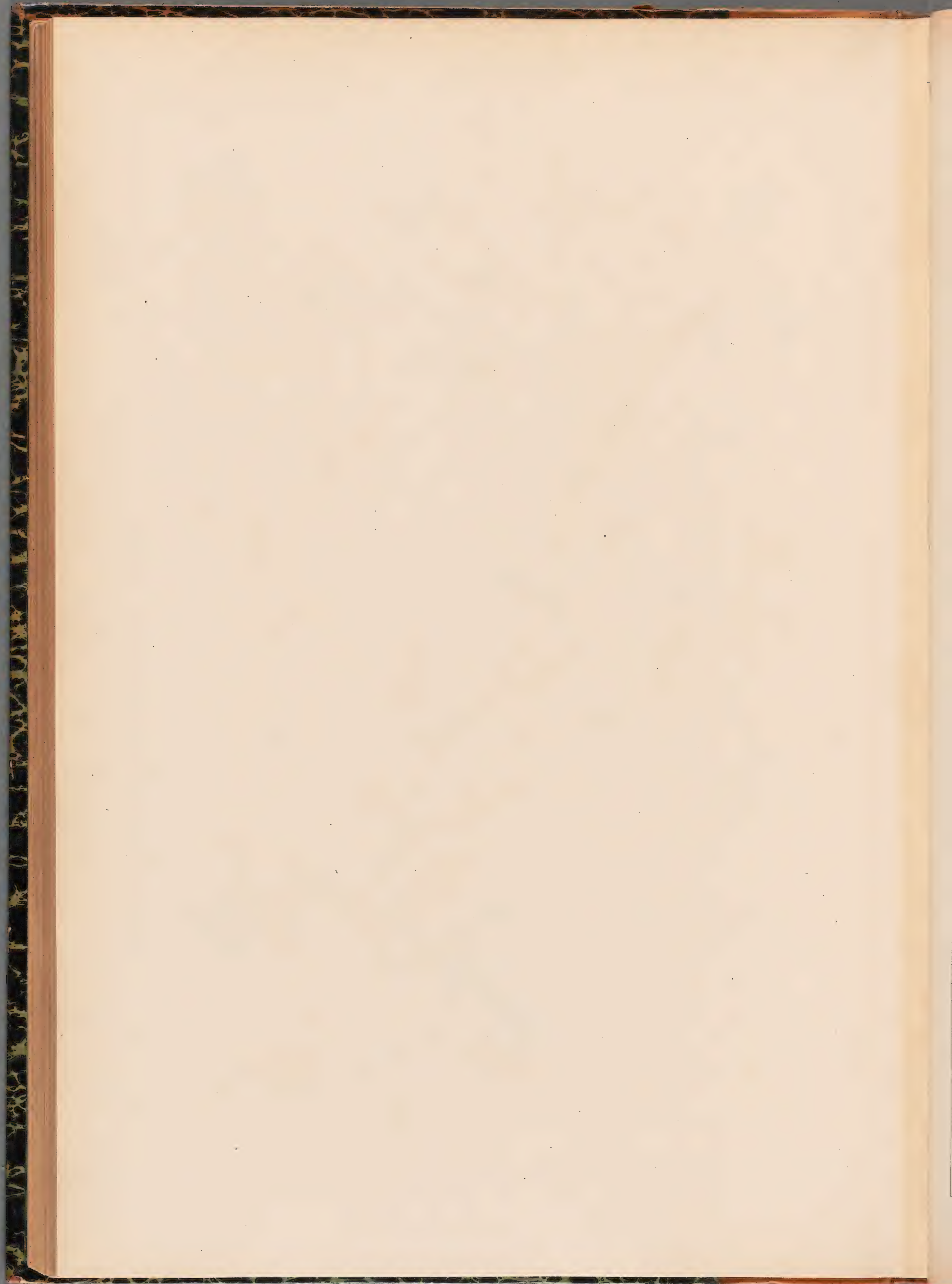
F.

VIOLA TRICOLOR. L. ① Var. flaxida.



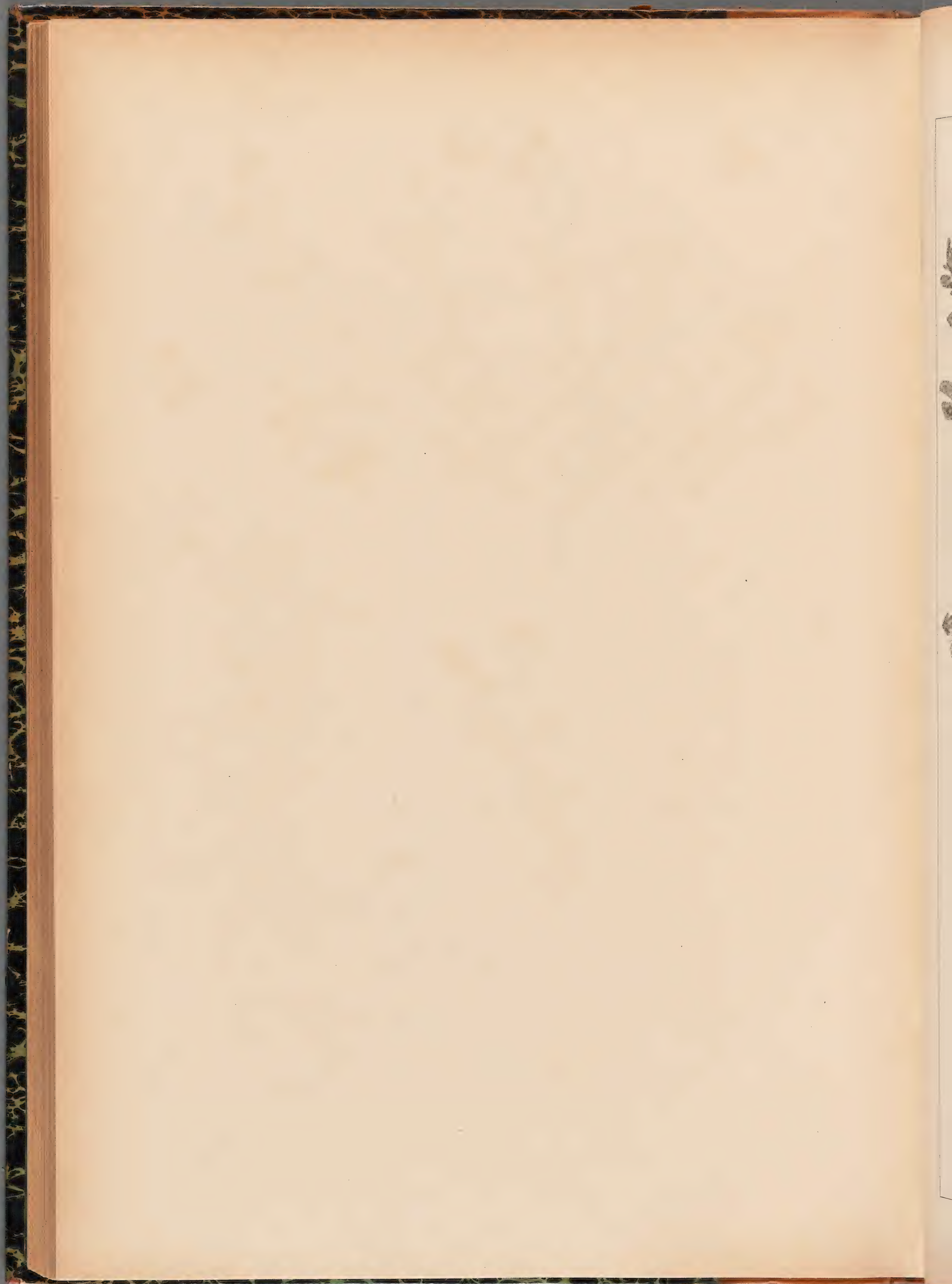


VIOLA TRICOLOR. L. Var. monticola (L?)



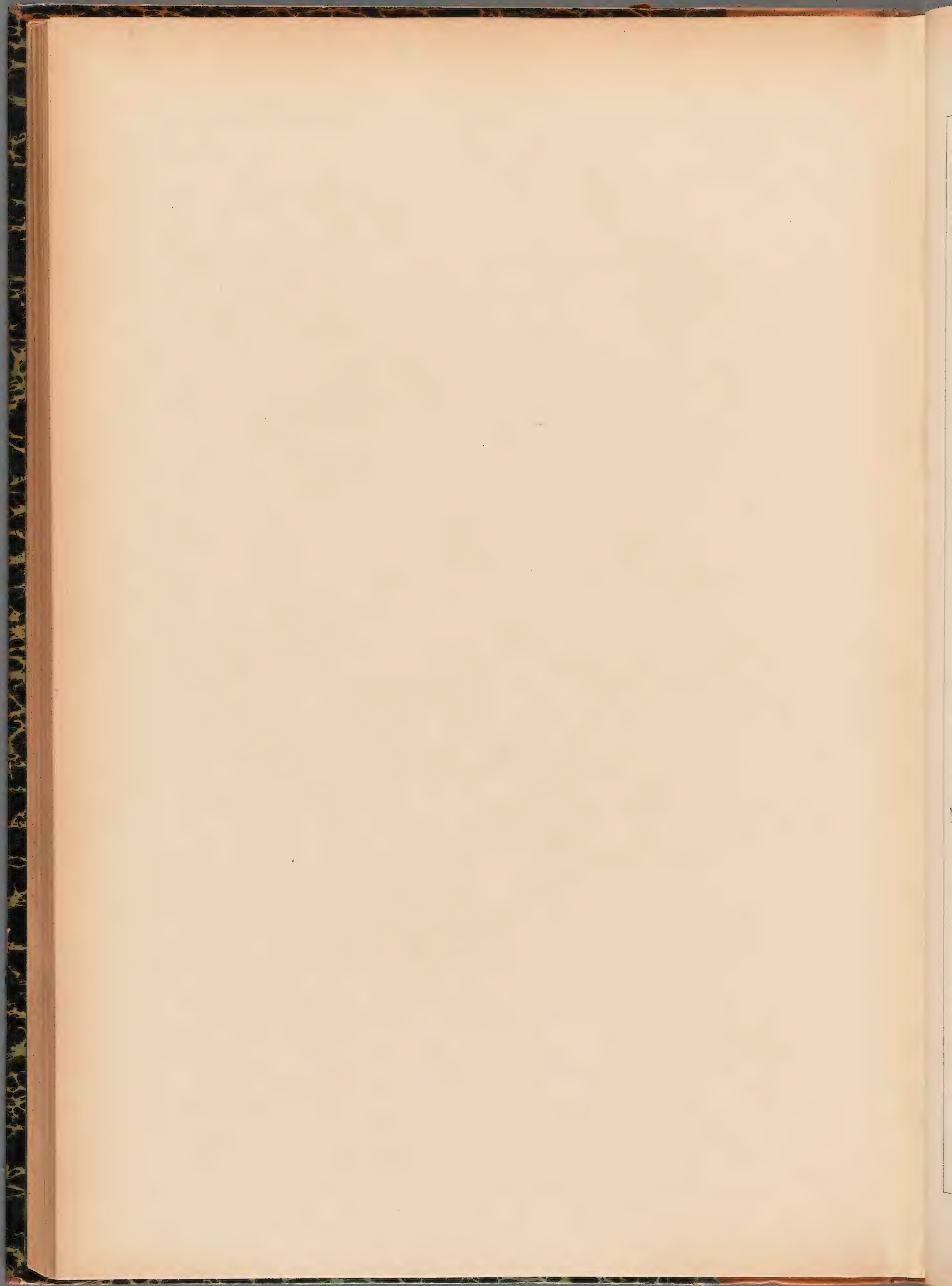


VIOLA TRICOLOR. L. ① *Var. vivariensis.*



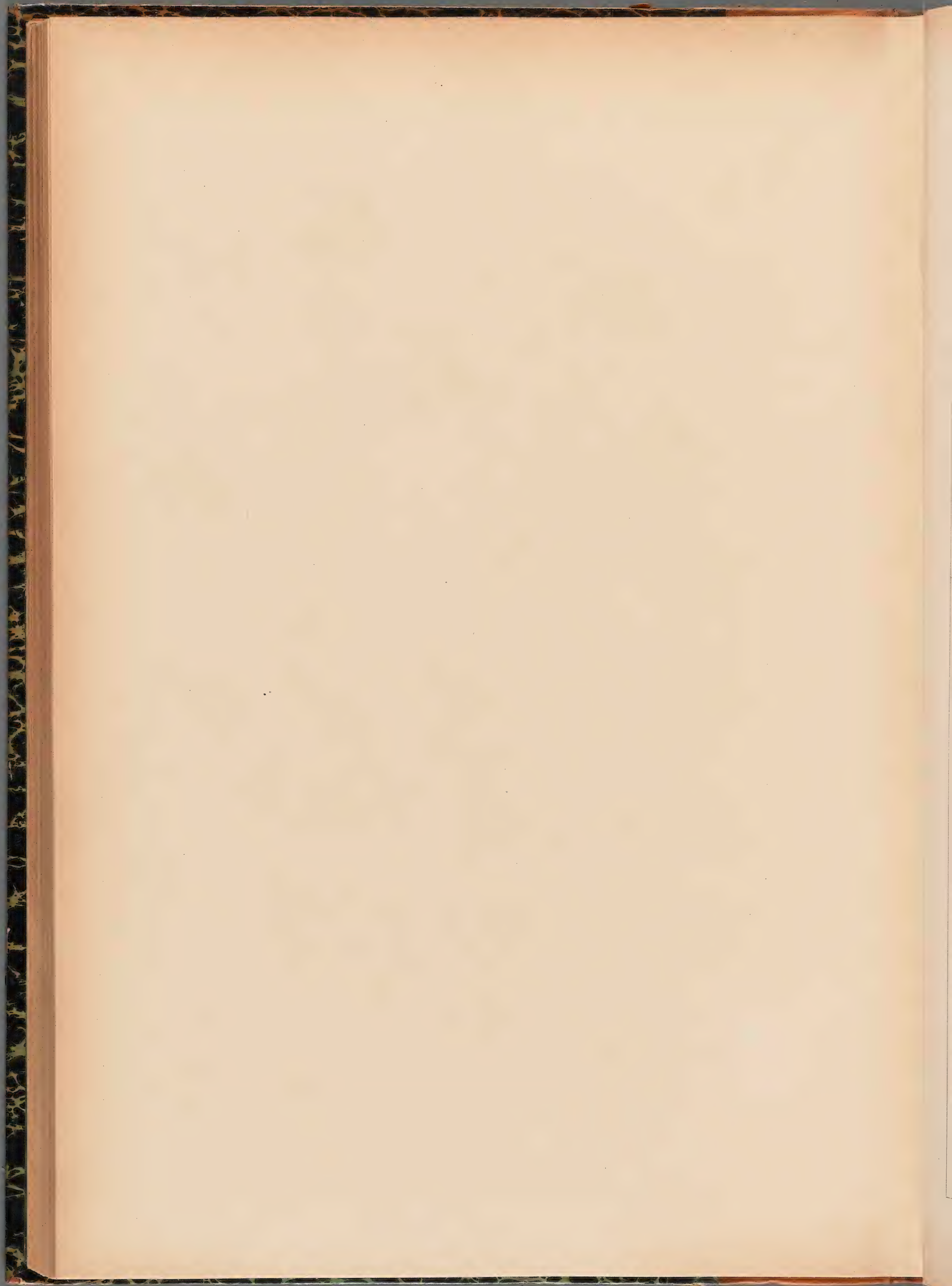


VIOLA TRICOLOR. L. ① Var. alpestrica.



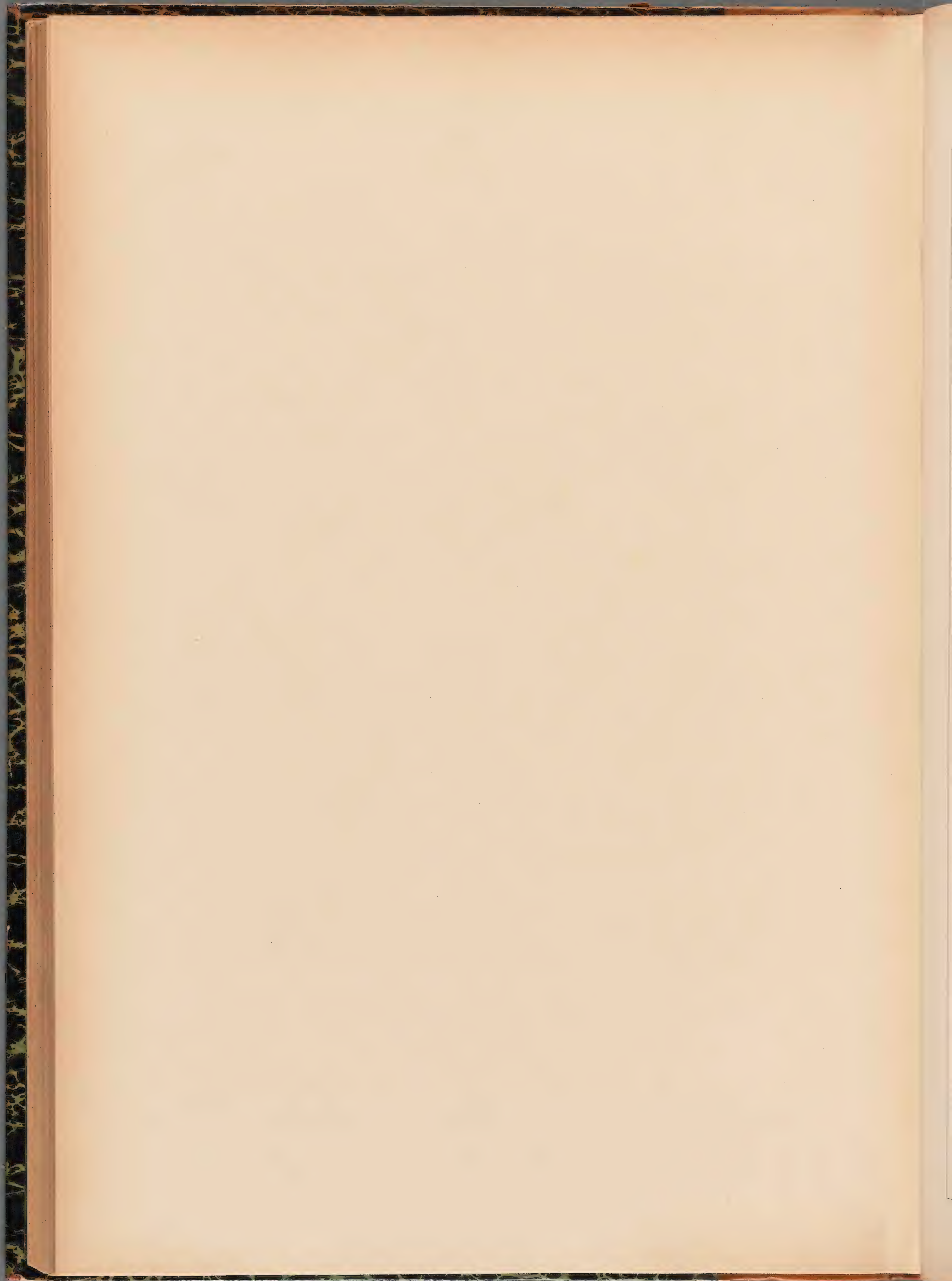


VIOLA ROTHOMAGENSIS. DESF. ② 4



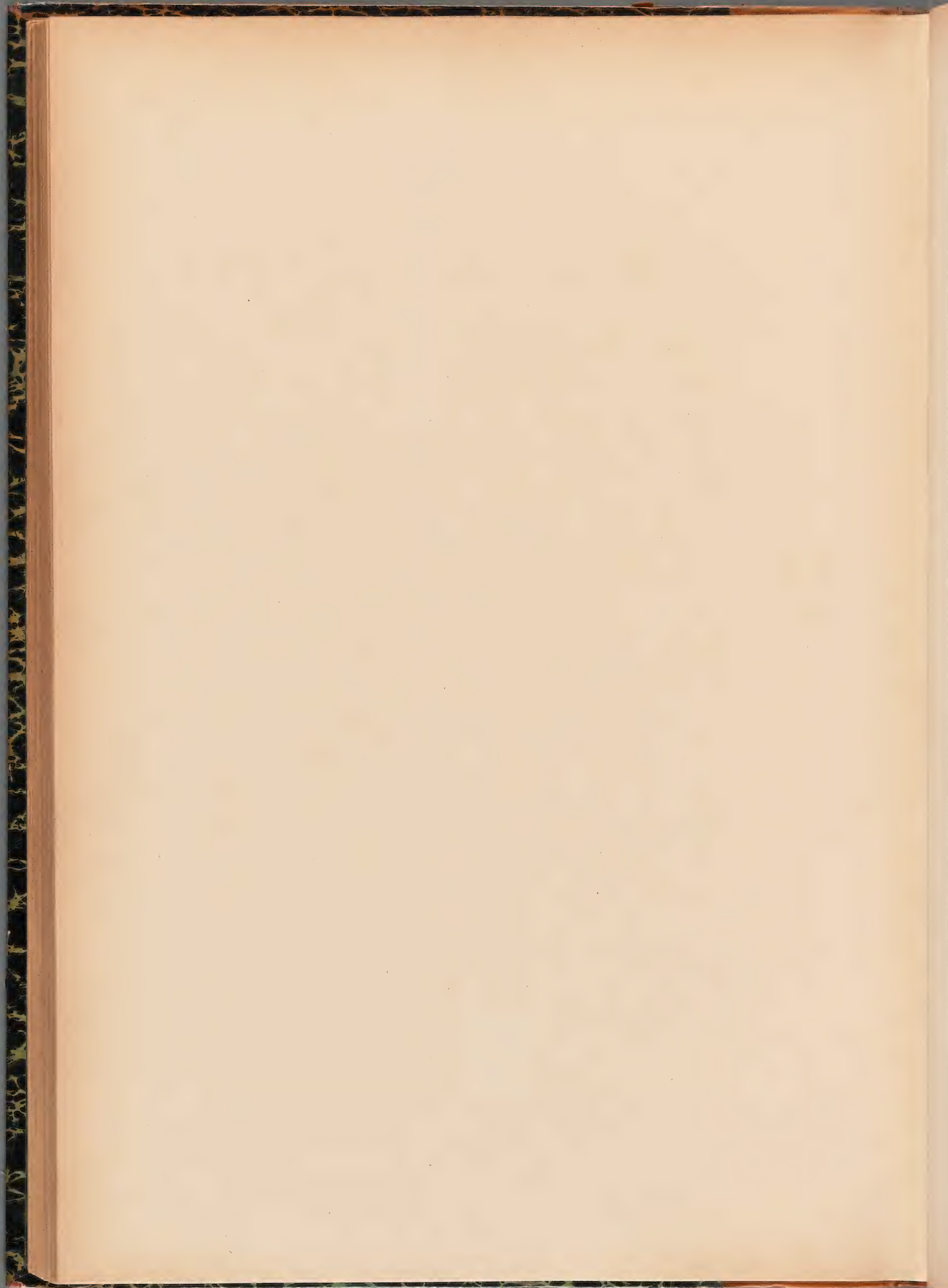


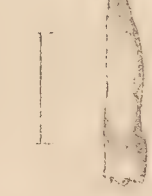
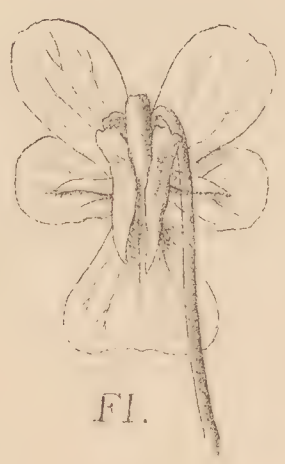
VIOLA SUDETICA. Willd. ♀





VIOLA SUDETICA, WILLD. ♀ Var. lutea.



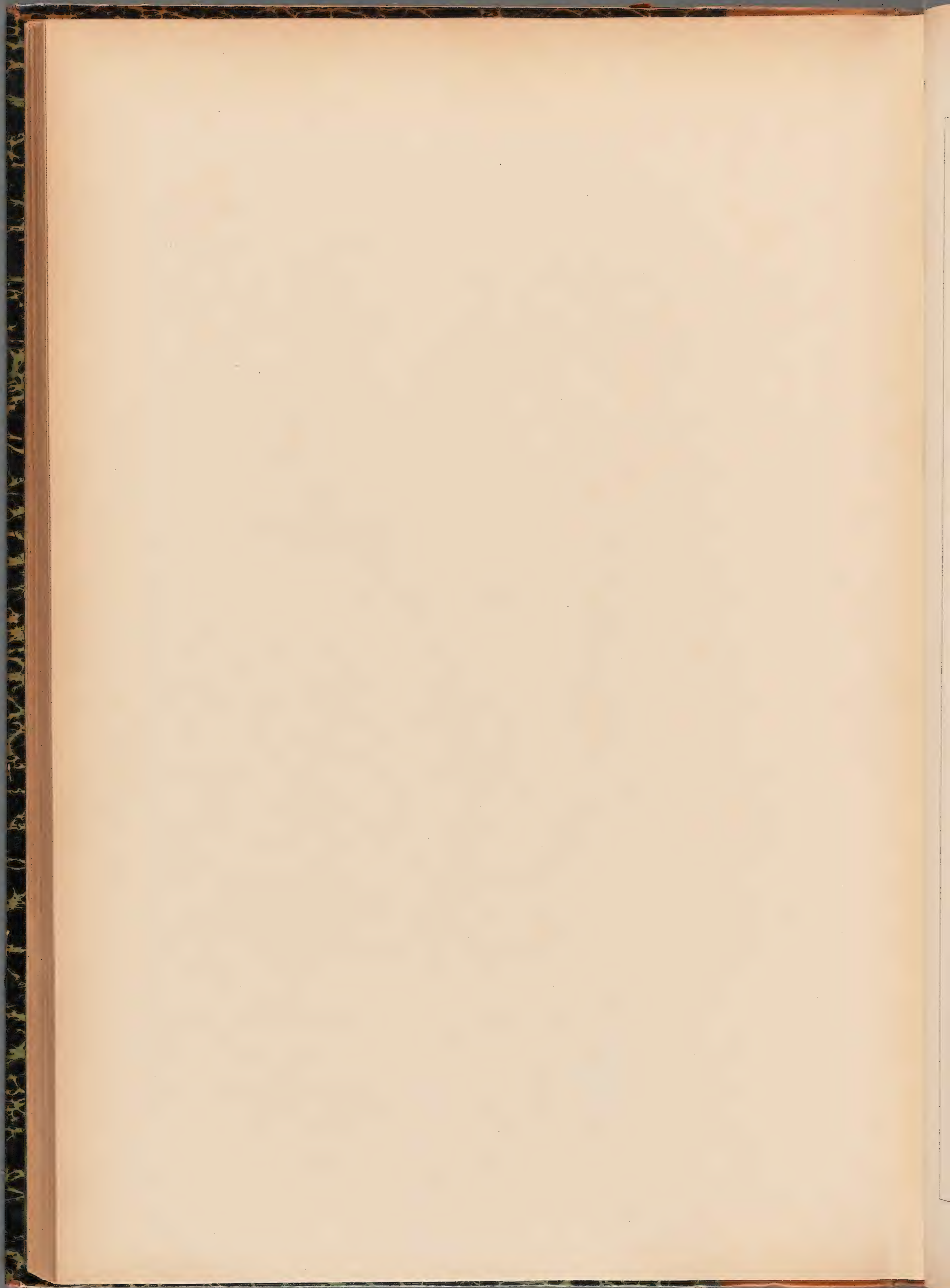


Sép.



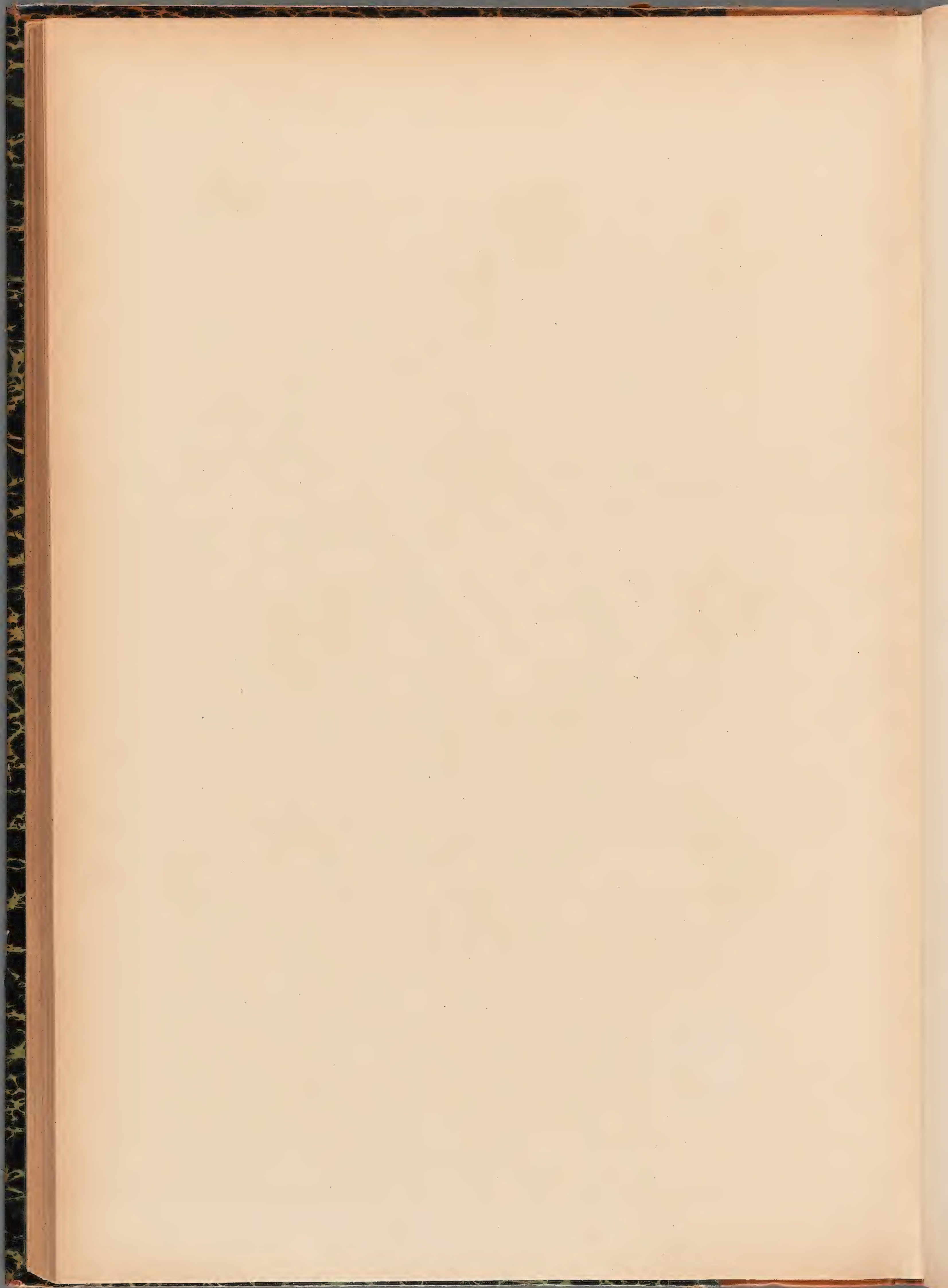
F

VIOLA HISPIDA. LAP. 7



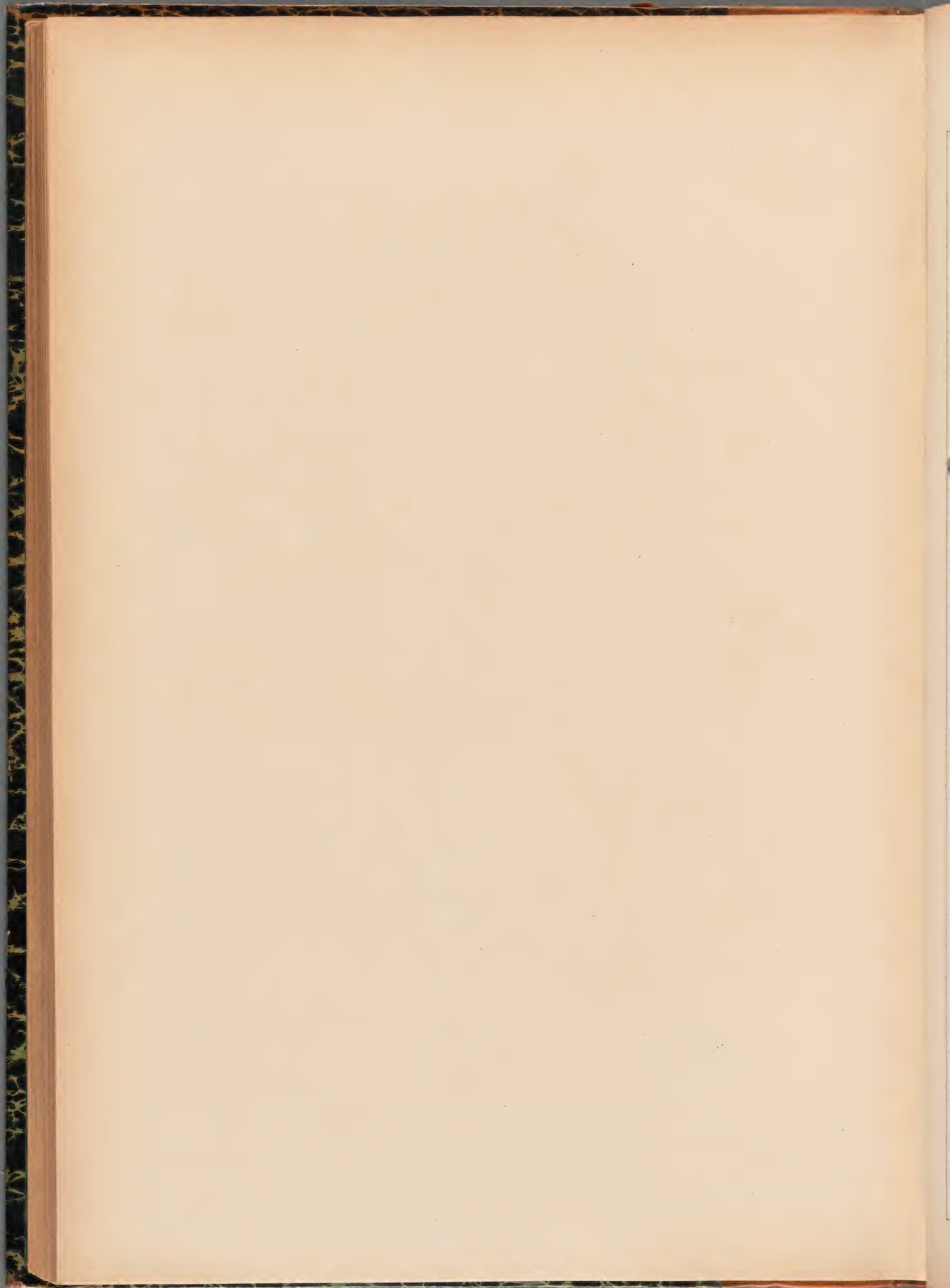


VIOLA DECLINATA. W. ET K. 4



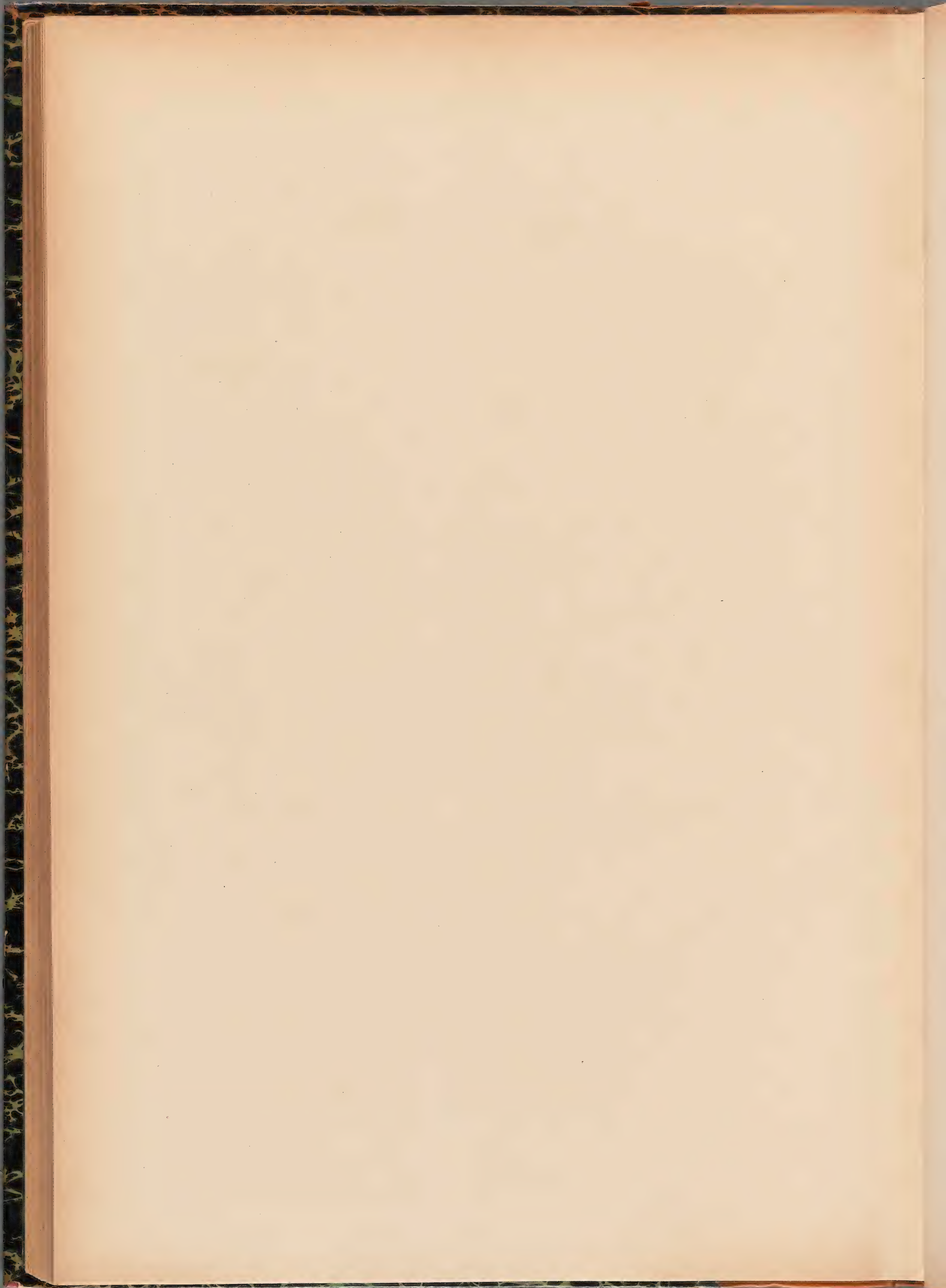


VIOLA CALCARATA. L. ♀



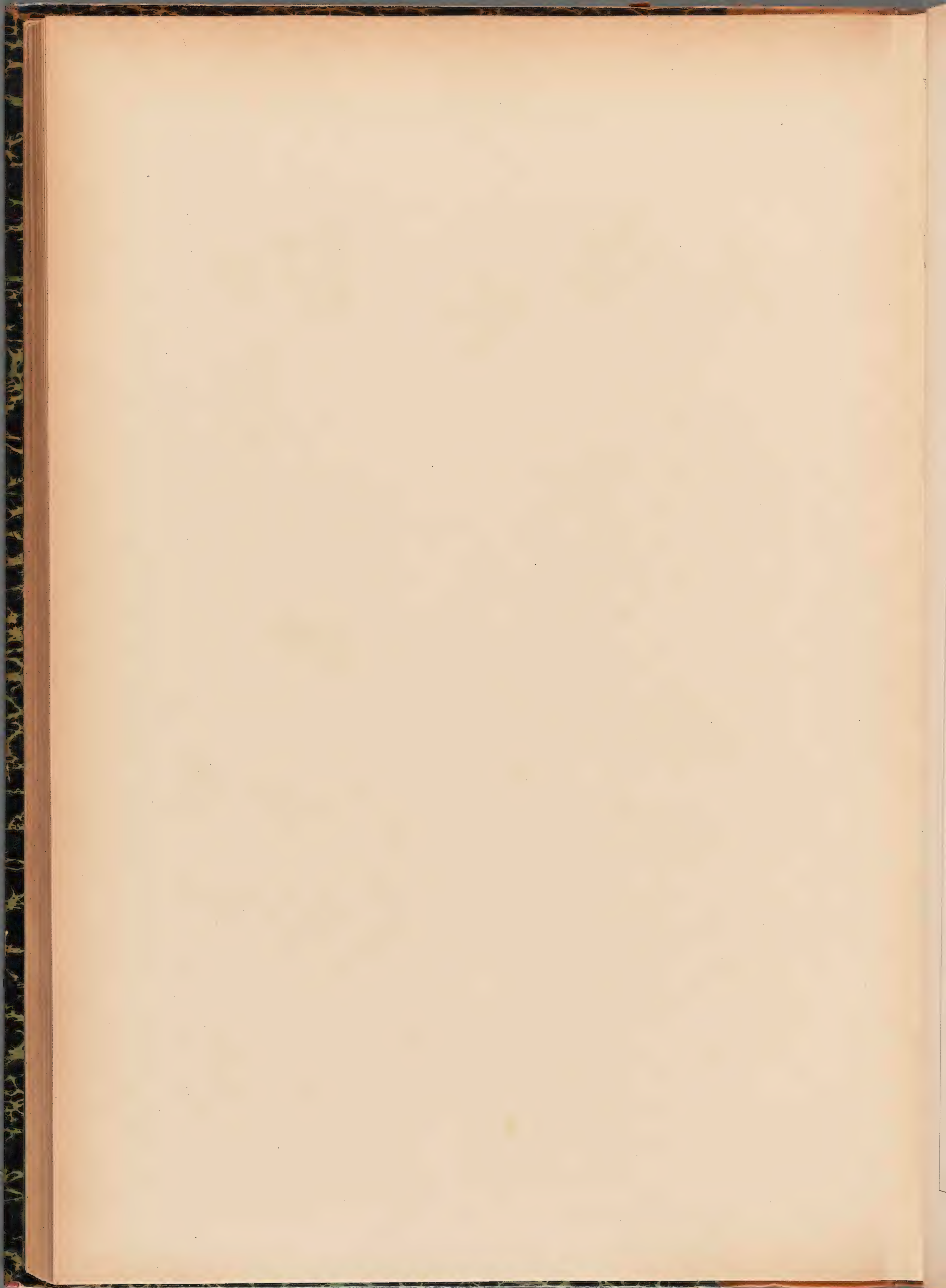


VIOLA CALCARATA. L. f. Var. Halleri.

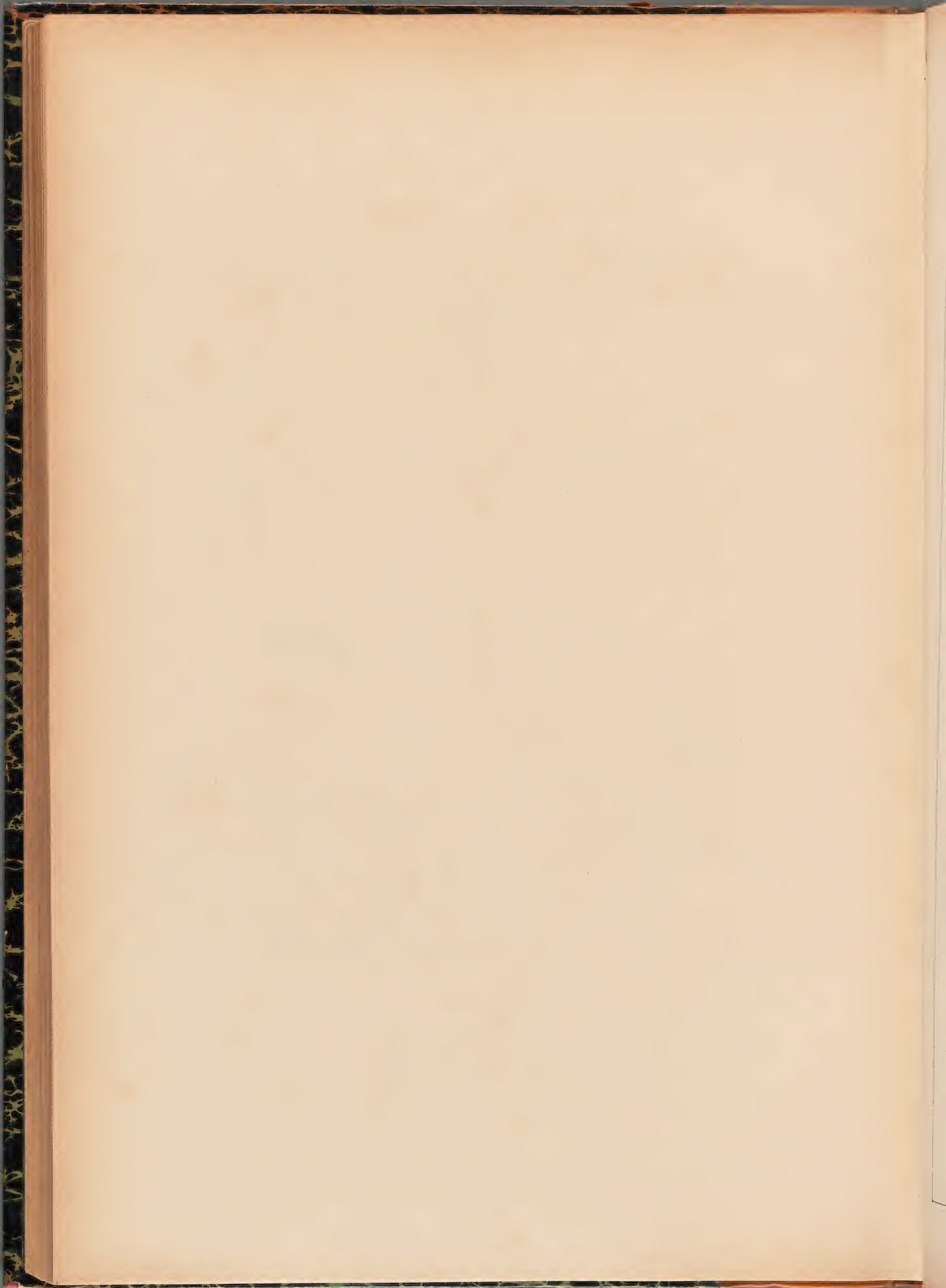




VIOLA HETEROPHYLLA. BERTOL. ♀

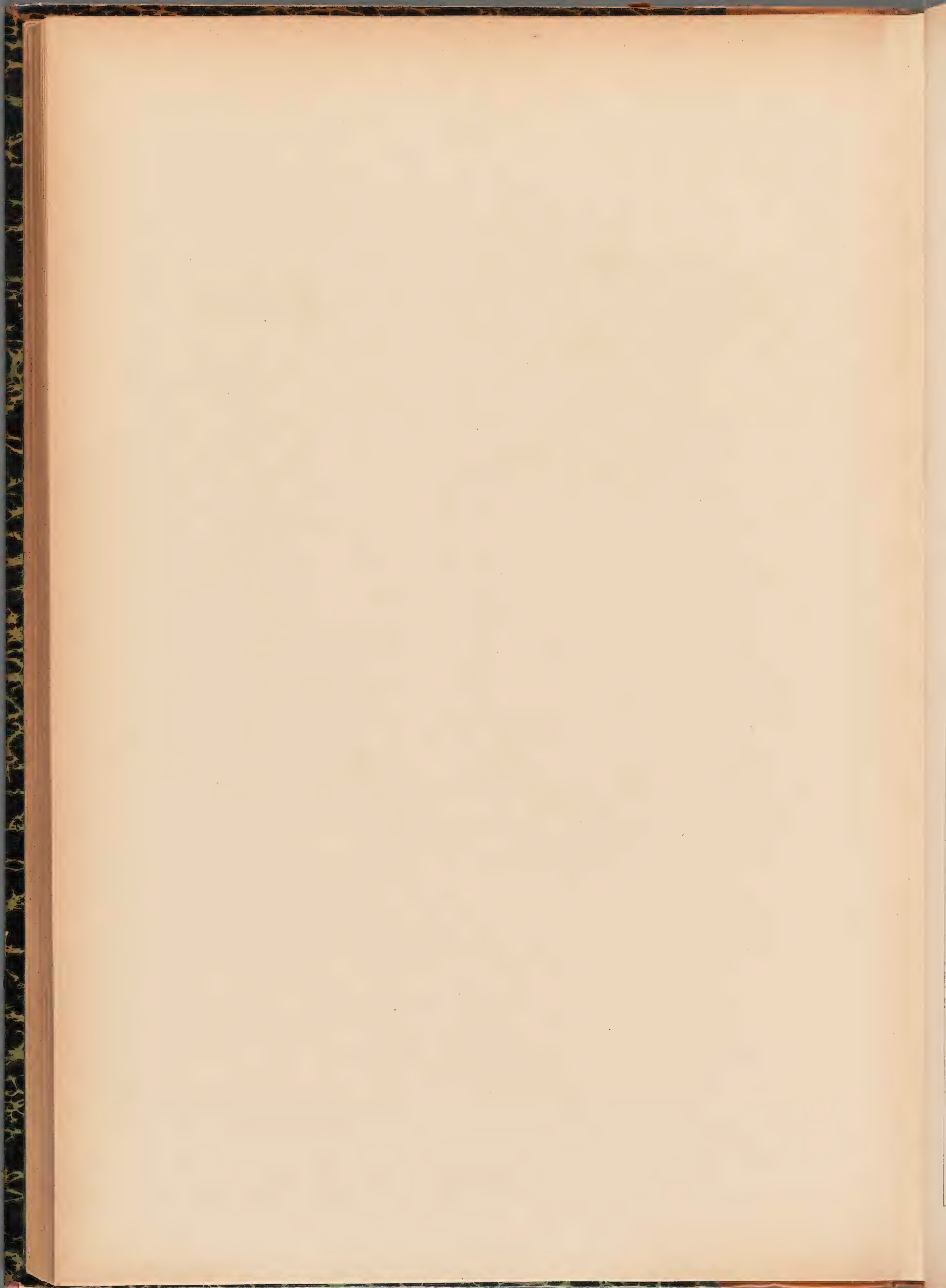


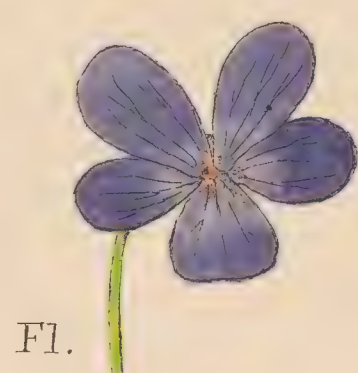




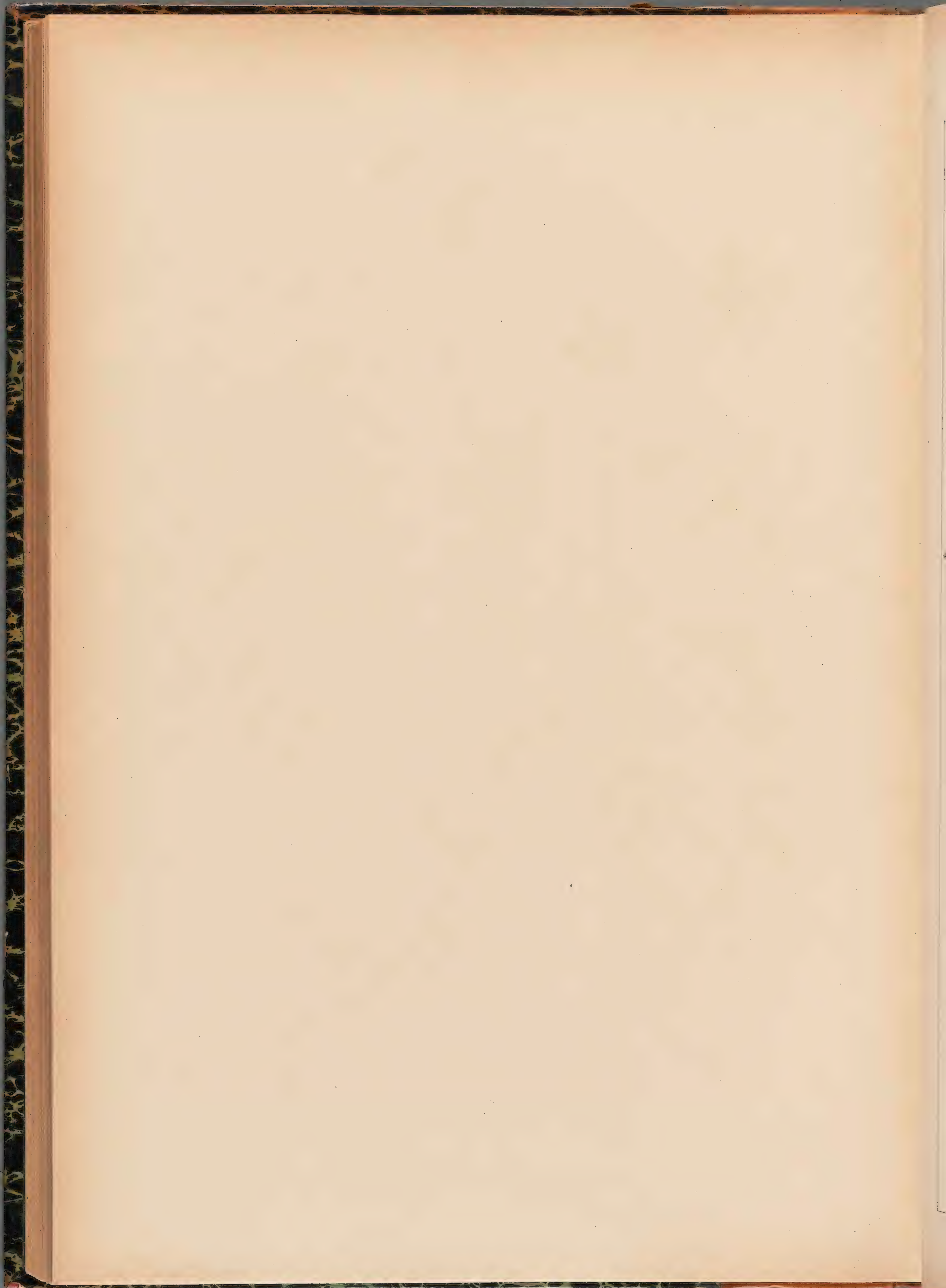


VIOLA CENISIA. L. ♀



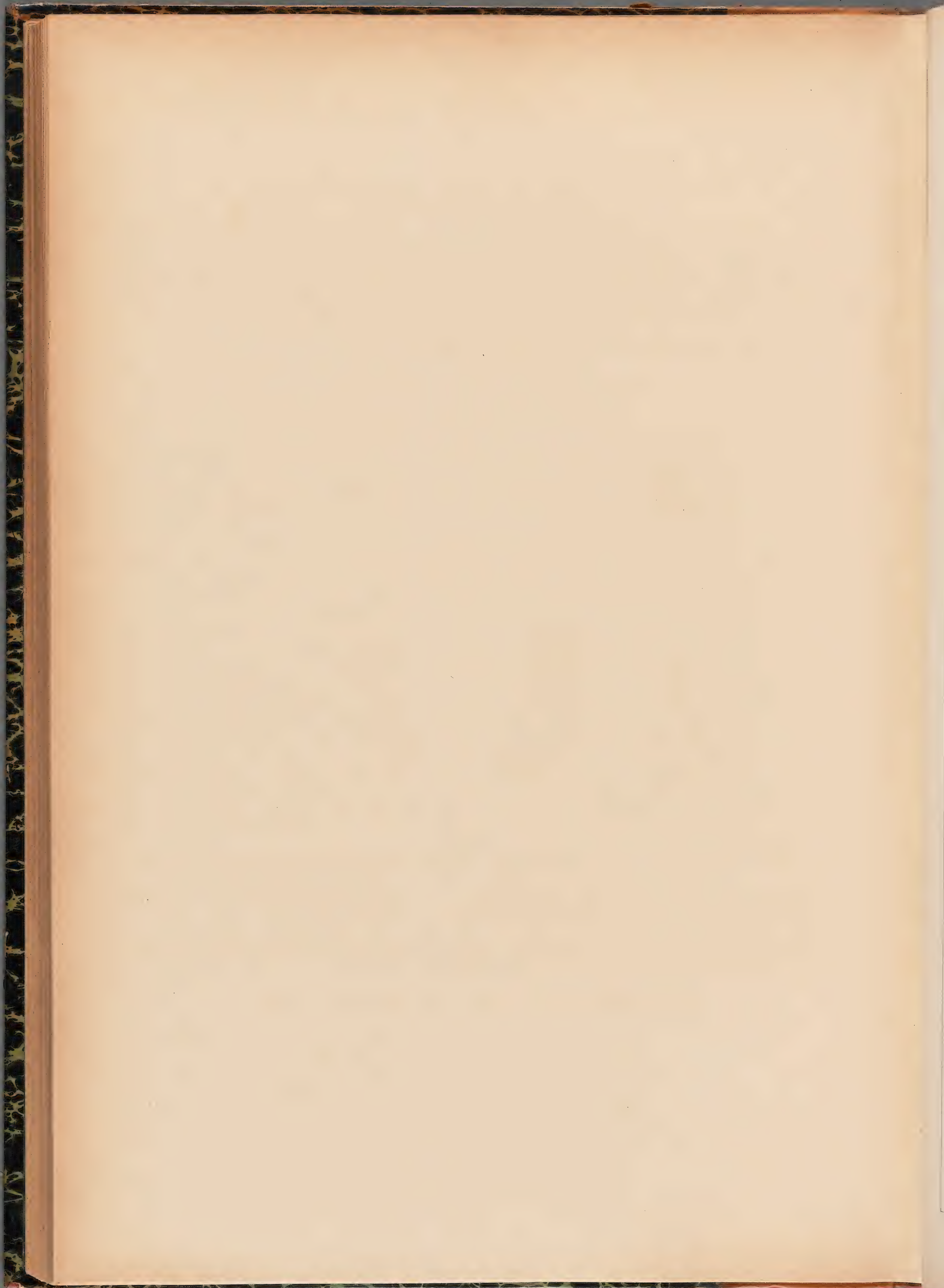


VIOLA NUMMULARIA. ALL. ♀





VIOLA CORNUTA. L. ♀



Famille 10°. — RÉSÉDACÉES.

Fleurs irrégulières. Calice à 4-7 sépales inégaux, unis à la base, persistants. Corolle à 4-7 pétales libres, hypogynes; la plupart munis en dedans d'une écaille concave; les supérieurs et les latéraux à limbe palmatifide; les inférieurs petits, ordinairement entiers. Etamines nombreuses; à filets libres ou peu soudés; à anthères biloculaires, introrses. Capitel à 3-6 carpelles, tantôt unis en ovaire uniloculaire, à placentas pariétaux, tantôt libres. Graines réniformes, exalbuminées; à embryon arqué.

Plantes herbacées ou ligneuses, à feuilles alternes, stipulées.

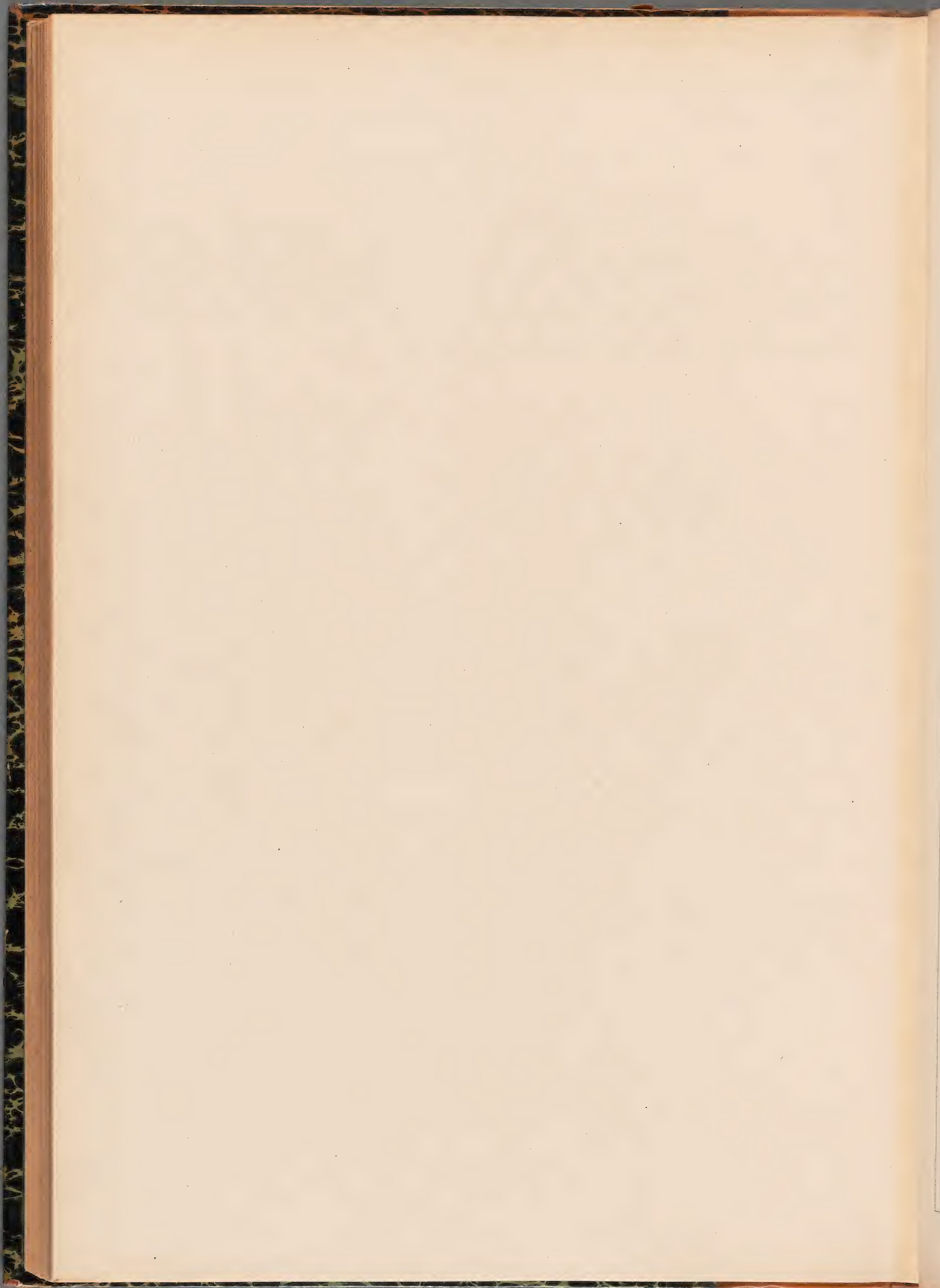


1^{er} GENRE. — **Reseda**. L. — Carpelles soudés en ovaire uniloculaire, déhiscent au sommet par 3-6 angles, polyspermes.

R. Phyteuma . L. pl. 520	R. Jacquini . Rechb. 523	R. Luteola . L. 526
R. odorata . L. 521	R. suffruticulosa . L. 524	
R. lutea . L. 522	R. glauca . L. 525	

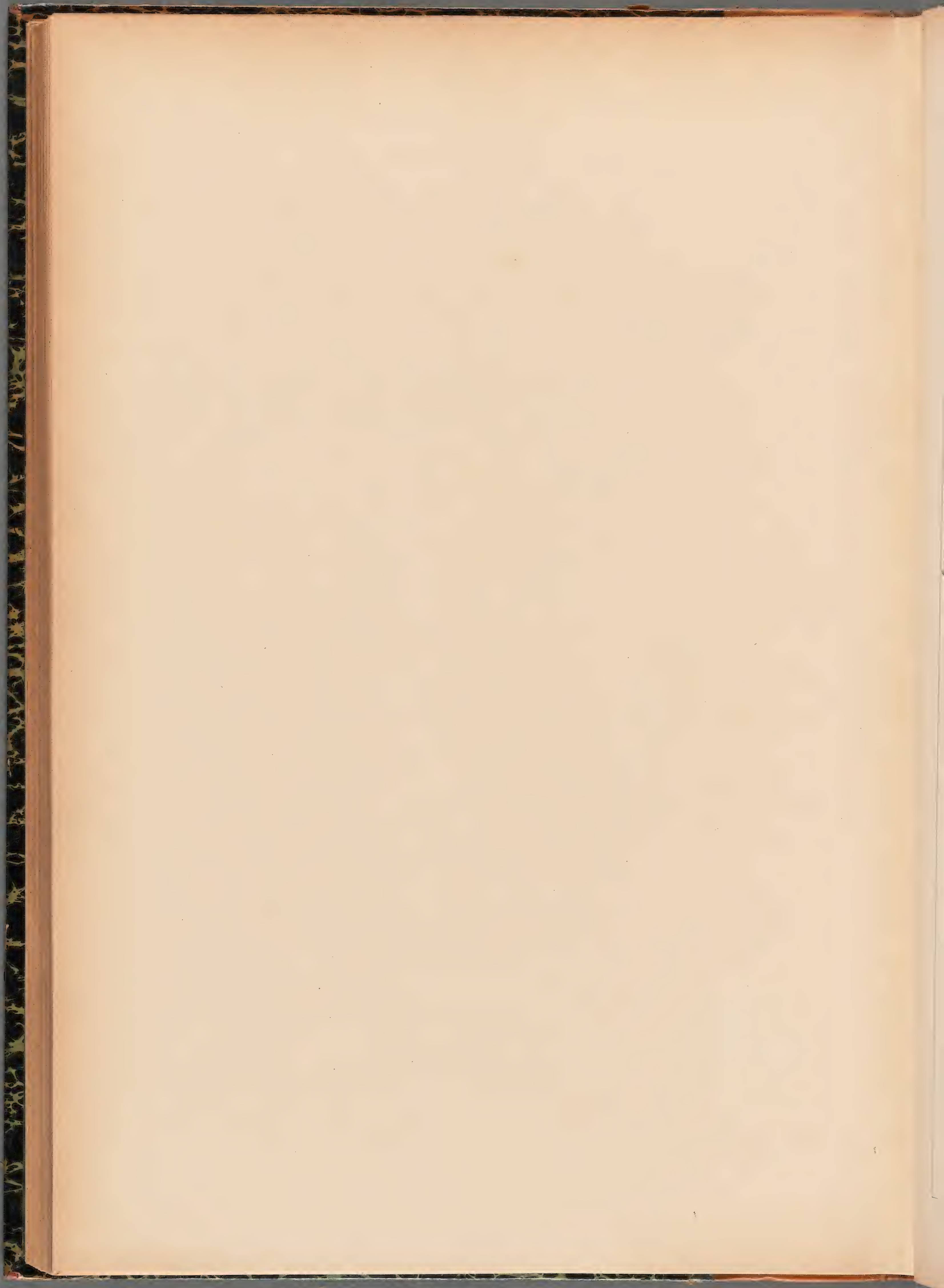
2^e GENRE. — **Astrocarpus**. Neck. — Carpelles libres, en verticille, s'ouvrant souvent par leur bord interne, monospermes ou bispermes.

Ast. sesamoides . Gay. pl. 527	Ast. Clusii . Gay. pl. 528
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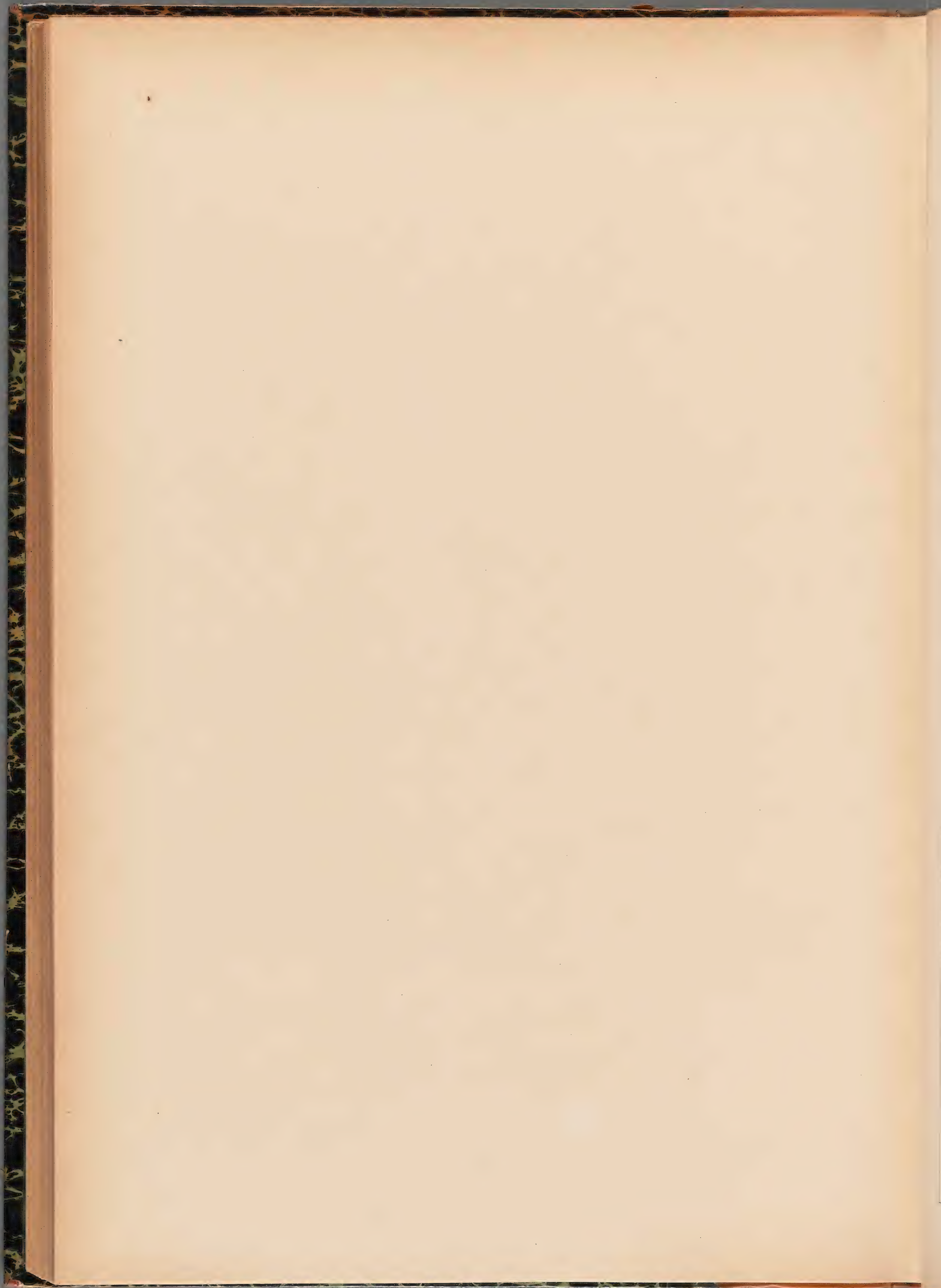




RESEDA PHYTEUMA. L. ①

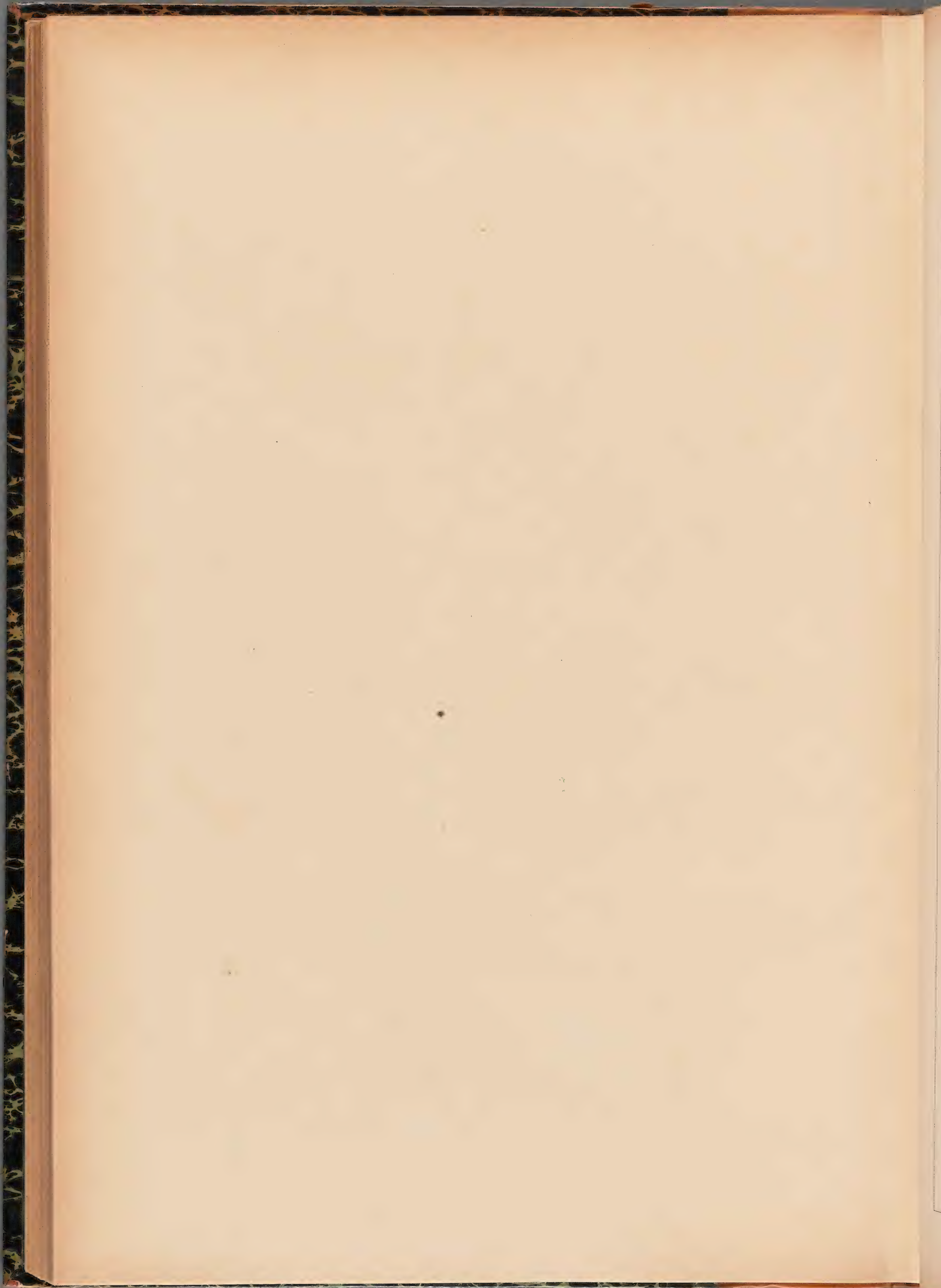




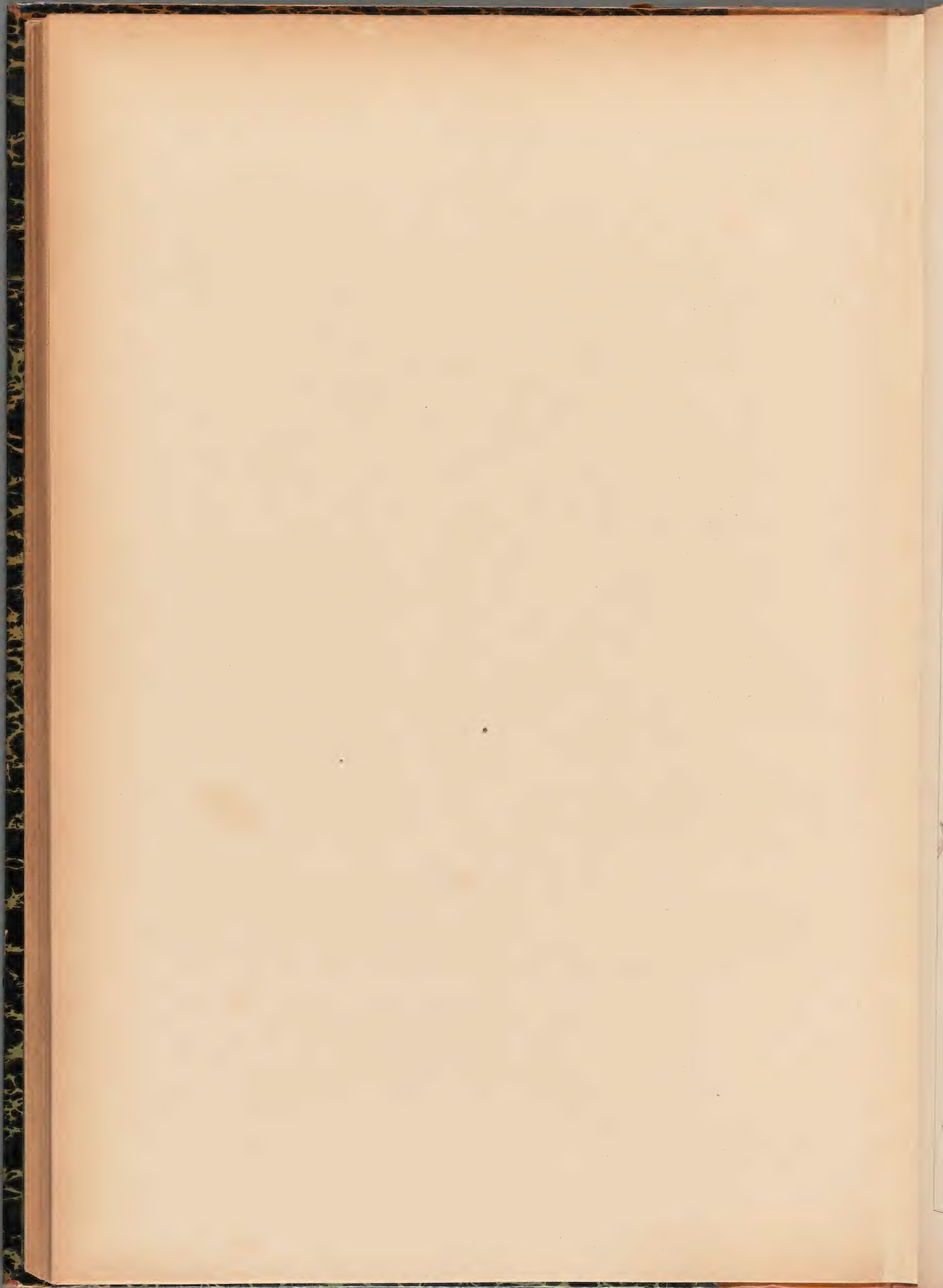




RESEDA LUTEA. L. ②

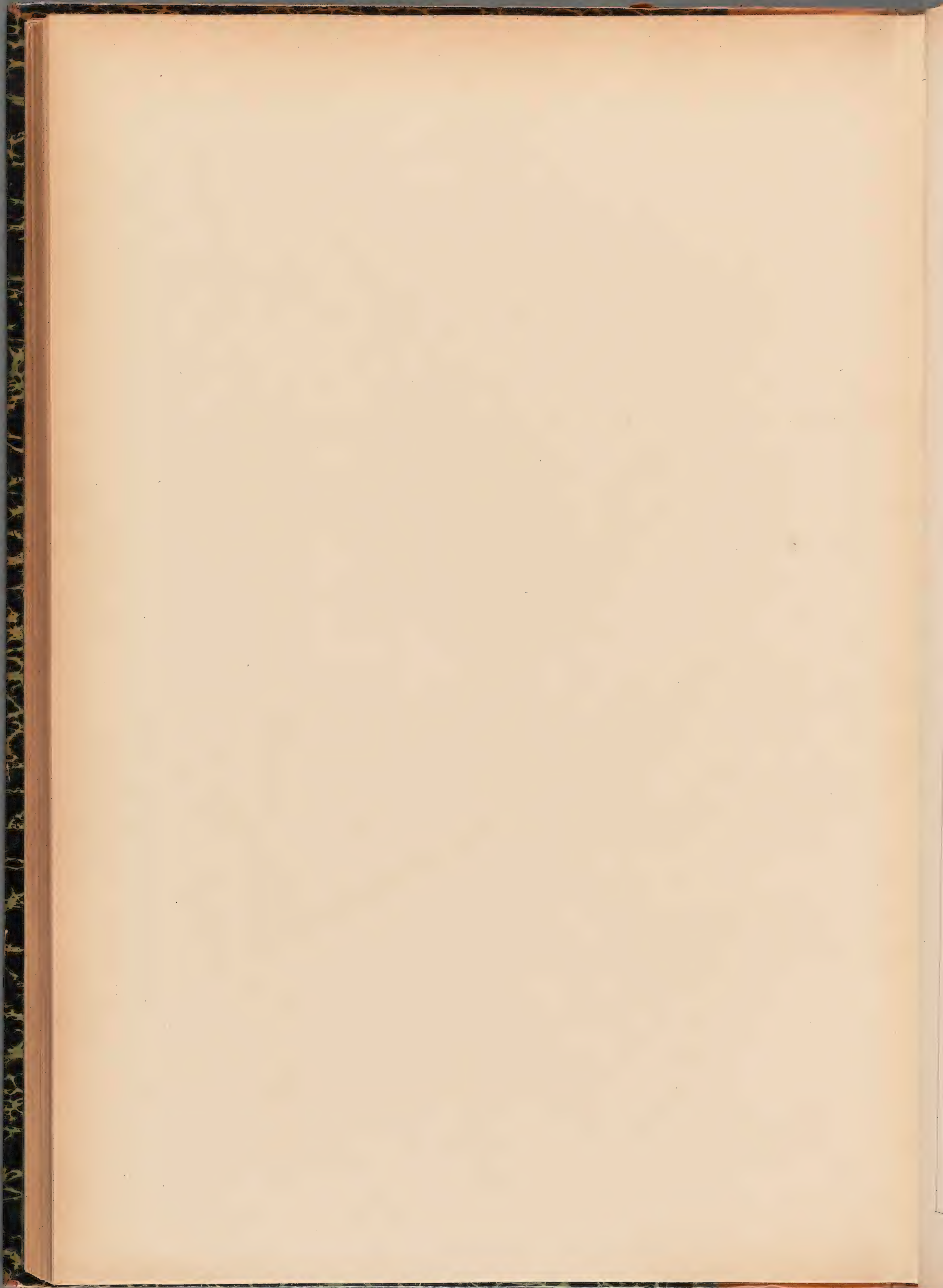




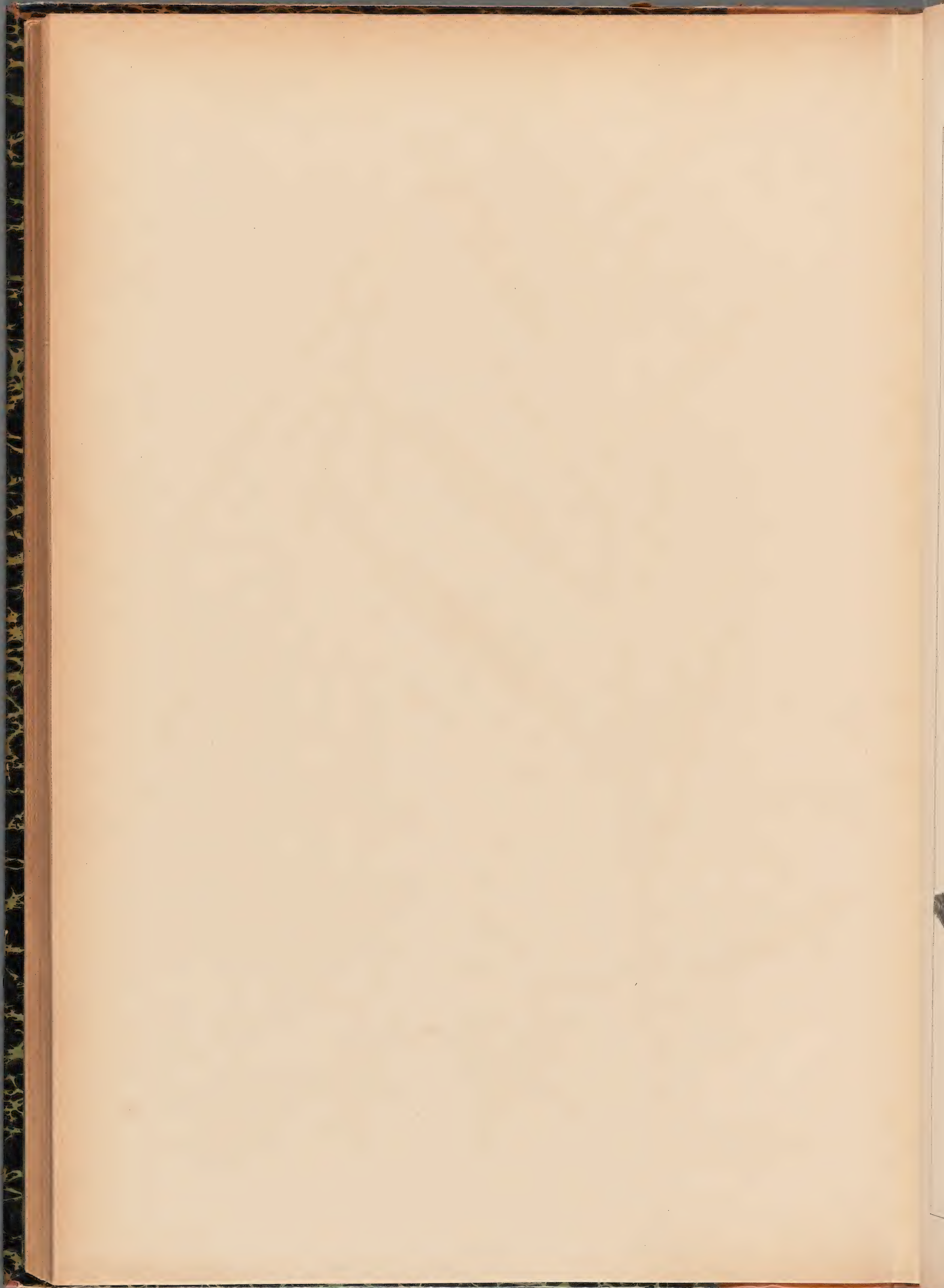




RESEDA SUFFRUTICULOSA. L. ① ②

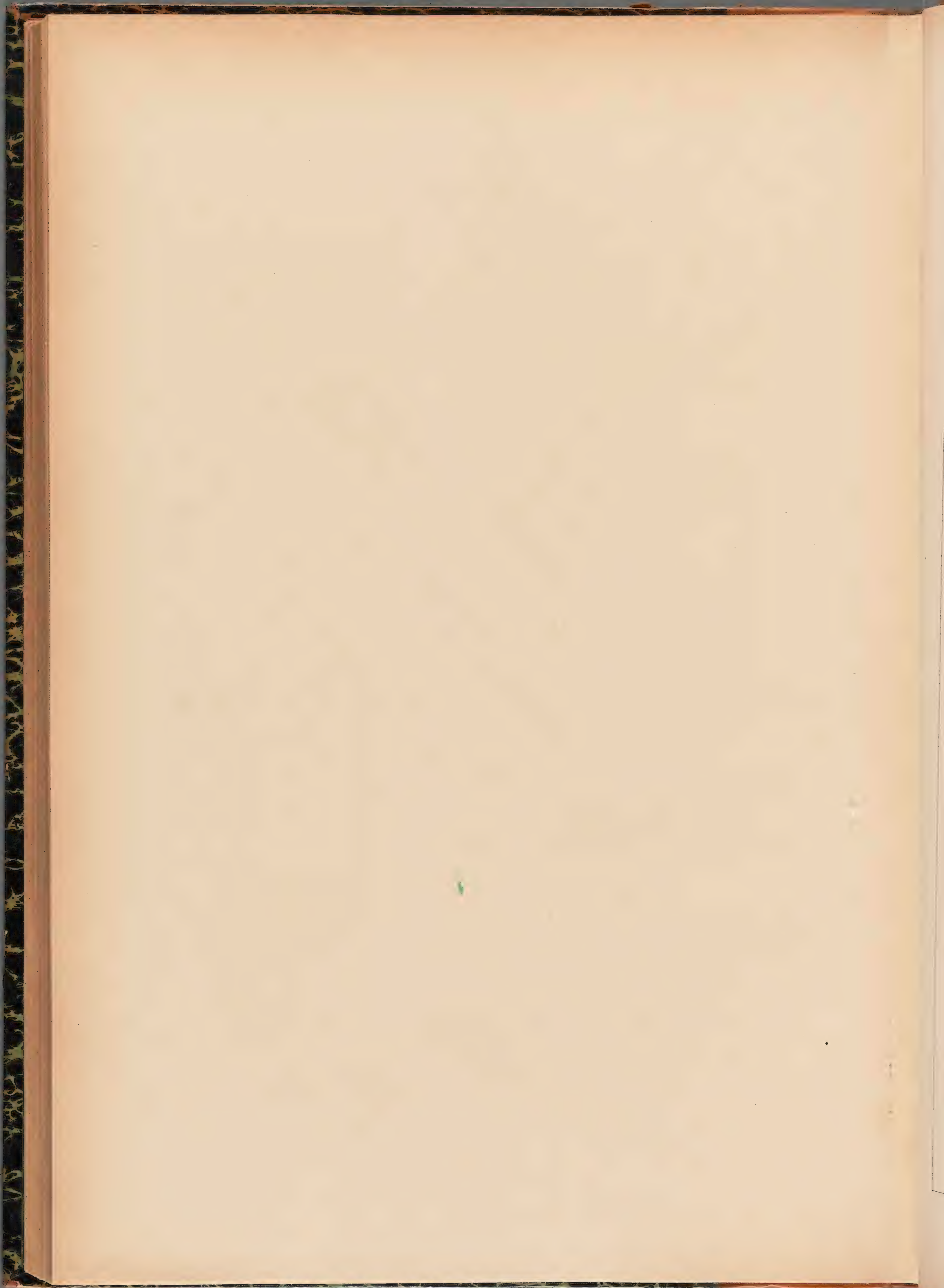






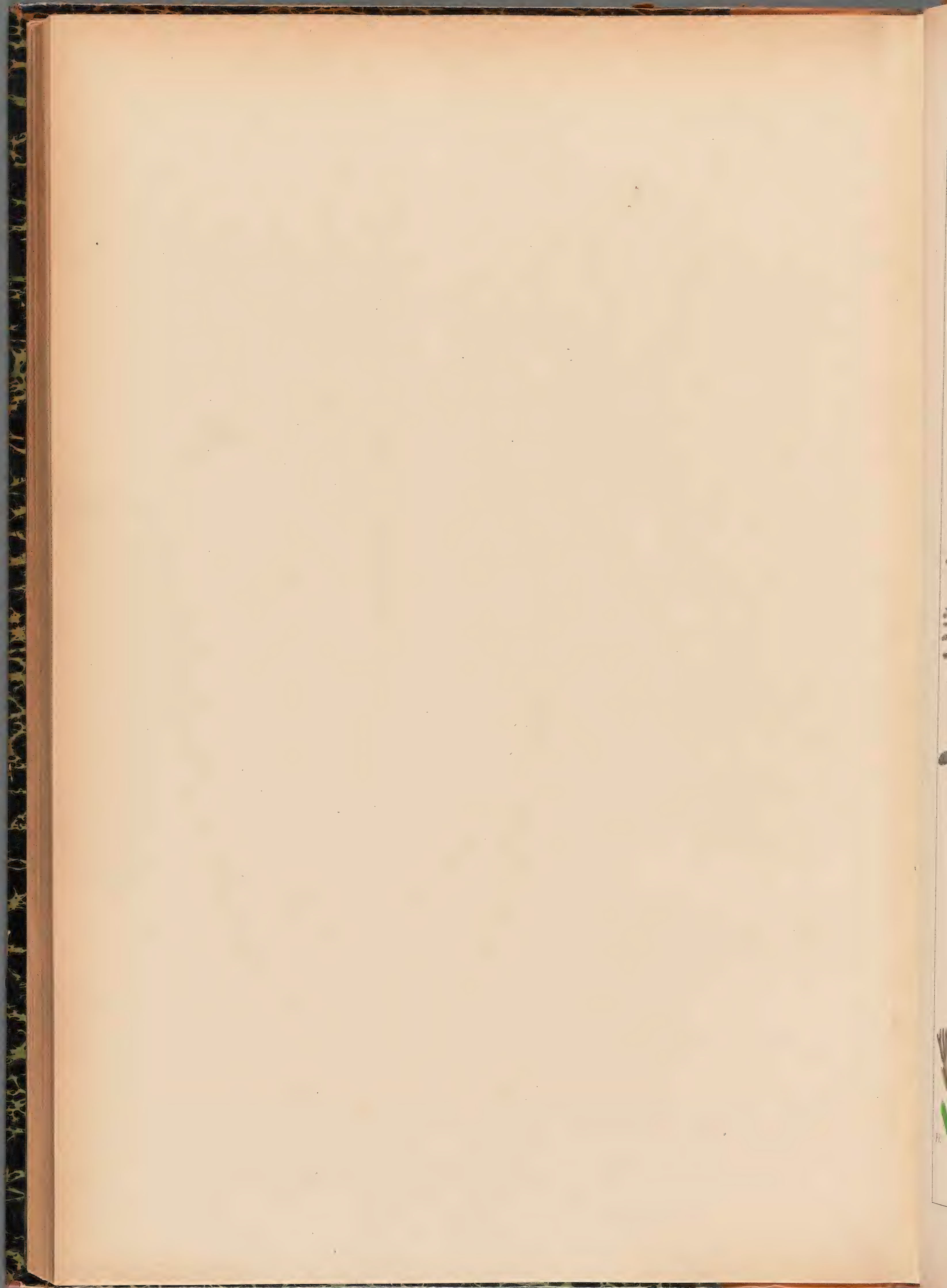


RESEDA LUTEOLA. L. ②



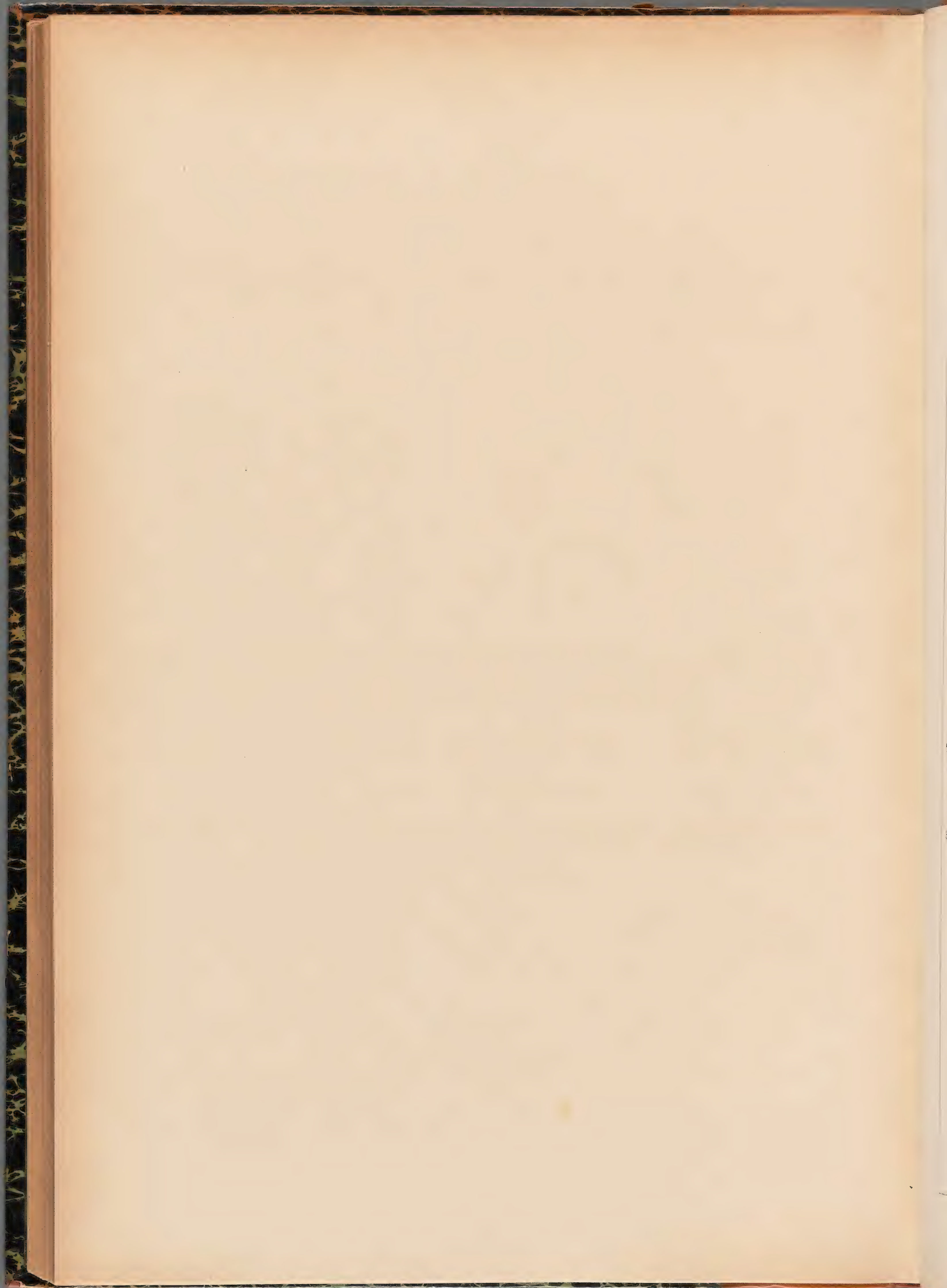


ASTROCARPUS SESAMOIDES. GAY. ♀





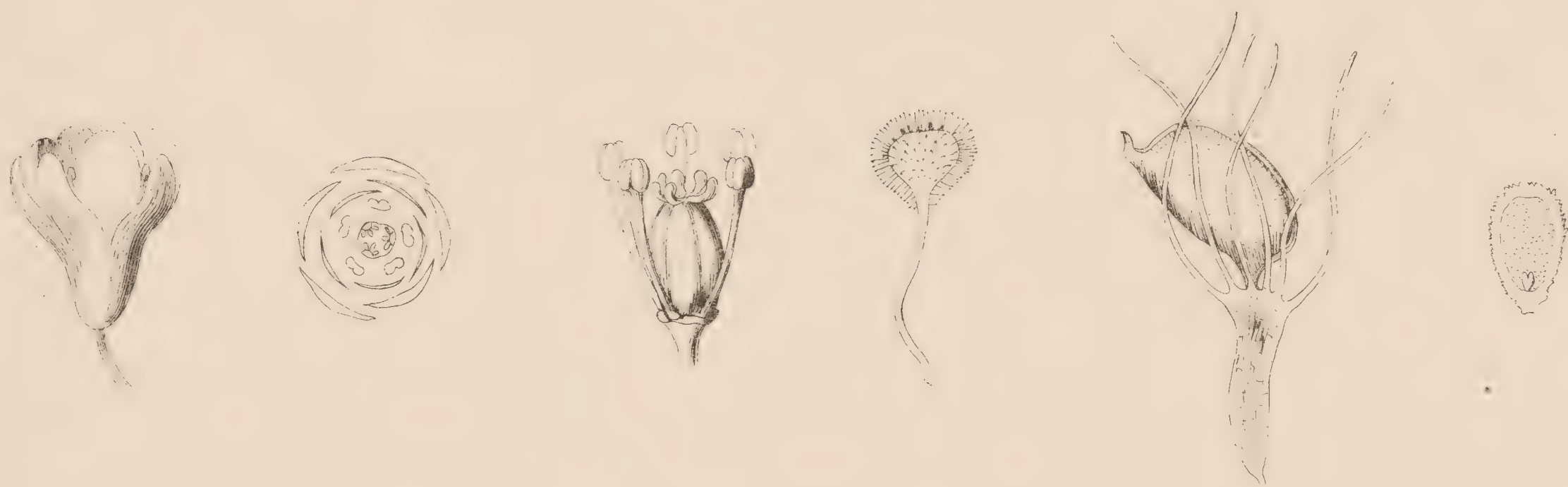
ASTROCARPUS CLUSII. GAY. 2



Famille II^e — DROSÉRACÉES.

Fleurs régulières. Calice à 5 sépales libres ou soudés à la base. Corolle à 5 pétales libres, hypogynes ou insérés au fond du calice. Etamines libres, hypogynes; à anthères biloculaires, extrorses. Capitel uniloculaire, à placentas pariétaux, à 1-5 styles simples ou bifides. Graines ordinairement albuminées.

Plantes herbacées; à feuilles alternes, ordinairement en rosette radicale, simples, parsemées et ciliées de poils glanduleux.



1^{er} GENRE. — **Drosera**. L. — Sépales unis à la base. Pétales hypogynes. Capitel à 3-5 styles bipartites. Graines albuminées.

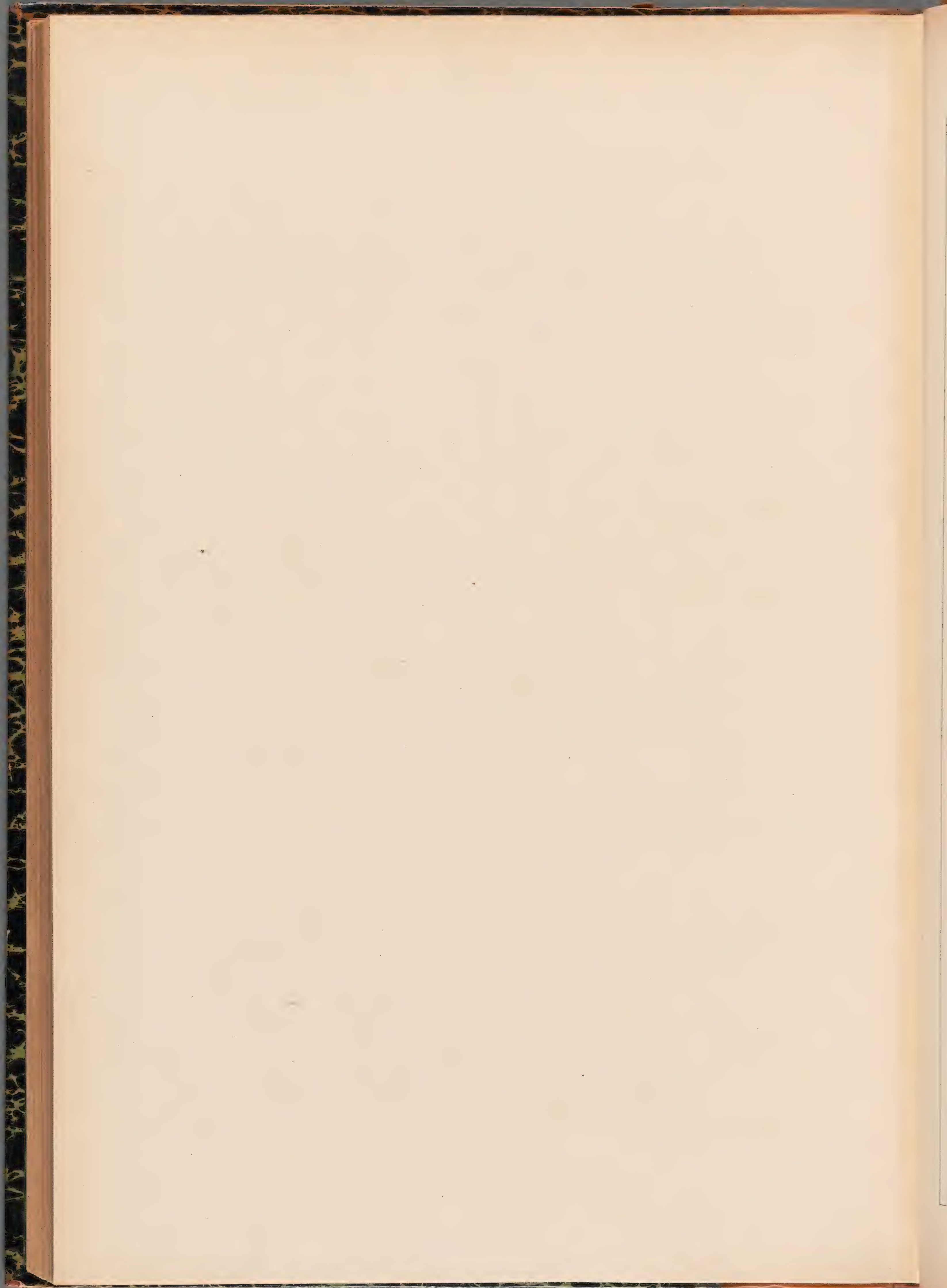
Dr. rotundifolia . L. pl. 629	Dr. longifolia . L. pl. 631
Dr. obovata . M. et K. 630	Dr. intermedia . Hayn 632

2^e GENRE. — **Aldrovanda**. — Sépales libres. Pétales hypogynes, connivents. Capitel à 5 placentas, à 5 styles, Feuilles vésiculeuses.

Aldr. vesiculosa. L., pl. 533.

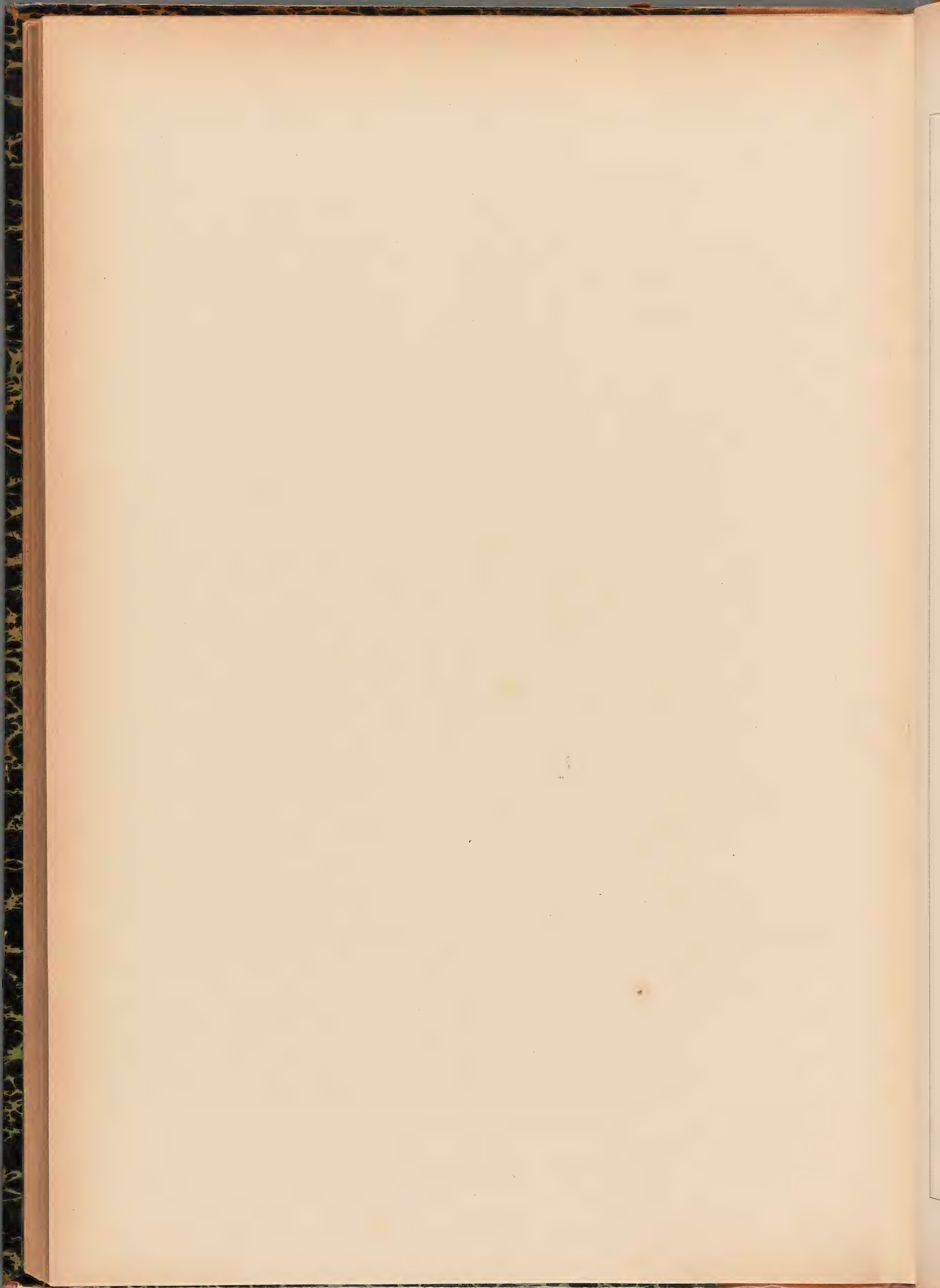
3^e GENRE. — **Parnassia**. — Sépales un peu unis à la base, persistants. Pétales insérés au fond du calice, ayant devant eux une écaille ciliée. Capitel à 3-4 placentas, à stigmat sessile. Graines exalbuminées.

P. palustris. L. pl. 534.



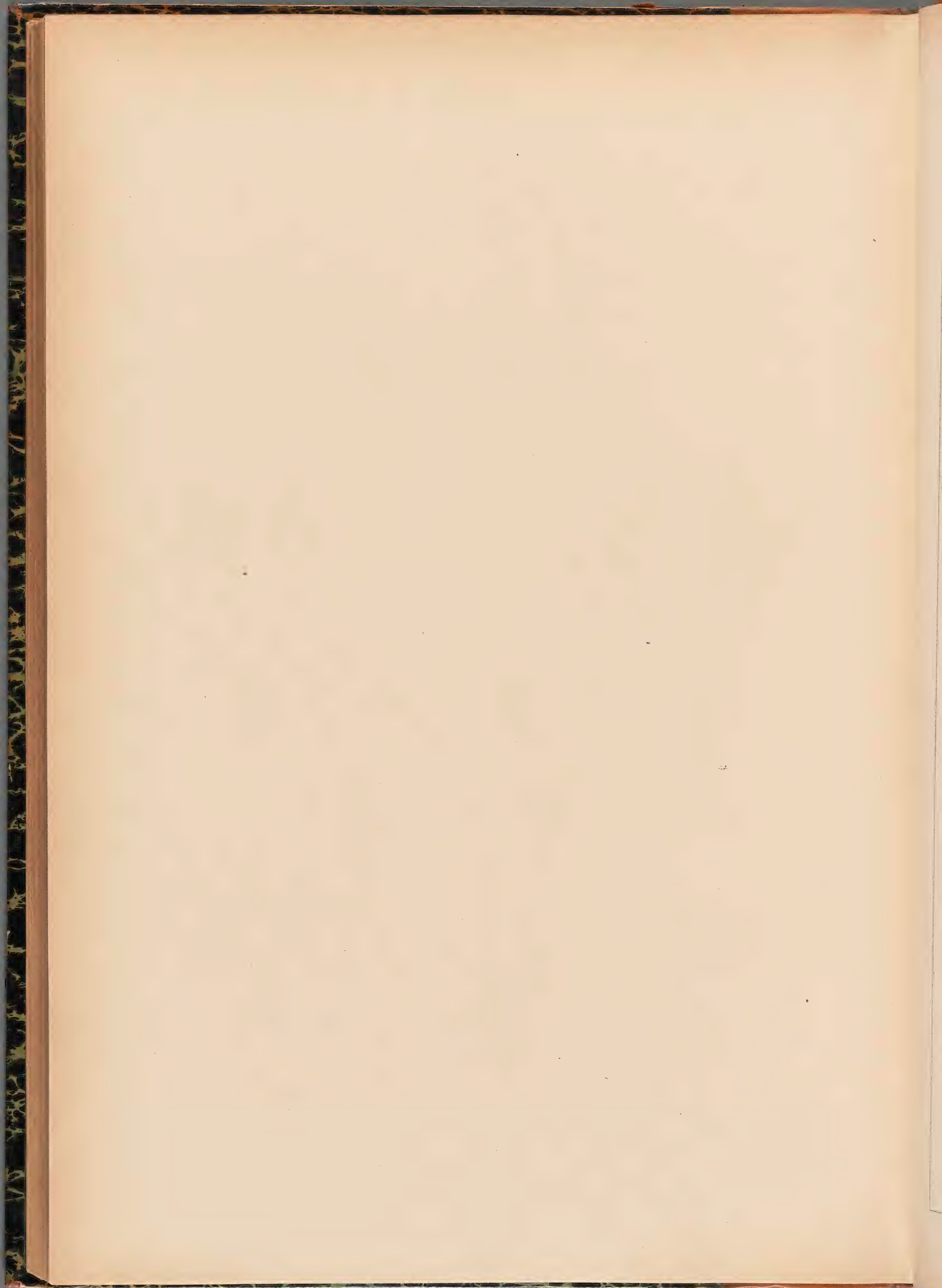


DROSERA ROTUNDIFOLIA. L. ♀



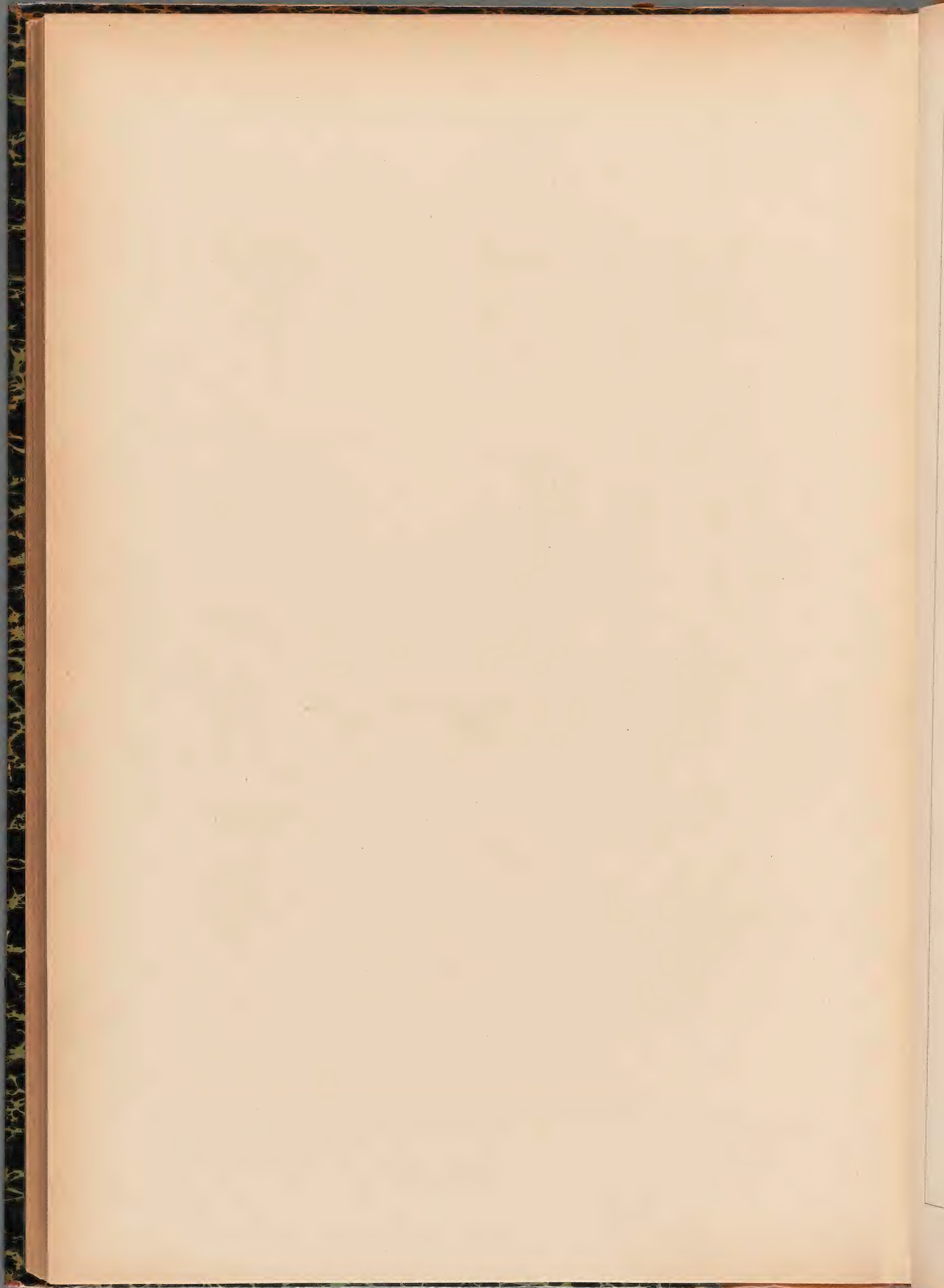


DROSERA OBOVATA. M. ET K. 24



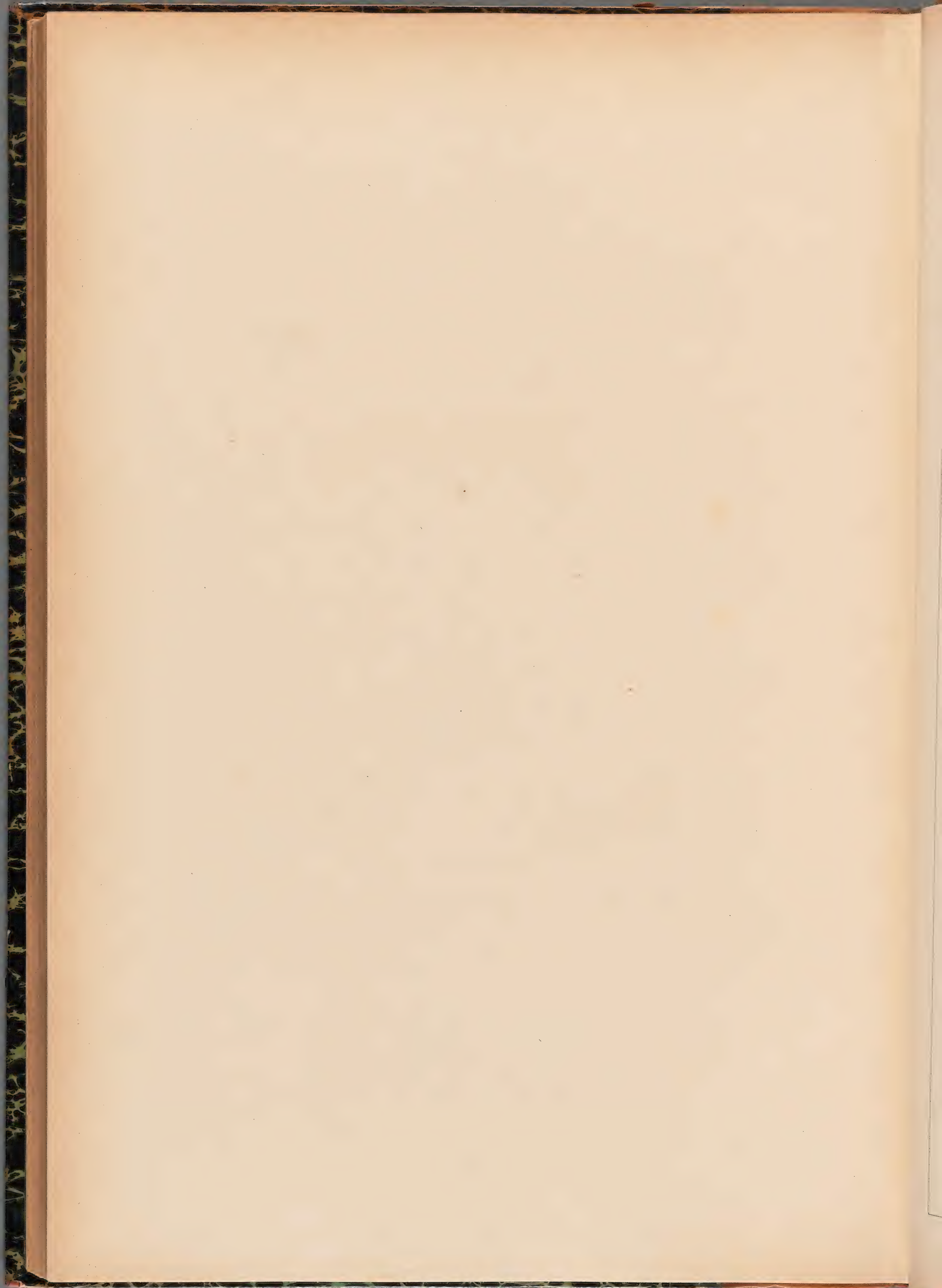


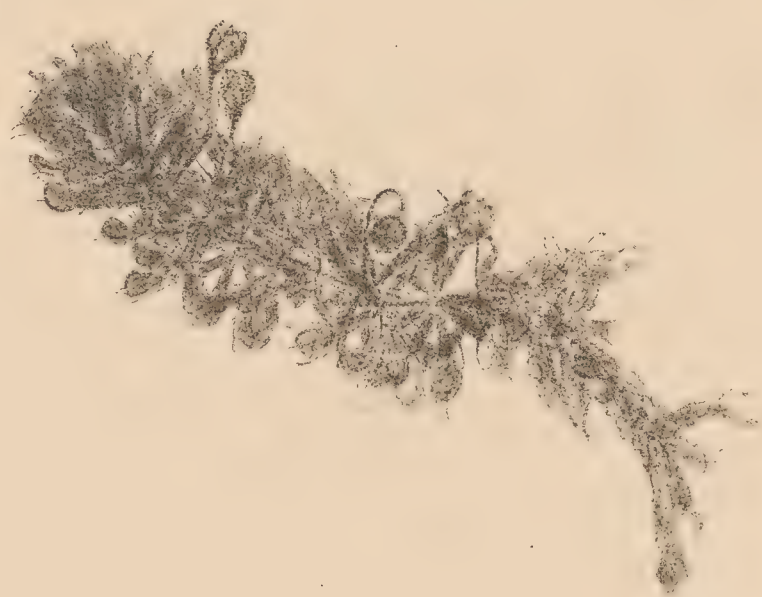
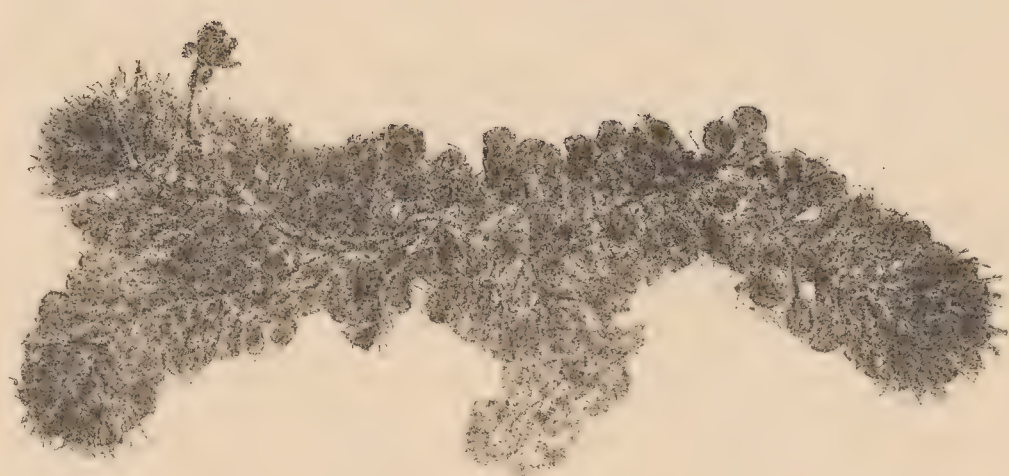
DROSERA LONGIFOLIA. L. ♀





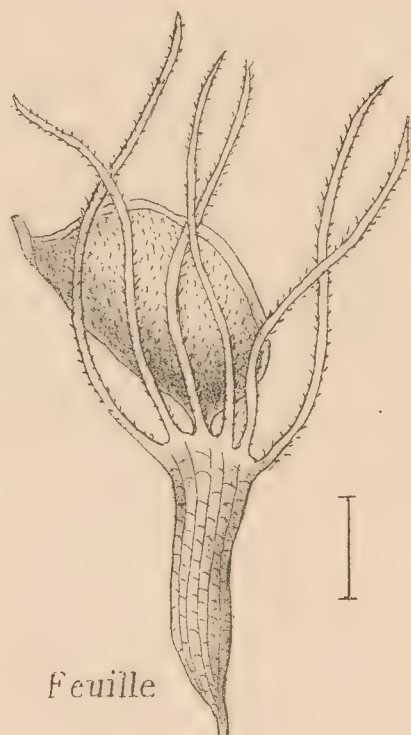
DROSERA INTERMEDIA. GAY. 2





I

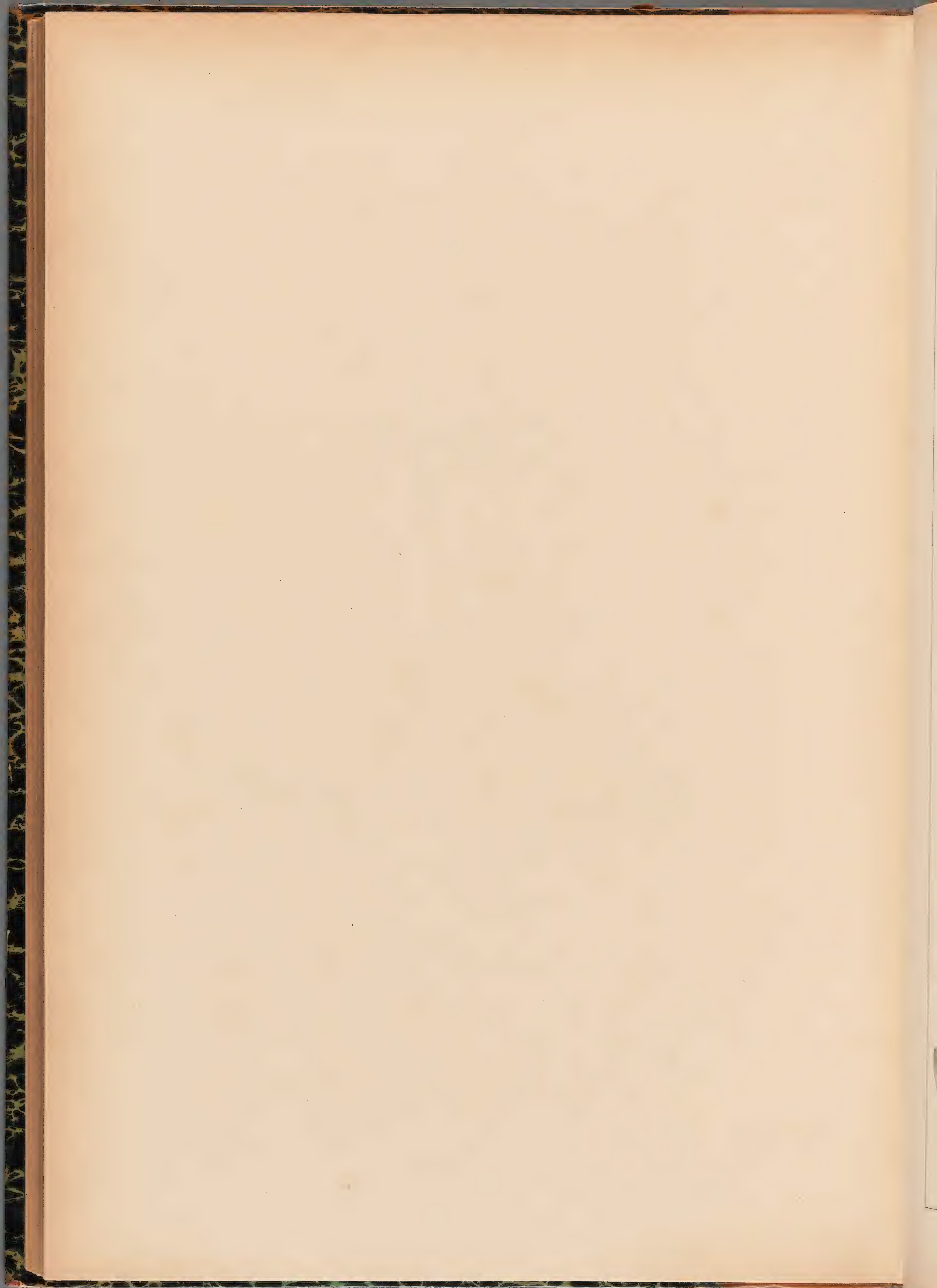
Fl.



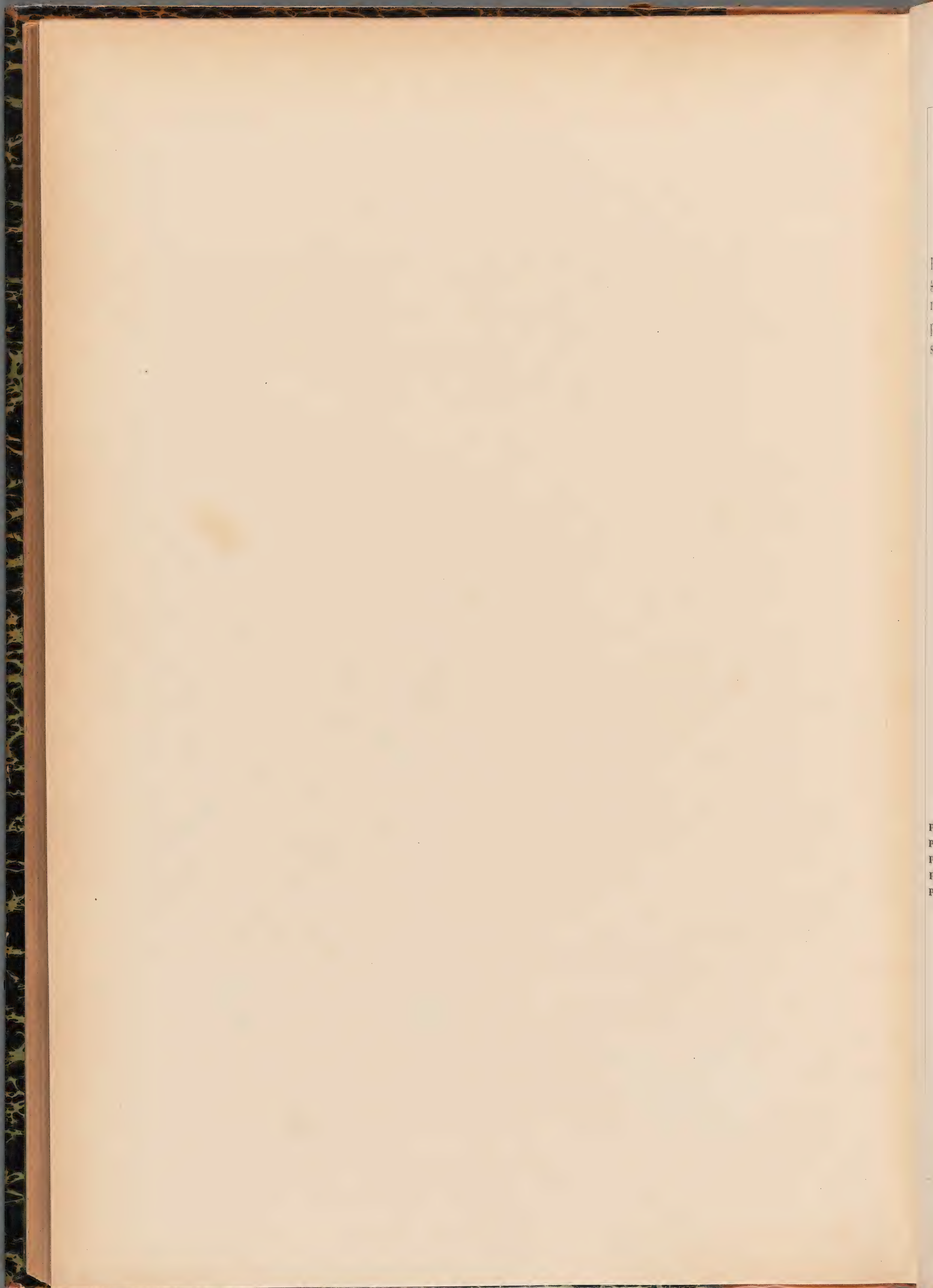
I

Feuille

ALDROVANDA VESICULOSA. L. ①







Famille 12^e. — POLYGALÉES.

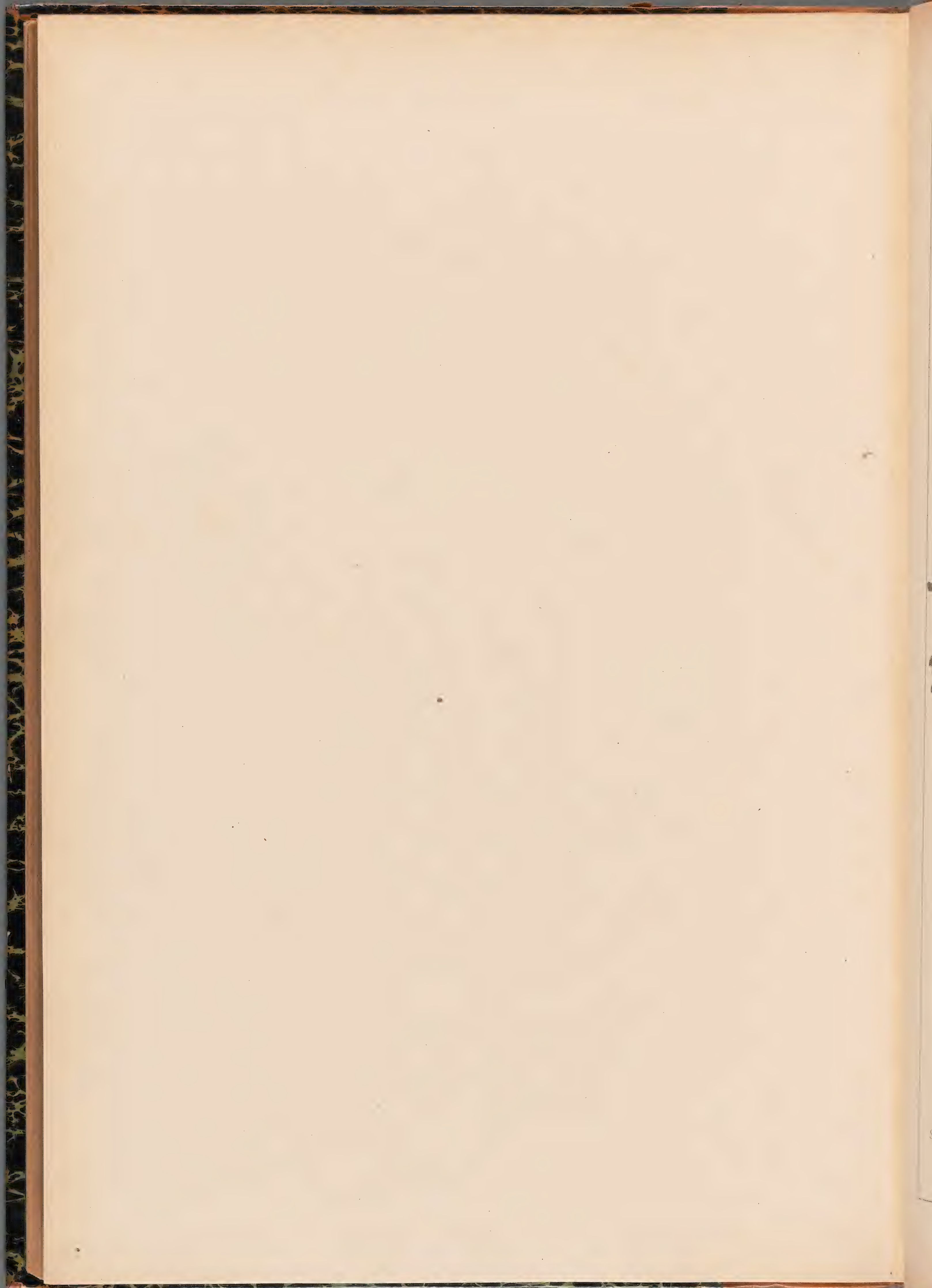
Fleurs irrégulières. Calice à 5 sépales persistants; 2 latéraux grands, pétaloïdes; les 3 autres petits. Pétales 3-5, hypogynes, unis à la base par l'intermédiaire des étamines; l'inférieur plus grand, creusé en casque et surmonté d'une crête; les 2 latéraux très petits ou nuls; les 2 supérieurs moyens, connivents. Etamines 8; à filets unis inférieurement; à anthères uniloculaires, s'ouvrant par un pore terminal. Capitell comprimé, biloculaire, déhiscent par la périphérie; à style bilabié au sommet. Graine unique dans chaque loge, arillée, albuminée, à embryon droit.

Plantes herbacées ou ligneuses; à feuilles ordinairement alternes.



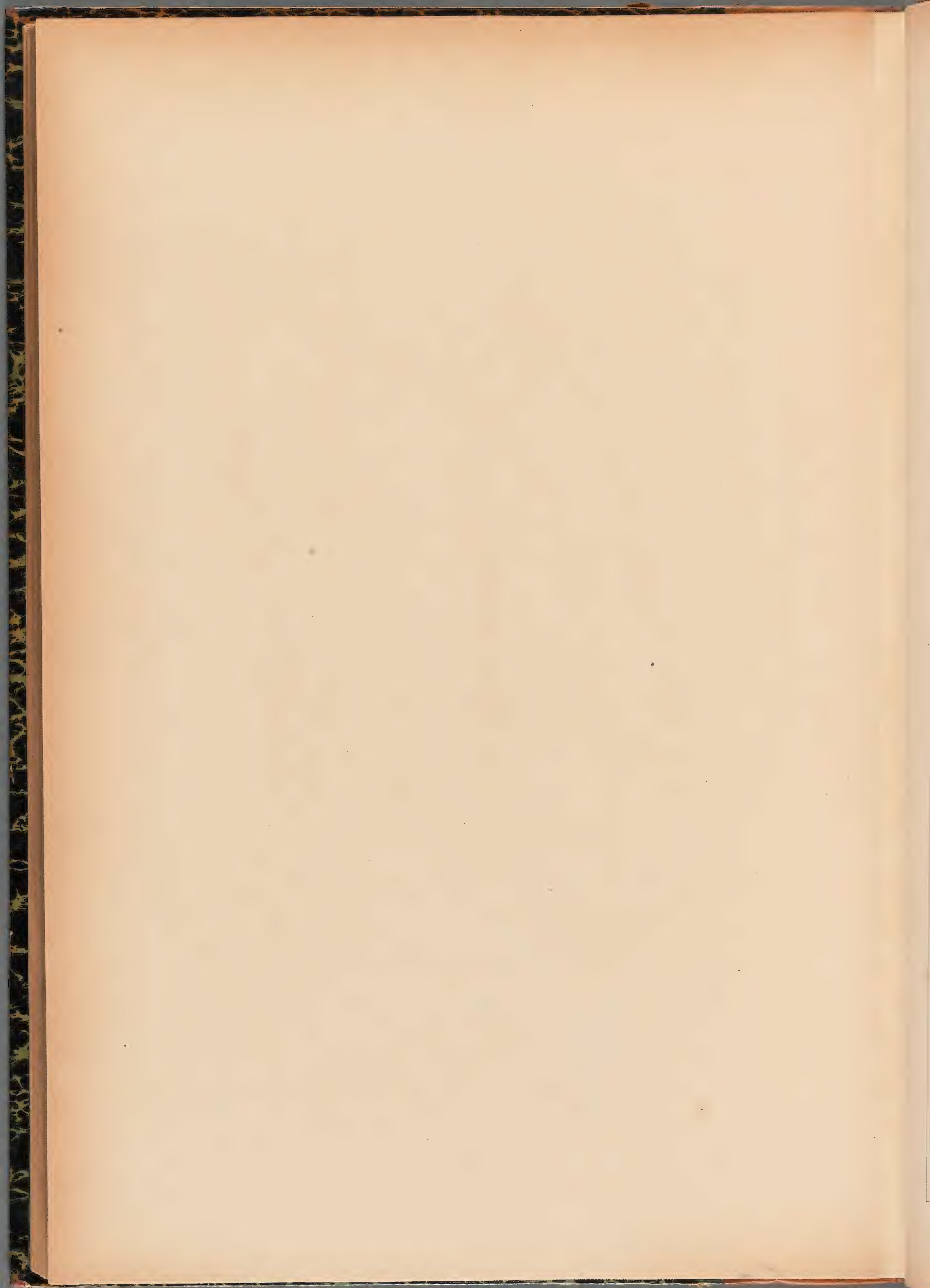
GENRE UNIQUE. — *Polygala*. L. — Caractères de la famille.

<i>P. rosea</i> . Desf. pl.	535	<i>P. calcarea</i> . Sch. pl	540	<i>P. rupestris</i> . Pourr. pl.	545
<i>P. comosa</i> . Schk.	536	<i>P. depressa</i> . Wend.	541	<i>P. monspeliaca</i> . L.	546
<i>P. vulgaris</i> . L.	537	<i>P. amara</i> . Jacq.	542	<i>P. exilis</i> . D. C.	547
<i>P. corsica</i> . Bor.	538	<i>P. alpestris</i> . Rechb.	543	<i>P. Chamæbuxus</i> . L.	548
<i>P. ciliata</i> . Lebel.	539	<i>P. austriaca</i> . Crantz.	544		



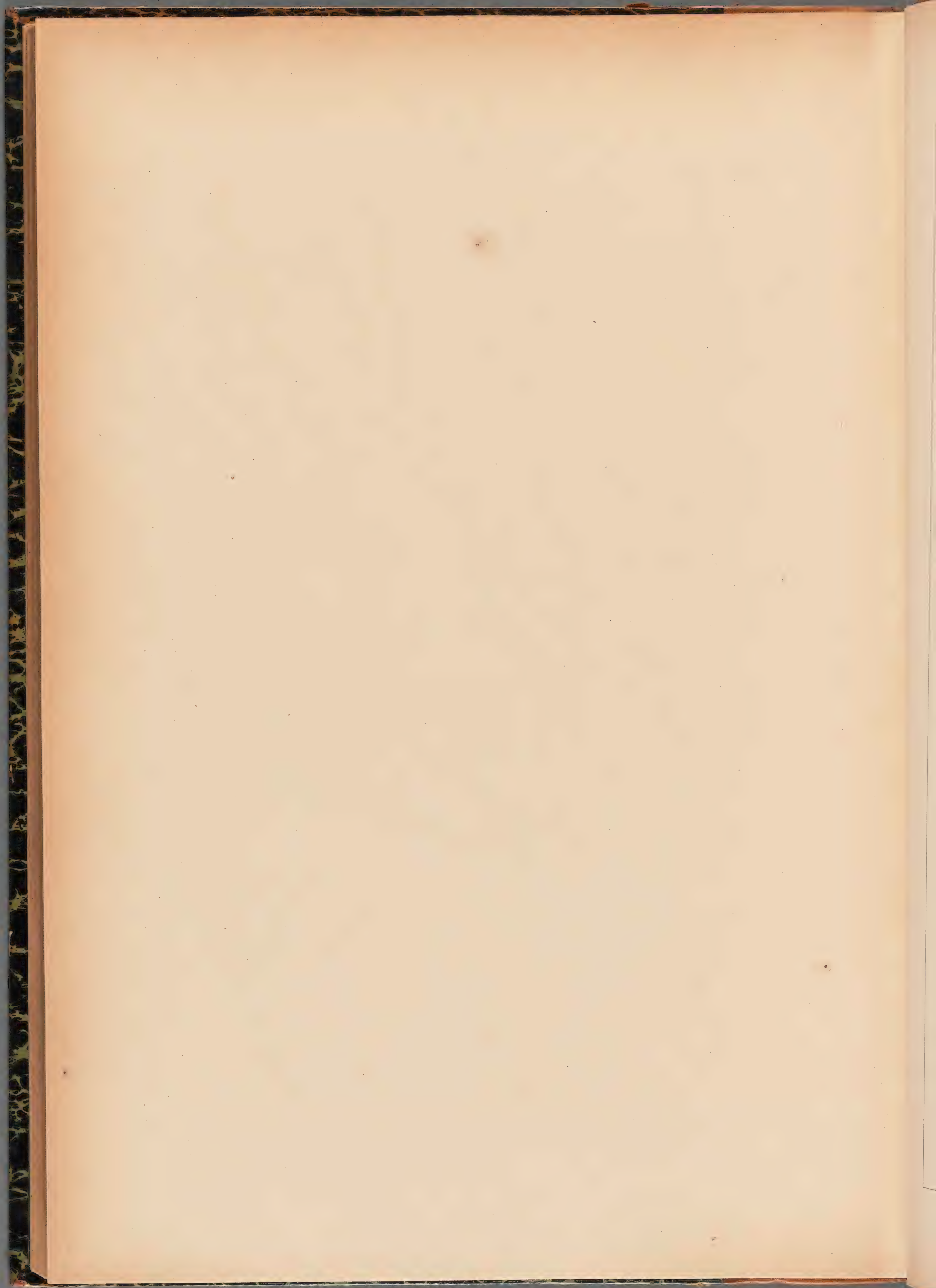


POLYGALA ROSEA. DESF. ♀





POLYGALA COMOSA. SCHK. 2

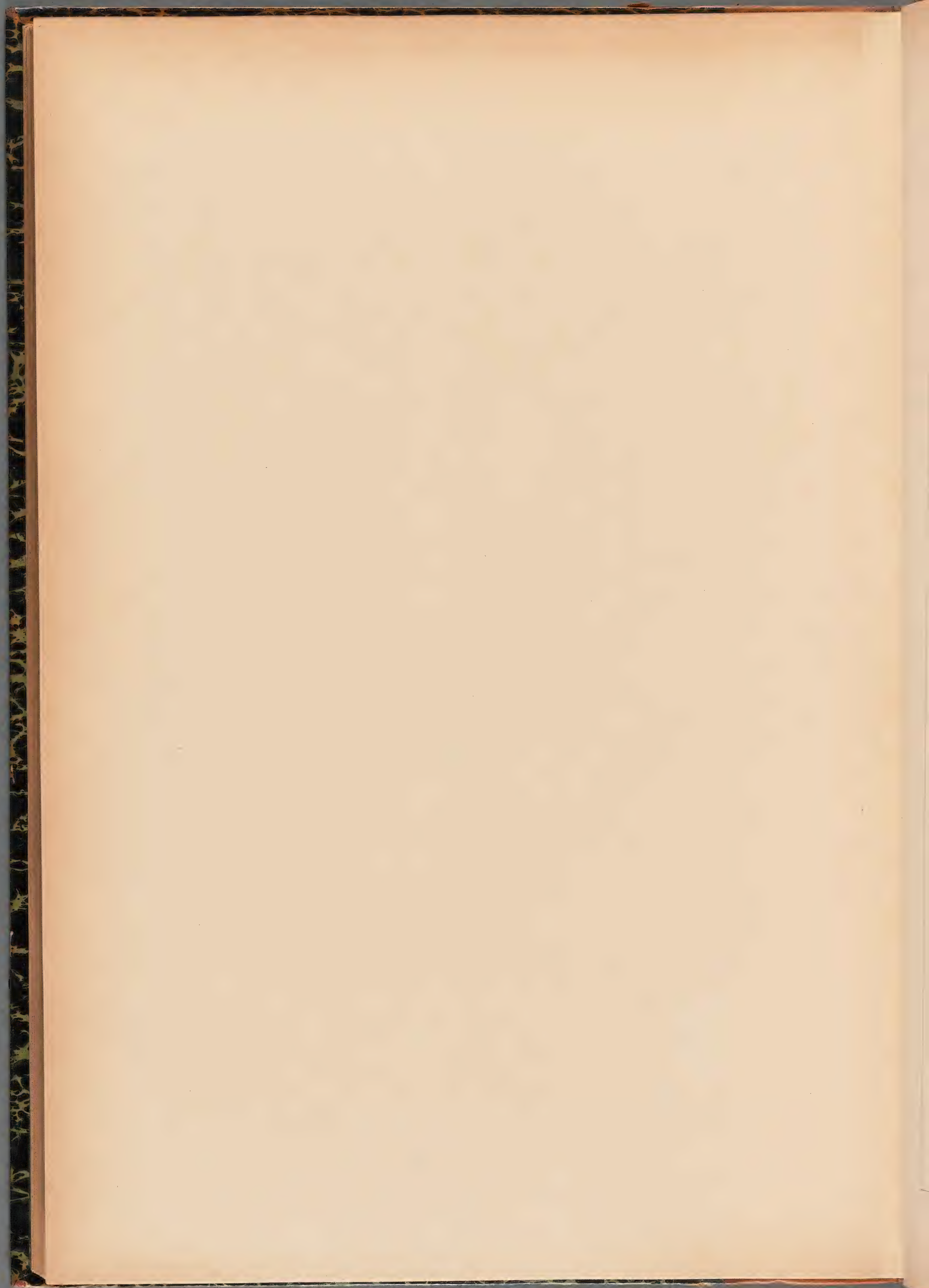




Sép. et Capit.

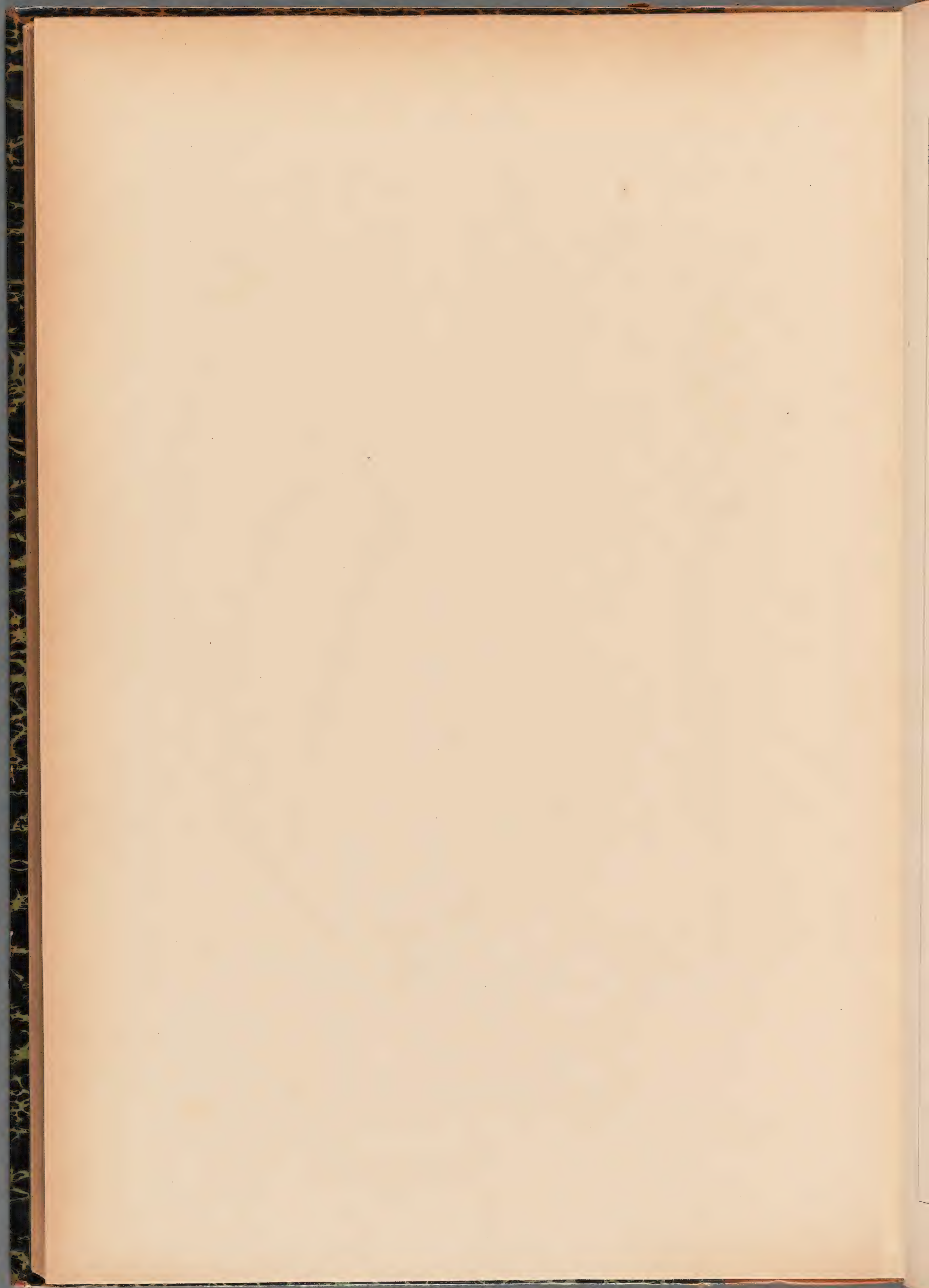
Gr.

POLYGALA VULGARIS. L. 27



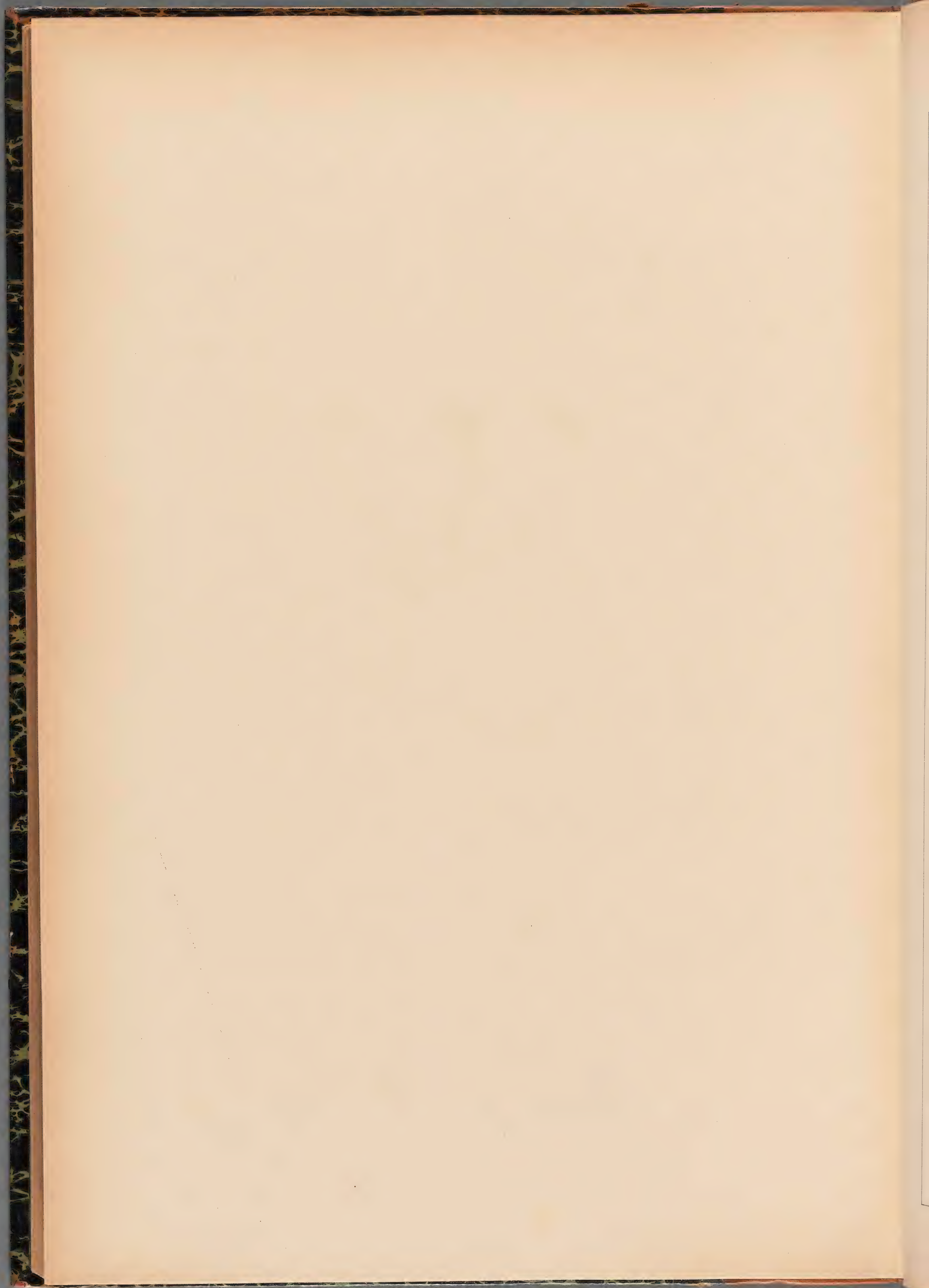


POLYGALA VULGARIS. L. 7





POLYGALA CORSICA. BOR. 2



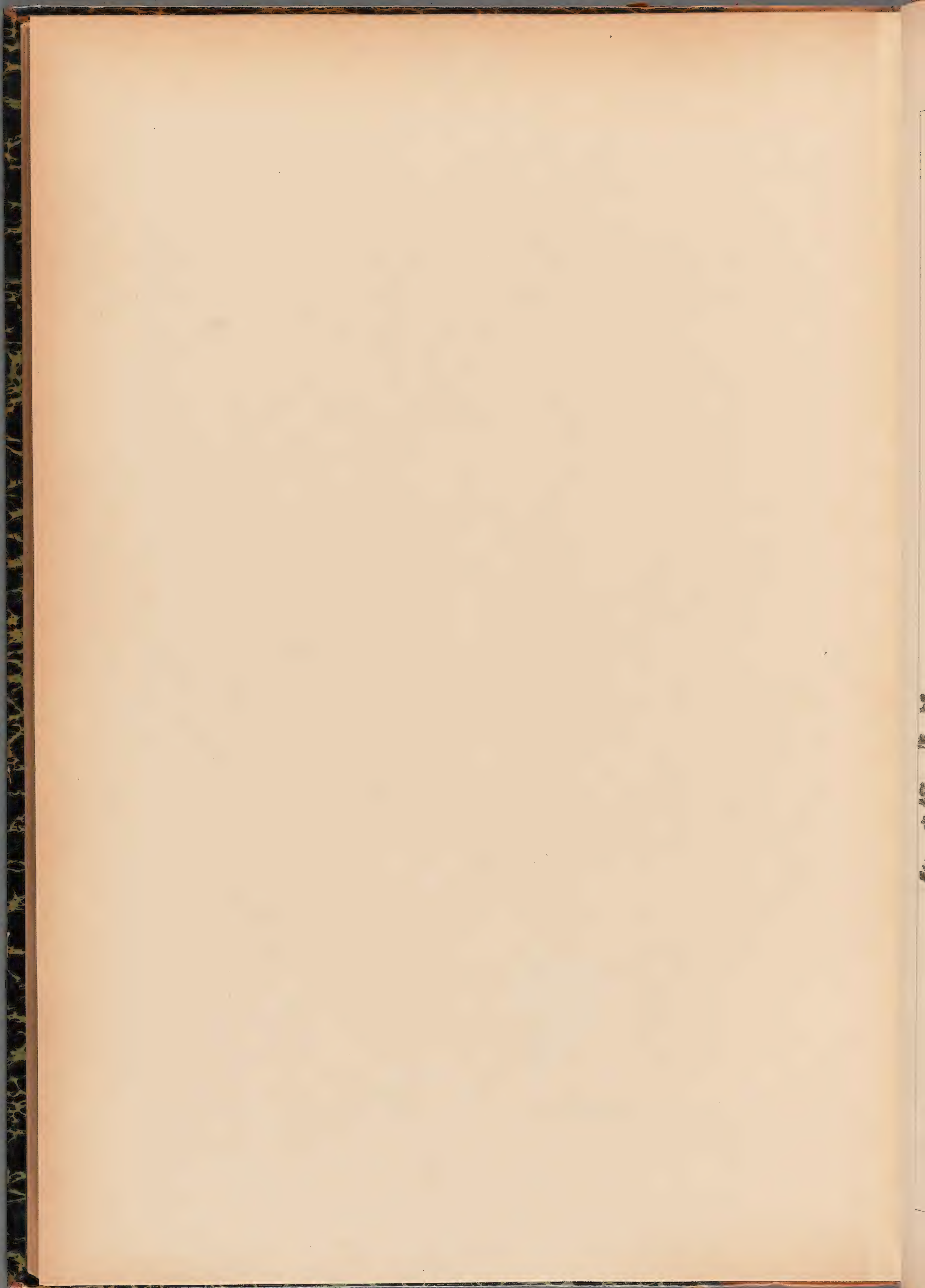


Fl.



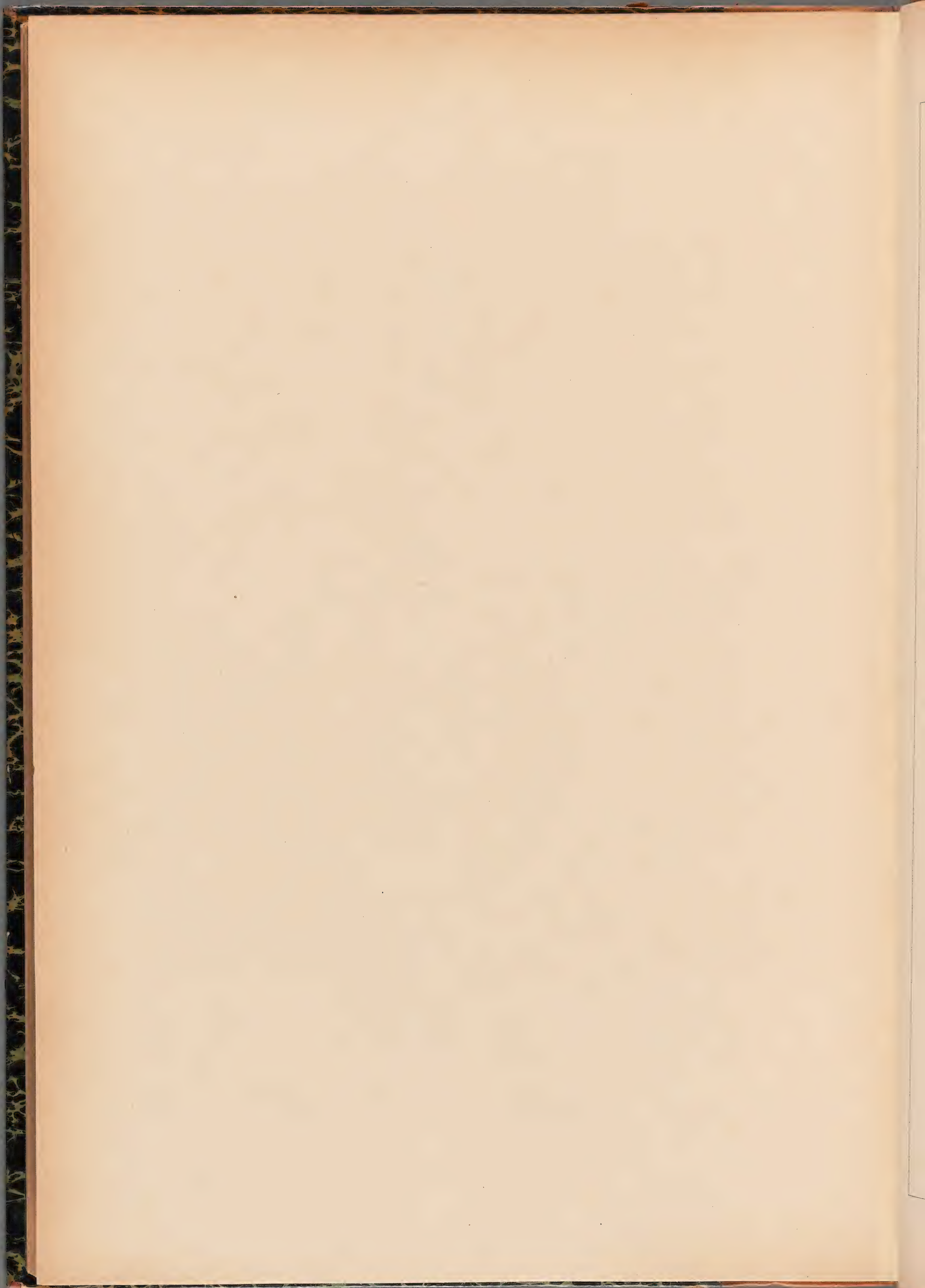
Gr.

POLYGALA CILIATA. LEBEL. 7



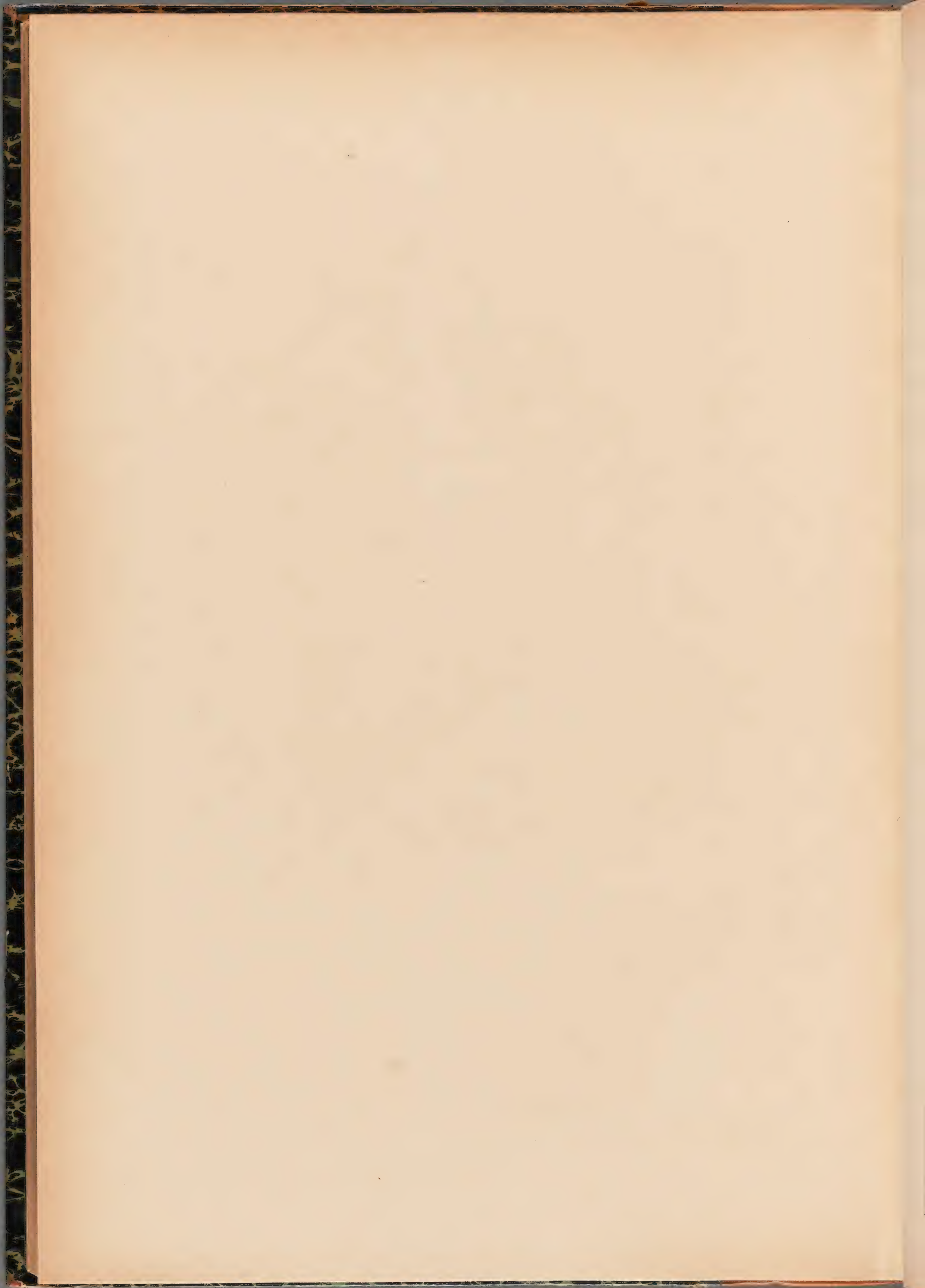


POLYGALA CALCAREA. SCHULTZ. 2





POLYGALA DEPRESSA. WEND. 2



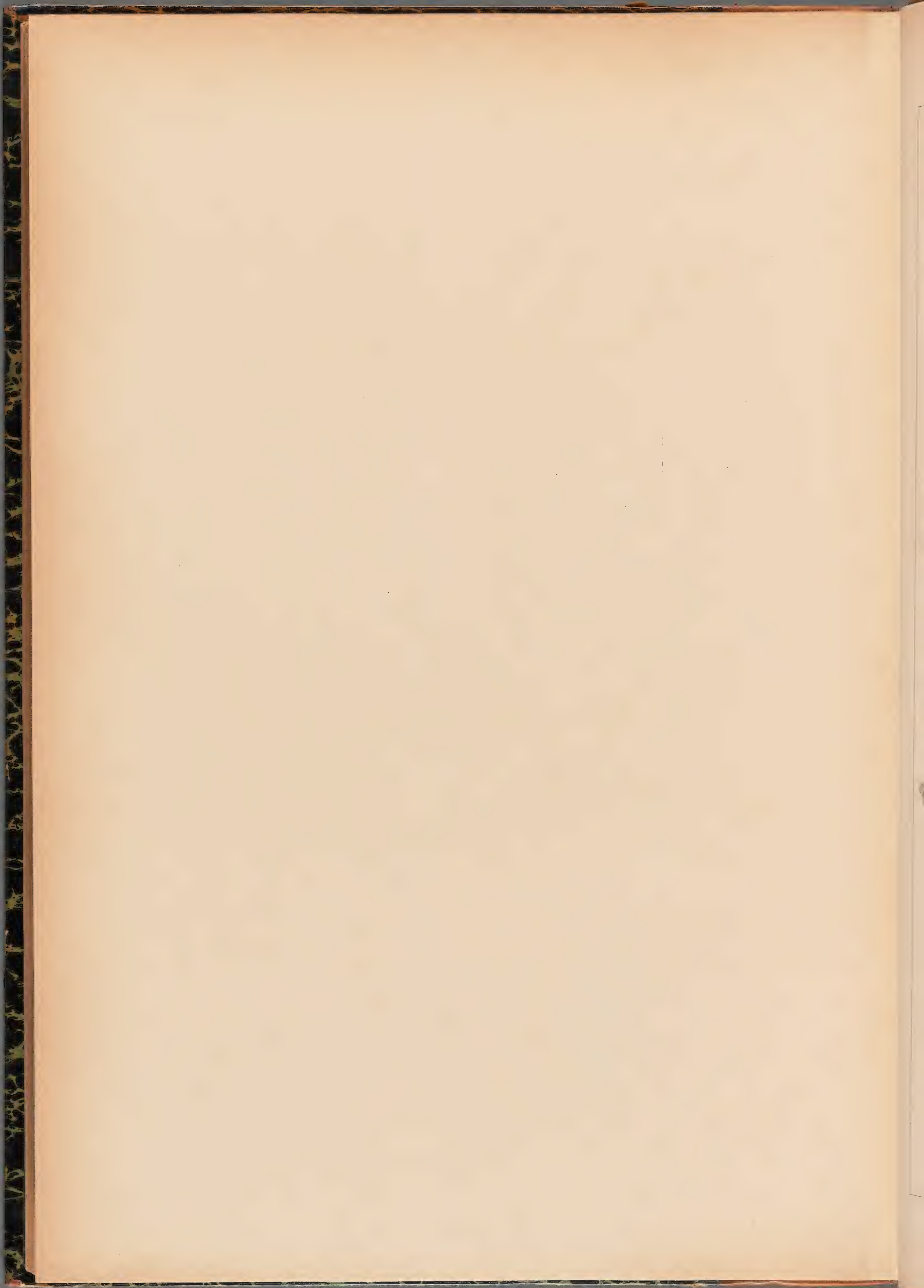


Sép. et Capit.



Gr.

POLYGALA AMARA. JACQ. ② 24





I

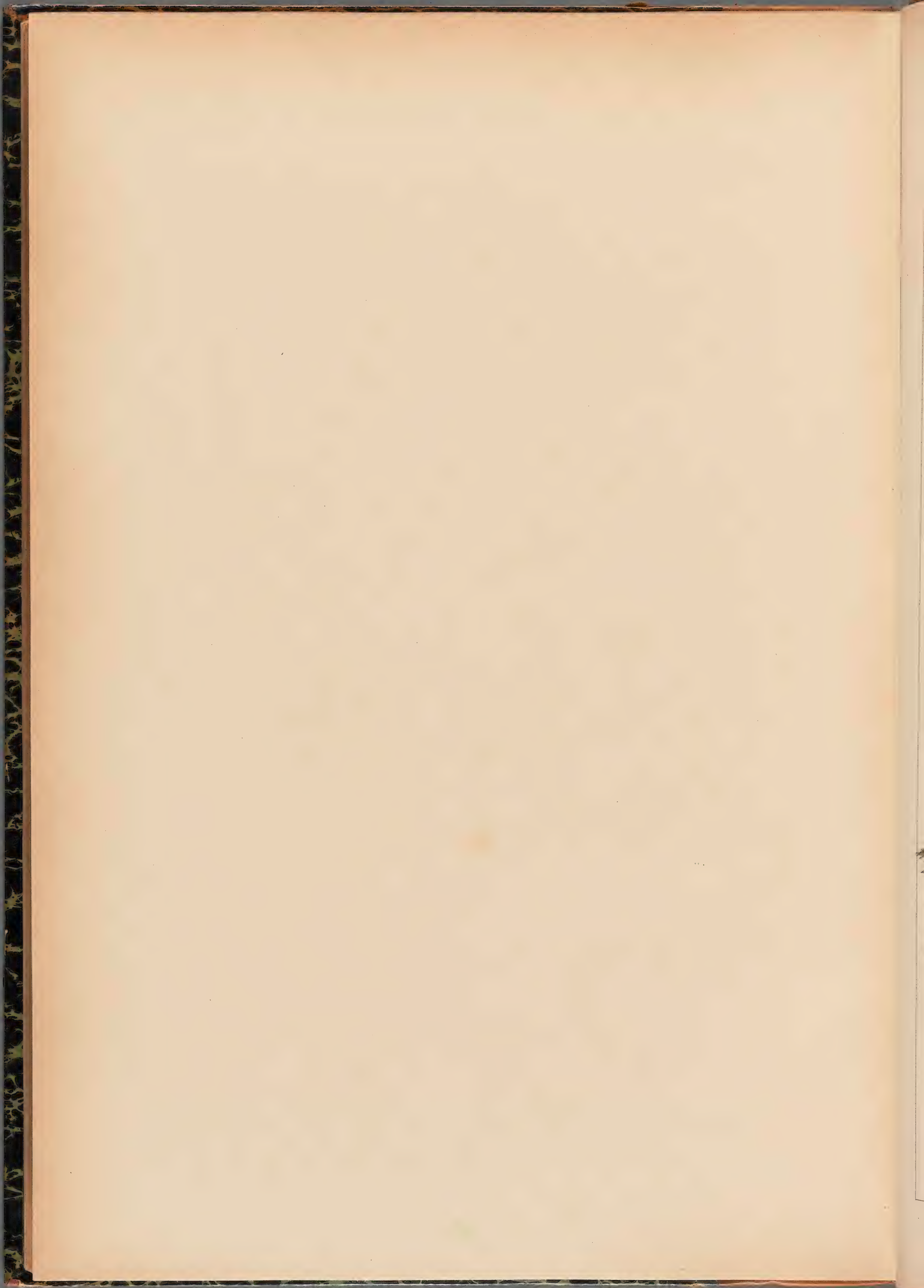
Sép. et Capit.

POLYGALA ALPESTRIS. RCHB. 24





POLYGALA AUSTRIACA. CRANTZ ♀



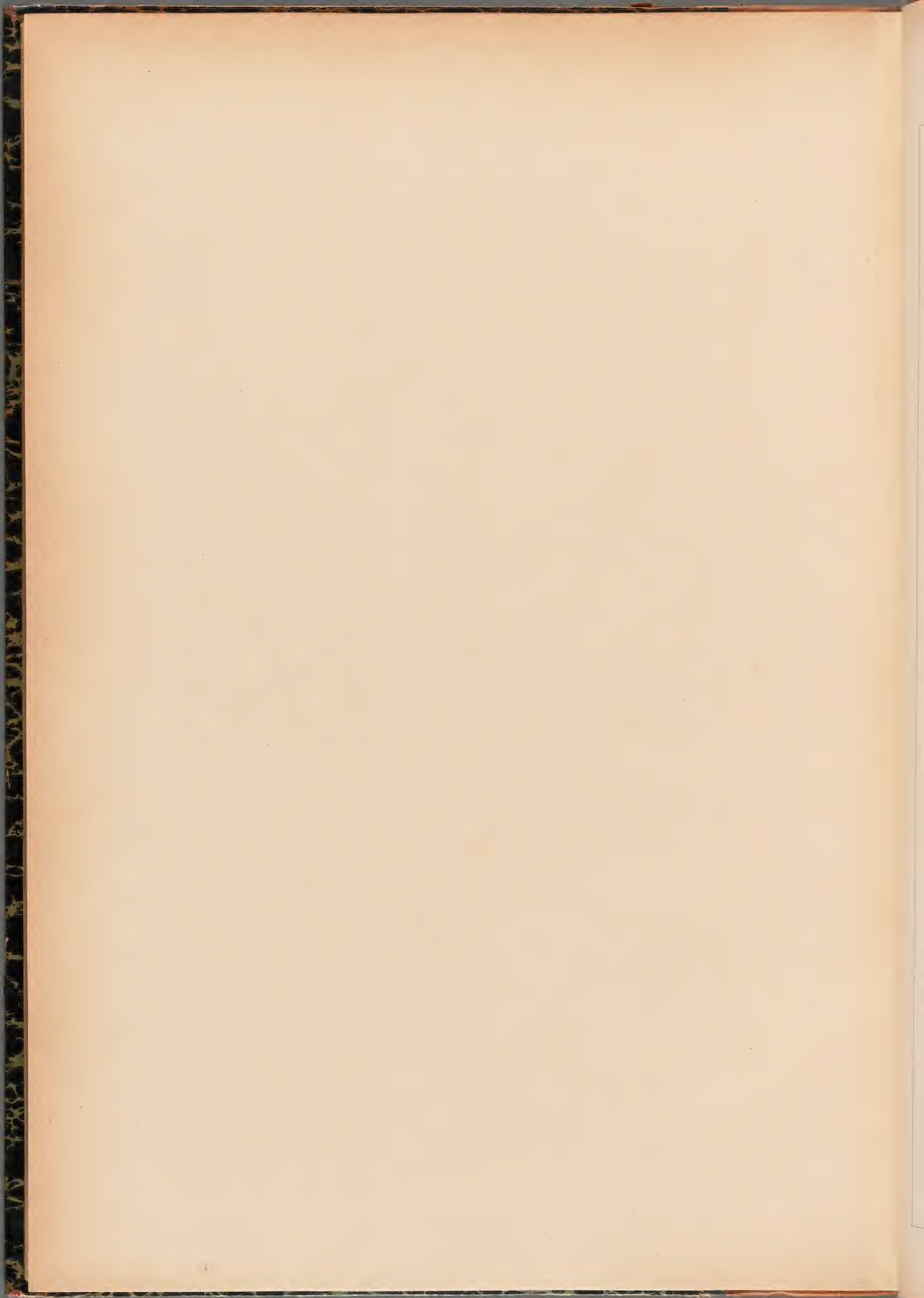


Sép. et Capit.



Gr.

POLYGALA RUPESTRIS. POURR. ♀

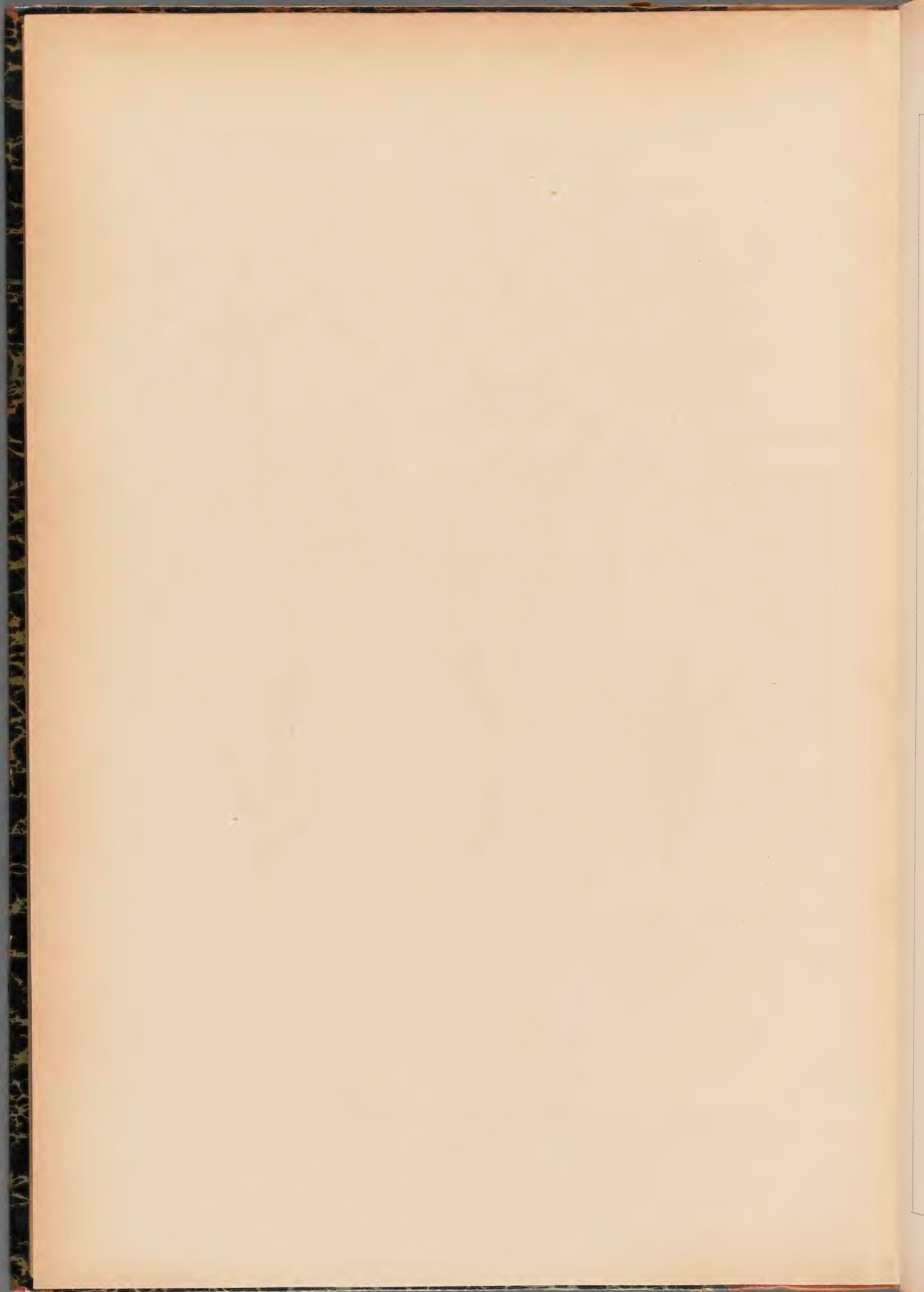




Sép. et Capit.

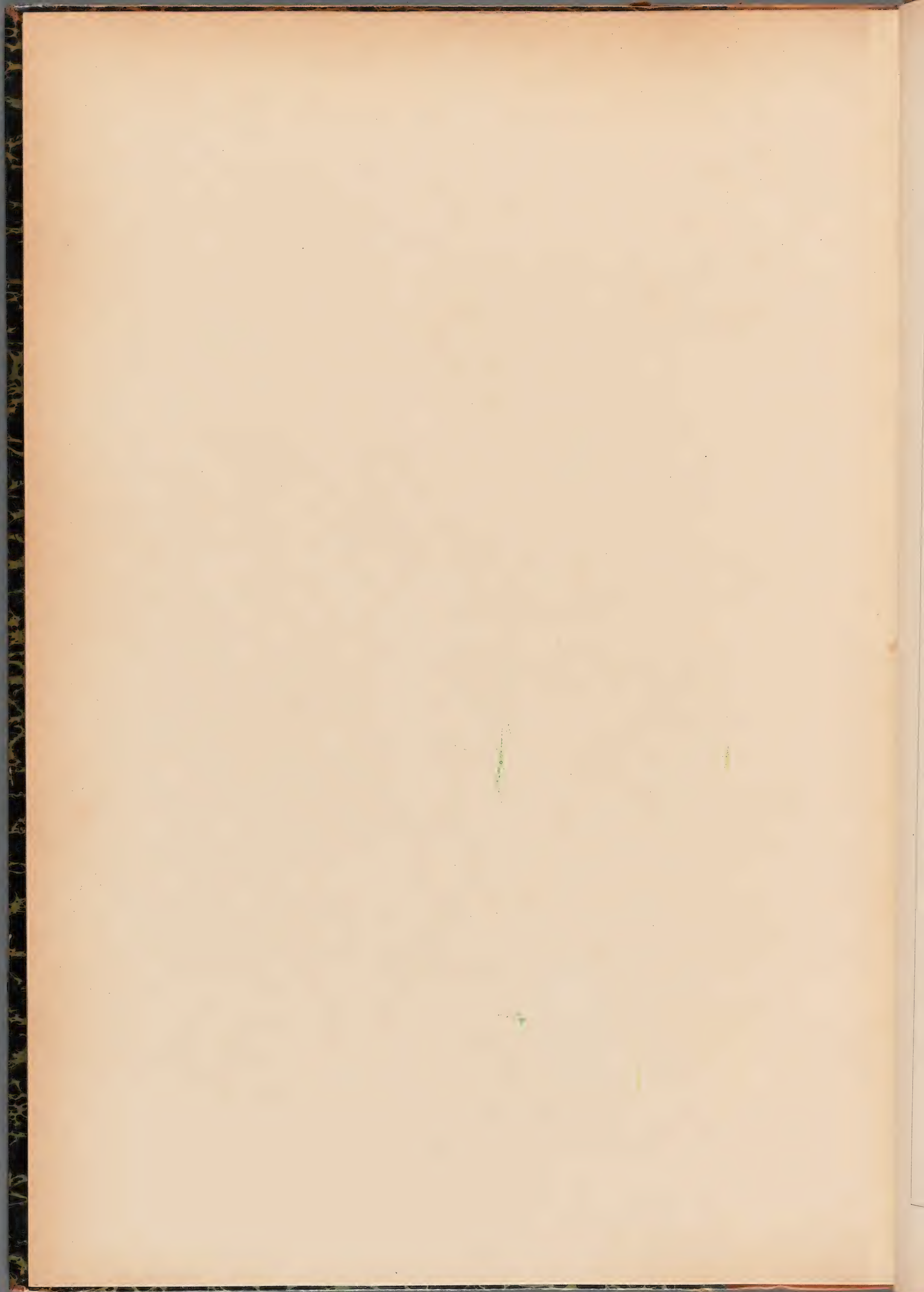
Gr.

POLYGALA MONSPELIACA. D. C. ①



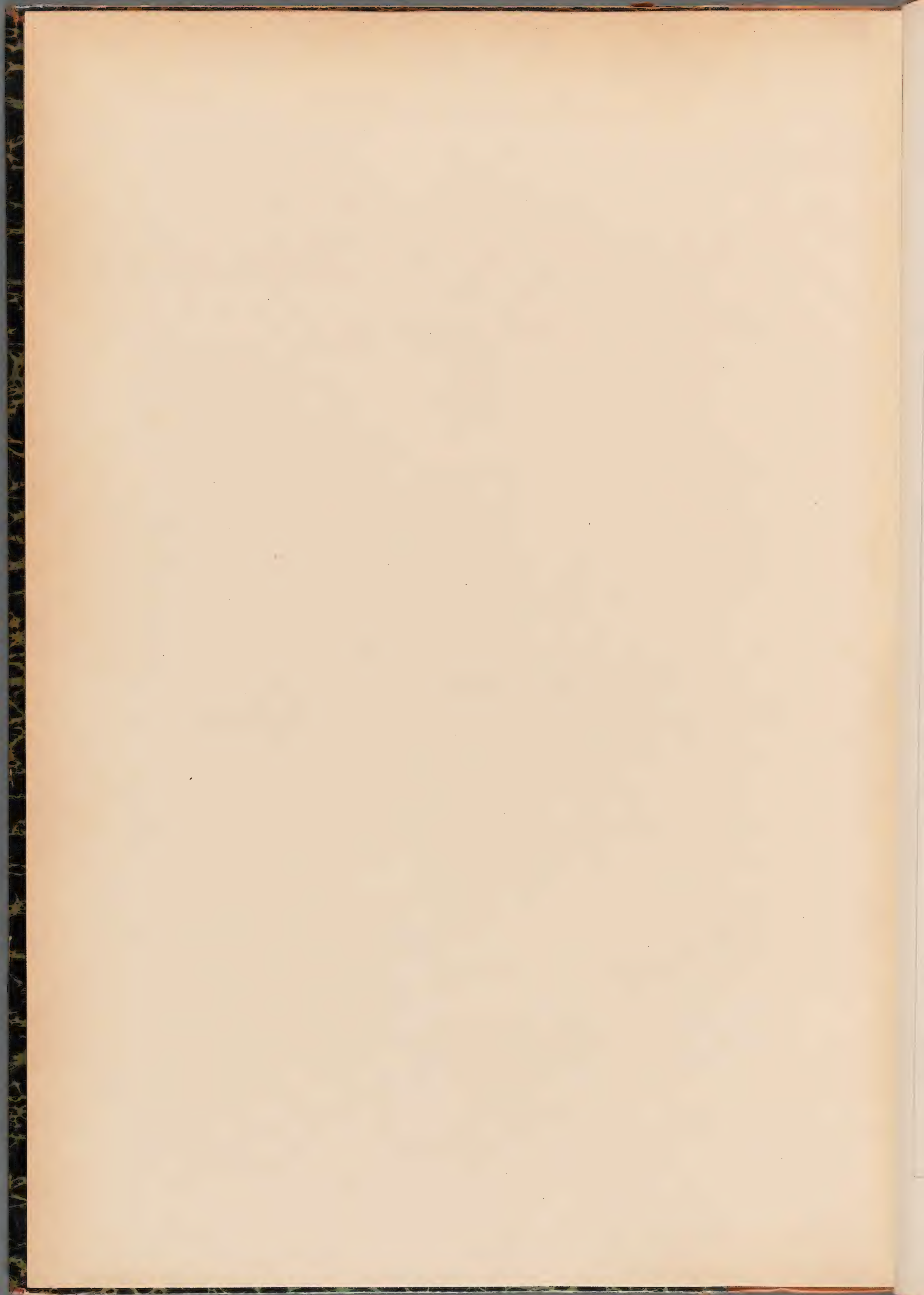


POLYGALA EXILIS. D. C. ①





POLYGALA CHAMÆBUXUS. L. 4 5



Famille 13^e — FRANKÉNIACÉES.

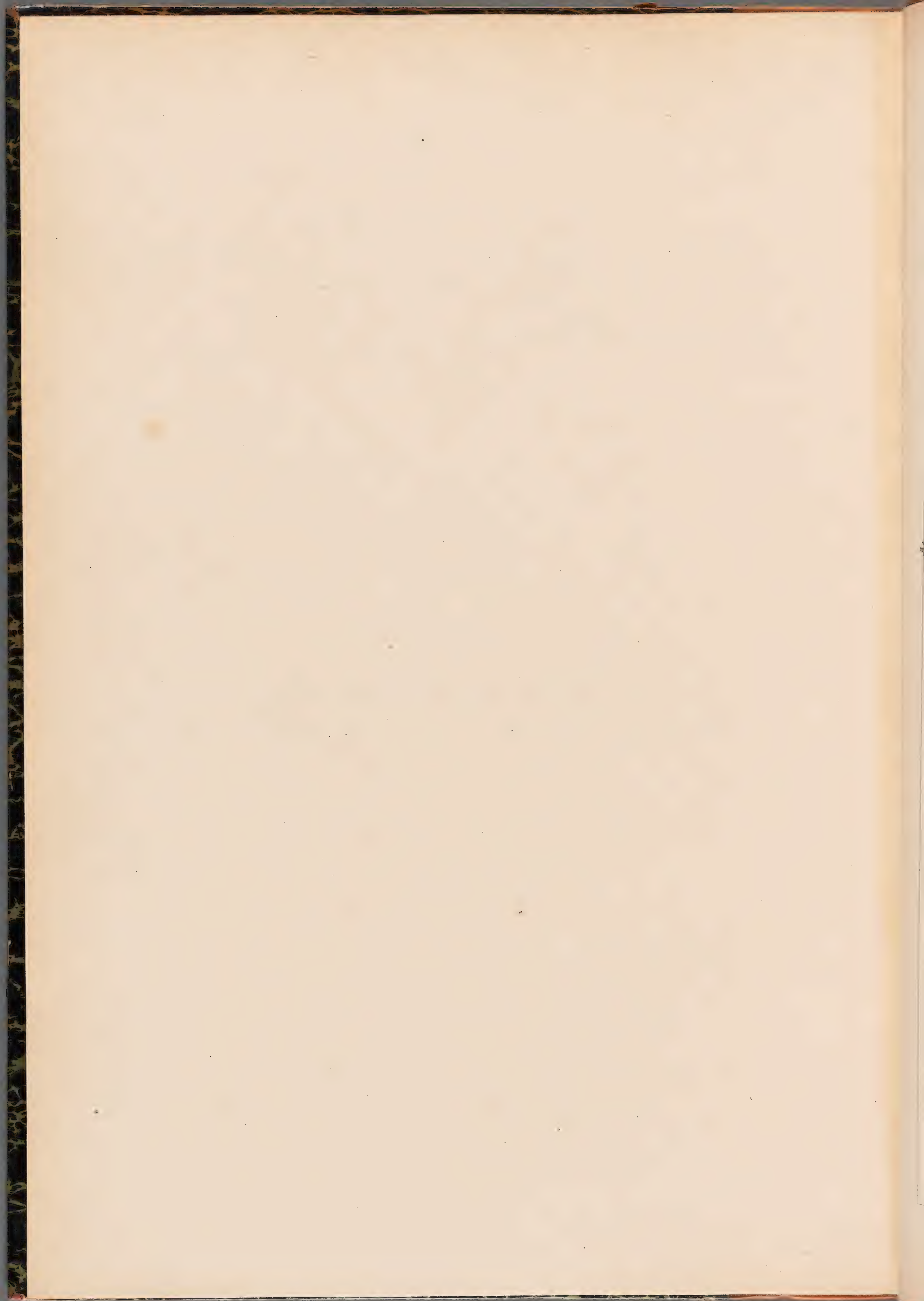
Fleurs régulières. Calice tubuleux, persistant, à 4-5 sépales. Corolle à 4-5 pétales libres, hypogynes. Etamines 4-6 persistantes, à anthères extrorses. Capitule libre, uniloculaire, déhiscent par 3-5 valves séminifères sur leur milieu, à 3-5 placentas pariétaux, à style tripartite. Graines ascendantes, albuminées, à embryon droit.

Plantes herbacées ou ligneuses, à feuilles opposées ou alternes.



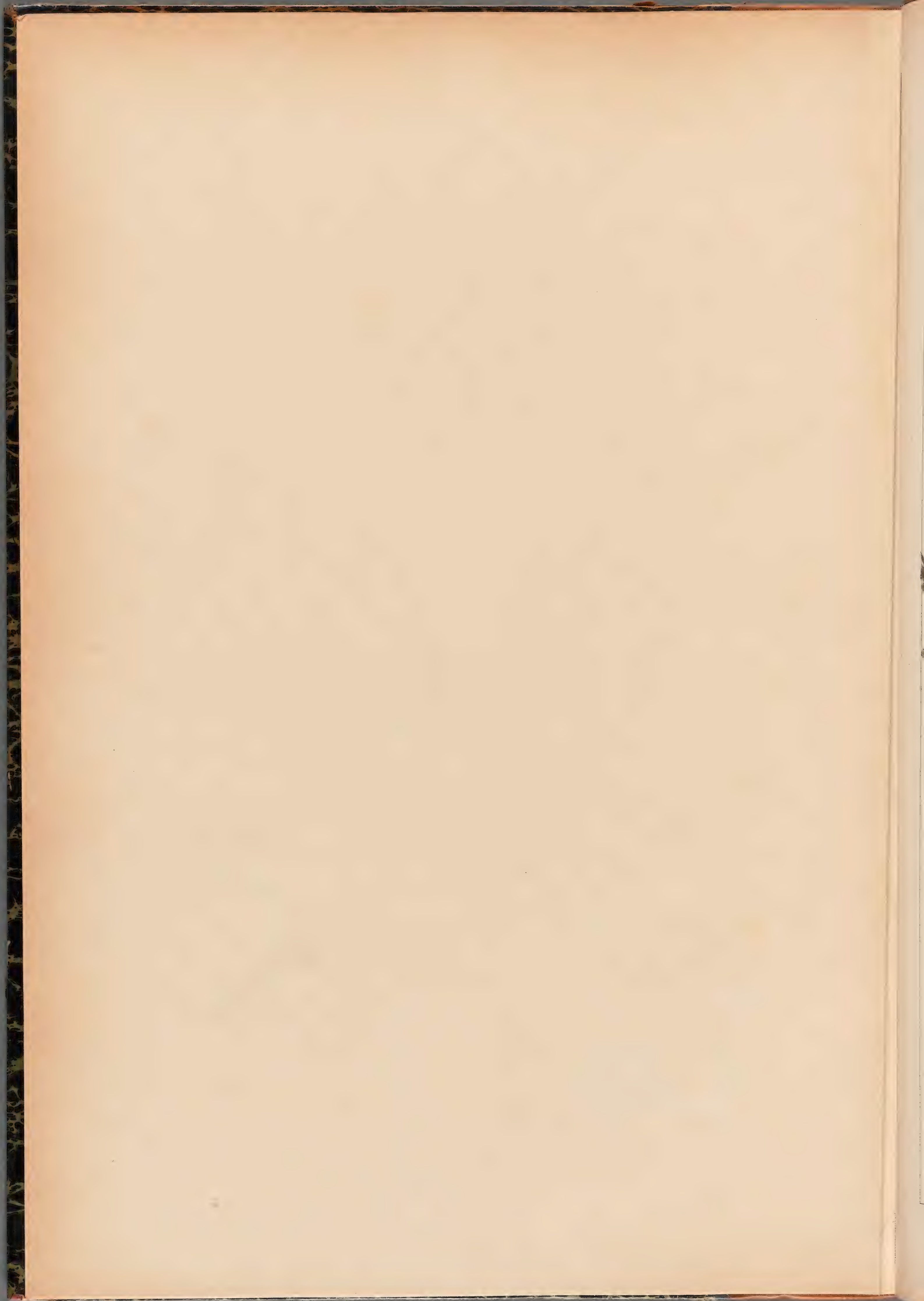
GENRE UNIQUE. — *Frankenia*. L. — Caractères de la famille.

F. pulverulenta. L. pl. 549 | *F. laevis*. L. pl. 550 | *F. intermedia*. D. C. pl. 551



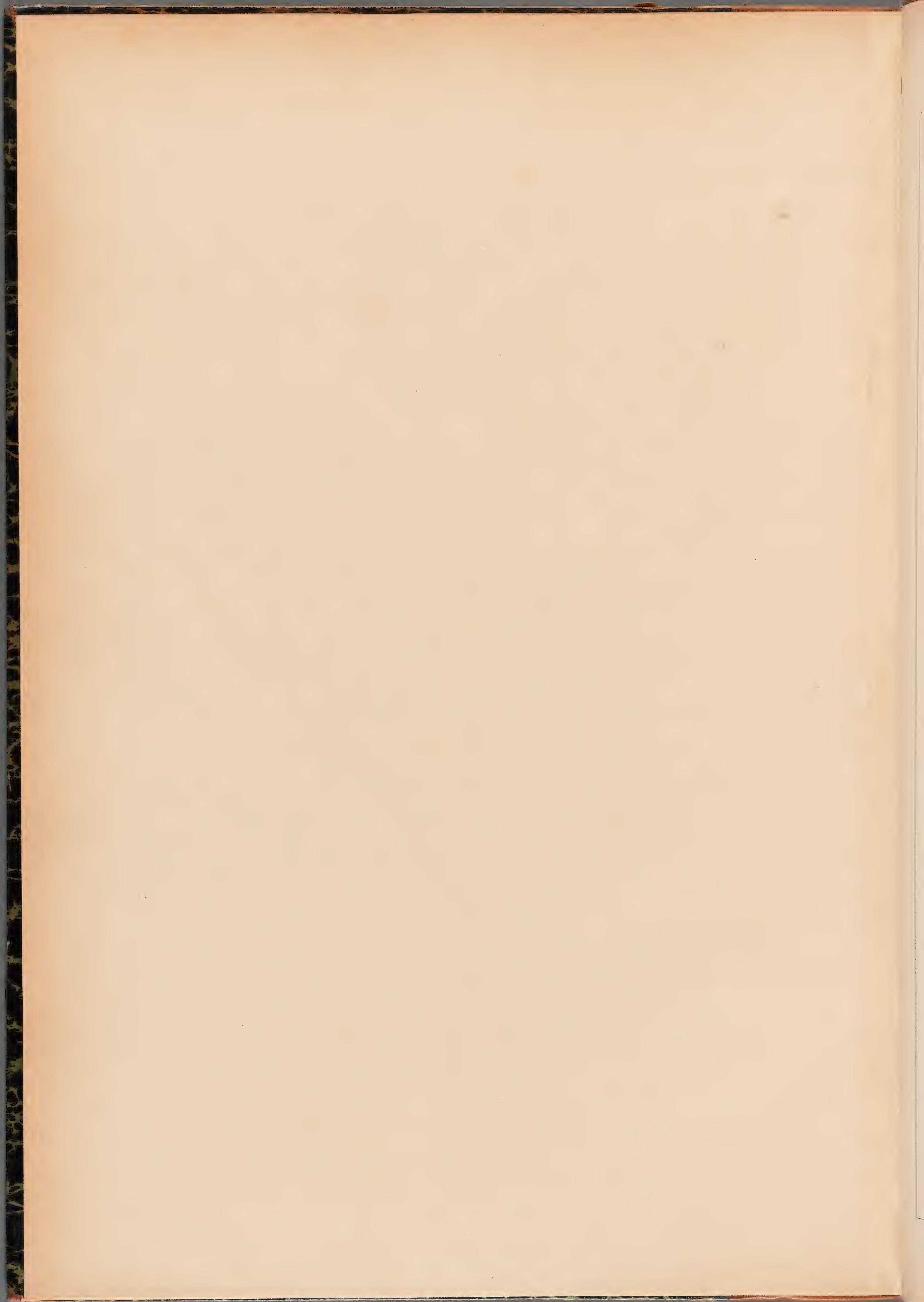


FRANKENIA PULVERULENTA. L. ①





FRANKENIA LAEVIS . L. 2





FRANKENIA INTERMEDIA. D. C. ♀

